

Treaty Series No. 63 (1985)

FOURTH SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS, WITHDRAWALS, ETC. FOR 1985

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 56 (1985), Cmnd. 9654]

Presented to Parliament
by the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs
by Command of Her Majesty
June 1986

LONDON
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
£3.40 net

Cmnd. 9792

FOURTH SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS, WITHDRAWALS, ETC. FOR 1985

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 56 (1985), Cmnd. 9654]

N.B. Unless otherwise stated, the dates given herein are the dates of deposit of the ratifications, etc. and are not necessarily effective dates, which must normally be determined from the terms of the treaties concerned.

Declarations, reservations etc. are given only in English, being either the texts of the originals or, alternatively, translations from foreign language texts. In the latter case, the translations given are not in all cases official or authoritative; for an authoritative statement, the foreign language text of the original should be consulted.

This publication contains information received up to 31 December, 1985.

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
ANIMALS		
European Convention for the Protection of Animals kept for Farming Purposes	Strasbourg, 10 Mar., 1976	70/1979 Cmnd. 7684
Signature— Spain	8 Nov., 1985	
ATOMIC ENERGY		
Convention Supplementary to the Paris Convention of 29 July, 1960 on Third Party Liability in the Field of Nuclear Energy	Brussels, 31 Jan., 1963	44/1975 Cmnd. 5948
Additional Protocol	Paris, 28 Jan., 1964	
Ratification— Belgium	20 Aug., 1985	
AVIATION		
Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation	Montreal, 23 Sept., 1971	10/1974 Cmnd. 5524
Accession in Washington— Malaysia	4 May, 1985	
Note— By a Note of 6 August 1985 the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland communicated to the Government of the United States of America the following regarding the reservation made by Venezuela on ratification of the Convention on 21 November 1983 (See Treaty Series No. 30 (1985), Cmnd. 9559 p. 4) "The Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland do not regard as valid the reservation made by the Government of the Republic of Venezuela insofar as it purports to limit the obligation under Article 7 of the Convention to submit the case against an offender to the competent authorities of the State for the purpose of prosecution."		

	<u> </u>	
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
CARIBBEAN DEVELOPMENT BANK		
Agreement establishing the Caribbean Development Bank with Protocol to Provide for Procedure for Amendment of Article 36 of the Agreement	Kingston, 18 Oct., 1969	36/1970 Cmnd. 4358
Note— By Resolution No. 3/85 of 15 May 1985, the Board of Governors of the Caribbean Development Bank, at its fifteenth annual meeting held in Barbados on 15 and 16 May 1985, adopted the following amendments to Articles 25, 33, 34, 35, and 57 of the Agreement: (a) the deletion from Article 25 thereof of the words "a Vice-President" and the substitution therefor of the words "one or more Vice-Presidents"; (b) the deletion from paragraph 5 of Article 33 and from		
(c) the deletion from paragraph 3 of Article 33 and from Article 57 thereof of the word "the" immediately preceding the word "Vice-President" and the substitution therefor of the word "each"; (c) the deletion of the whole of Article 34 thereof and the substitution therefor of the following: "ARTICLE 34		
THE VICE-PRESIDENTS 1. One or more Vice-Presidents shall be appointed by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the President. Each Vice-President shall hold office for such term, exercise such authority and perform such functions in the administration of the Bank as may be determined by the Board of Directors. In the absence or incapacity of the President, or while that office is vacant, the Vice-President or, if there be more than one, the ranking Vice-President shall exercise the authority and perform the functions of the President. 2. Each Vice-President may participate in meetings of the Board of Directors but shall have no vote at such meetings, except that the Vice-President or the ranking Vice-President, as the case may be, shall cast the deciding vote when acting in place of the President. (a) the deletion from paragraph 2 of the Article 35 thereof of the word "Vice-President" and the substitution therefor of the word "Vice-President" and the substitution therefor of the word "Vice-President" and the substitution immediately before the word "Vice-President" and the substitution therefor of the word "Vice-President" and the		·
CONSERVATION Convention on Wetlands of International Importance	Adopted Ramsar, Iran	34/1976
especially as Waterfowl Habitat	2 Feb., 1971 22 July 1985	Cmnd. 6465
*The wetland below was designated by Suriname, in accordance with Article 2 of the Convention, for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance drawn up under the Convention: "Nature Reserve Coppename Rivermouth."		

RATIFICATIONS, ETC	·	-
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
CULTURAL PROPERTY		
Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage		2/1985 Cmnd. 9424
Acceptance— Hungary	15 July, 1985	:
CUSTOMS		}
Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials		42/1954 Cmd. 9185
Accession— San Marino	30 July, 1985	
Note— With reference to Switzerland's Ratification of the above Agreement on 7 April 1953; the Secretary-General of the United Nations, upon receipt of confirmation from the Government of Liechtenstein in this respect, wishes to confirm that the said Ratification also applies to Liechtenstein.		
Protocol to the Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials	New York, 1 Mar., 1977	33/1984 Cmnd. 9217
Accession— San Marino	30 July, 1985	!
Convention on the Valuation of Goods for Customs Purposes (for amendment see Treaty Series No. 47 (1972), Cmnd. 4961)	Brussels. 15 Dec., 1950	49/1954 Cmd. 9233
Accession— Israel	26 Feb., 1981	
Withdrawals— Korea, Republic of Portugal	Effective dates 28 Apr., 1982 24 July, 1982	
International Convention to facilitate the importation of Commercial Samples and Advertising Material	Geneva, 7 Nov., 1952	81/1955 Cmd. 9644
Note— With reference to Switzerland's Accession to the above Convention on 4 December 1954; the Secretary-General of the United Nations, upon receipt of confirmation from the Government of Liechtenstein in this respect, wishes to confirm that the said Accession also applies to Liechtenstein.		
Convention concerning Customs Facilities for Touring	New York, 4 June, 1954	70/1957 Cmnd. 308
Additional Protocol to the Convention concerning Customs Facilities for Touring, relating to the Importation of Tourist Publicity Documents and Material		
Note— With reference to Switzerland's ratification of the above Convention and Additional Protocol, on 23 May 1956; the Secretary-General of the United Nations, upon receipt of confirmation from the Government of Liechtenstein in this respect, wishes to confirm that the said ratifications also apply to Liechtenstein.		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
CUSTOMS (continued)		
Customs Convention on the Temporary Importation of Private Road Vehicles	New York., 4 June, 1954	1/1959 Cmnd. 602
Note— With reference to Switzerland's ratification of the above Convention on 23 May 1956; the Secretary-General of the United Nations, upon receipt of confirmation from the Government of Liechtenstein in this respect, wishes to confirm that the said ratification also applies to Liechtenstein.	·	
Customs Convention on the Temporary Importation of Packings	Brussels, 6 Oct., 1960	77/1978 Cmnd. 7299
Accession— Kenya	31 Aug., 1983	
European Convention on Customs Treatment of Pallets used in International Transport	Geneva, 9 Dec., 1960	10/1963 Cmnd. 1938
Note— With reference to Switzerland's ratification of the above Convention (see Treaty Series No. 63 (1963) Cmnd 2132, p.4); the Secretary-General of the United Nations, upon receipt of confirmation from the Government of Liechtenstein in this respect, wishes to confirm that the said ratification also applies to Liechtenstein.		
Customs Convention on the Temporary Importation of Scientific Equipment	Brussels, 11 June, 1968	127/1969 Cmnd. 4238
Accessions—— Kenya	31 Aug., 1983 10 June, 1982	
International Convention on the Simplification and Harmonization of Customs Procedures	Kyoto, 18 May, 1973	36/1975 Cmnd, 5938
Accepting Annex A.I with reservation in respect of practice 12; for Annex B.3 with reservation in respect of practice 26; for Annex C.I with reservation in respect of standard 14; for Annex E.3 with reservation in respect of practice 9; for Annex E.4 with reservations in respect of practices 3 and 14; for Annex F.4 with reservations in respect of practices 23 and 24; for Annex F.5 with reservations in respect of standards 12, 15, 16, 21, 23 and practice 25; for Annex F.6 with reservation in respect of practice 10.	31 Aug., 1983	
Customs Convention on the International Transport of Goods under Cover of TIR Carnets	Geneva, 14 Nov., 1975	56/1983 Cmnd. 9032
Note— With reference to Switzerland's ratification of the above Convention, on 3 February 1978; the Secretary-General of the United Nations, upon receipt of confirmation from the Government of Liechtenstein in this respect, wishes to confirm that the said ratification also applies to Liechtenstein.		

C*

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
CUSTOMS (continued)		
International Convention on mutual administrative assistance for the prevention, investigation and repression of Customs offences		10/1984 Cmnd, 9153
Accessions— Kenya Accepting I to XI	31 Aug., 1983 29 Sept., 1983 10 Oct., 1983 28 Sept., 1983	
Extensions— Jersey, Guernsey, Isle of Man (Accepting Annex X)	10 Dec., 1985 (effective date)	
DISARMAMENT		,
Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and Under Water	Moscow 5 Aug., 1963	3/1964 Cmnd. 2245
Ratification in Washington— Colombia	17 Oct., 1985	
Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons	London Moscow and Washington 1 July., 1968	88/1970 Cmnd. 4474
Note— In a Note of 29 August 1985 the Government of Australia informed the Government of the United Kingdom that certain parts of the declaration made by Australia at the time of its signature of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons no longer accurately reflect Australian policy.		
Treaty on the Prohibition of the Emplacement of Nuclear Weapons and Other Weapons of Mass Destruction on the Sea-Bed and the Ocean Floor and in the Subsoil Thereof	London, Moscow and Washington, 11 Feb., 1971	13/1973 Cmnd. 5266
Note— In a Note to the Government of the United Kingdom dated 14 October, 1985, the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany referred to the declaration by the Government of Mexico on depositing their instrument of accession in London on 23 March, 1984 (see Treaty Series No. 45 (1984), Cmnd. 9261, p. 8) and stated:		
"In the view of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany, the aformentioned declaration relates above all to matters that are not dealt with in the Treaty to which it refers. The declaration is not acceptable to the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany to the extent that it lays claim to rights to which a coastal State is not entitled under general international law."		
Convention on the Prohibition of Military or any other Hostile Use of Environmental Modification Techniques		24/1979 Cmnd. 7469
Accession— Afghanistan	22 Oct., 1985	

164290

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
DISPUTES	-	
Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of other States	Washington, 18 Mar., 1965	25/1967 Cmnd. 3255
Signature— Thailand	6 Dec., 1985	
DRUGS		
Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961	New York, 30 Mar., 1961	34/1965 Cmnd, 2631
Protocol amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, concluded at Geneva on 25 March, 1972 (see Miscellaneous Series No. 19 (1976), Cmnd. 6487)		
Accession— China, The People's Republic of (with Reservation and Declaration*)	23 Aug., 1985	
*Reservation— "The Chinese Government has reservation on paragraph 2, Article 48 of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961."		
Declaration— "The signature and ratification by the Taiwan authorities in the name of China respectively on 30 March 1961 and 12 May 1969 of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 are illegal and therefore null and void."		
Note— In accordance with paragraph 2 of their respective Articles 41 and 18, the Convention and the Protocol therefore will enter into force for China on 22 September 1985 i.e. the thirtieth day after the date of the deposit of the instruments. Consequently, China will become on the same date a party to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961 as amended by the Protocol of 25 March 1972 amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, done at New York on 8 August 1975 (see Treaty Series No. 23 (1979), Cmnd. 7466).		
HEALTH		
European Agreement on the Exchange of Tissue-typing Reagents (with Revised Text of Protocol and Annex) and Additional Protocol signed at Strasbourg on 24 June, 1976	Strasbourg, 17 Sept., 1974	51/1979 Cmnd, 7558
Signature of Agreement— Greece*	14 Oct., 1985	
Greece*	14 Oct., 1985	
*With reservation in respect of ratification		
HYDROGRAPHY see OCEANOGRAPHY		

KATHICATIONS, ETC	·•	
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
HUMAN RIGHTS		
Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms	Rome, 4 Nov., 1950	71/1953 Cmnd. 8969
Declaration under Article 25— Greece	Effective dates 20 Nov., 1985 (for 3 years)	
Renewal of Declaration under Article 25— Spain	15 Oct., 1985 (for 5 years)	
Renewal of Declaration under Article 25— Spain	15 Oct., 1985 (for 5 years)	;
International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights	New York, 19 Dec., 1966	6/1977 Cmnd. 6702
Accession— San Marino	18 Oct., 1985	
Derogations under Article 4:		
On 2 August 1985, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of El Salvador a notification dated 31 July 1985, made under Article 4 of the above-mentioned Covenant, to the effect that, following Decree No. 97 (TS81 (1984) Cmnd. 9398 p.9) which Decree had remained in force for 90 days, the Government of El Salvador has for successive periods extended martial law by the following legislative decrees: Decrees No. 127 of 21 June 1984, No. 146 of 19 July 1984, No. 175 of 24 August 1984, No. 210 of 18 September 1984, No. 234 of 21 October 1984, No. 261 of 20 November 1984, No. 325 of 18 January 1985, No. 335 of 21 February 1985, No. 351 of 14 March 1985, No. 386 of 18 April 1985, No. 10 of 21 May 1985, No. 38 of 13 June 1985, and the most recent, Decree No. 96 of 11 July 1985 which extended the martial law for an additional period of 30 days beyond that date. The provisions of the Covenant that are currently		
suspended are those of Articles 12, 17 (in respect of interference with correspondence) and 19 (2). The notification specifies that the reasons for the suspension of constitutional guarantees continue to be those originally indicated, namely: the need to maintain a climate of peace and tranquillity, which had been disturbed through the commission of acts designed to create a state of instability and social unrest which affected the economy and the public peace by persons seeking to obstruct the process of structural change, thus seriously disrupting public order.		
On 24 July, 6 and 12 August 1985 the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru three notifications dated, respectively, 23, 31 July and 12 August 1985, made under Article 4 of the Covenant to the effect that by Supreme Decrees the Government of Peru has declared or extended a state of emergency as follows:		

Date

Treaty Series and Command Nos.

HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)

By Supreme Decree No. 031-85, the state of emergency in the Province of Pasco (Department of Pasco) has been extended for a period of 60 days, starting from 10 July

By Supreme Decree No. 033-85-IN, the state of emergency in the Province of Yauli (Department of Junin) has been declared for a period of 12 days, starting from 19 July 1985.

By Supreme Decree No. 042-85-IN, the state of emergency has been extended for a period of 60 days starting from 6 August 1985 in the following provinces and departments:

(i) the province of Tocache (Department of San Martín);

(ii) the Department of Huánuco, except the provinces of Puerto Inca and Pachitea;

(iii) the province of Daniel Alcides Carrión (Department of Pasco);

(iv) the provinces of Cangallo, Huamanga, Huanta, La Mar, Lucanas, Victor Fajardo, Huancasancos and Vilcashuamán (Department of Ayacucho);

of (v) the provinces Acobamba, Angaraes. Castrovirreyna, Huancavelica, Andahuaylas and Chincheros (Department of Apurimac).

As a result, Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant are being or still being derogated from in the regions in question for the said periods of time.

Ш

On 1 October 1985, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Bolivia a notification dated 27 September 1985, made under Article 4 of the above-mentioned Covenant to the effect that, by Supreme Decree No. 21069, the Government of Bolivia had declared a temporary state of siege throughout the country, with effect from 18 September 1985.

The notification specifies that the Government of Bolivia has been compelled to declare a temporary state of siege in order to discharge its obligation to ensure the maintenance of the rule of law, the constitutional system, democratic continuity and the safeguarding of the country's institutions and public order, these being essential to the life of the Republic and to the process of economic recovery initiated by the Government so as to save Bolivia from the scourge of hyperinflation, which had come to threaten the very life of the country.

The notification further specifies that the measure was adopted to counter the social unrest which sought to supplant the legitimately constituted authorities by establishing itself as an authority which publicly proclaimed the repudiation of the law and openly called for subversion, and to counter the occupation of State facilities and buildings and the interruption of services which are essential to the normal pursuit of all public activities.

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)		
In a complementary notification dated 28 October 1985, received by the Secretary-General on 29 October 1985, the Government of Bolivia specified that the provisions of the Covenant from which it is derogated from concern Articles 9, 12 and 21.		
International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	New York 19 Dec., 1966	6/1977 Cmnd. 6702
Accession— San Marino	18 Oct., 1985	
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY		
International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations	Rome 26 Oct., 1961	38/1964 Cmnd. 2425
Ratification— Monaco (with reservations*)	6 Sept., 1985	
*Reservations (translation) 1. With regard to the protection of producers of phonograms, Monaco will not apply the criterion of publication but only the criteria of nationality and fixation, in accordance with article 5, paragraph 3. 2. With regard to protection of phonograms, in accordance with article 16, paragraph 1 (a)—(i), Monaco will not apply any of the provisions of article 12. 3. With regard to broadcasting organizations, and pursuant to the provisions of article 16, paragraph 1 (b), Monaco will not apply the provisions of article 13 (d) concerning protection against communication to the public of television broadcasts.		
Budapest Treaty on the International recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the Purposes of Patent Procedure	Budapest, 28 Apr., 1977	5/1981 Cmnd. 8136
Ratification— Norway	1 Oct., 1985	
Note— In a Note of 3 September, 1985, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland informed the World Intellectual Property Organization that the National Collection of Animal Cell Cultures, an international depositary authority under the above Treaty, will be known as the "European Collection of Animal Cell Cultures." (See TS 81 (1984), Cmnd. 9398.)		
INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT		
Articles of Agreement of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (for 1965 amendments see Treaty Series No. 78 (1966), Cmnd. 3156)	Washington, 27 Dec., 1945	21/1946 Cmd. 6885
Signature and Acceptance— Tonga	13 Sept., 1985	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE		Ì
Statute of the International Court of Justice	San Francisco, 26 June, 1945	67/1946 Cmd 7015
Acceptance of Compulsory Jurisdiction of the Court under Article 36, para. 2 by Canada (with declaration*)		
***On behalf of the Government of Canada, (1) I give notice that I hereby terminate the acceptance by Canada of the compulsory jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice hitherto effective by virtue of the declaration made on 7 April 1970 in conformity with paragraph 2 of Article 36 of the Statute of that Court. (2) I declare that the Government of Canada accepts as compulsory ipso facto and without special convention, on condition of reciprocity, the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice, in conformity with paragraph 2 of Article 36 of the Statute of the Court, until such time as notice may be given to terminate the acceptance, over all disputes arising after the present declaration with regard to situations or facts subsequent to this declaration, other than: (a) disputes in regard to which parties have agreed or shall agree to have recourse to some other method of peaceful settlement; (b) disputes with the Government of any other country which is a member of the Commonwealth, all of which disputes shall be settled in such manner as the parties have agreed or shall agree; (c) disputes with regard to questions which by international law fall exclusively within the jurisdiction of Canada. (3) The Government of Canada also reserves the right at any time, by means of a notification addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, and with effect as from the moment of such notification, either to add to, amend or withdraw any of the foregoing reservations, or any that may hereafter be added." Termination of Acceptance of Compulsory Jurisdiction of the Court— On 7 October 1985, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of the United States of America a notification of termination dated 7 October 1985, with effect six months from the date of the said notification. (See Treaty Series No. 65 (1984), Cmnd. 9335 p.14.)		
INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION		
Articles of Agreement of the International Development Association	Washington, 29 Jan., 1960	1/1961 Cmnd. 1244
Signature— Tonga	23 Oct., 1985	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (IMO)		
Amendments to the Convention on the International Maritime Organization signed at Geneva on 6 March, 1948 (Resolution A.358 (IX)	Adopted London, 14 Nov., 1985	34/1982 Cmnd. 8632
Acceptances— Colombia	9 Aug., 1985 9 Oct., 1985	
INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND		
Articles of Agreement of the International Monetary Fund (for amendments see Treaty Series No. 44 (1978), Cmnd. 7205 and Treaty Series No. 83 (1978), Cmnd. 7331)	Washington, 27 Dec., 1945	21/1946 Cmd. 6885
Signature and Acceptance— Tonga	13 Sept., 1985	
LABOUR (ILO)		
International Labour Convention No. 10. Minimum Age (Agriculture) Convention 1921 (modified on 9 October, 1946)		1/1964 Cmnd. 2227
Denunciation— Algeria	30 Apr., 1984	
LAW .		
Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties	Vienna, 23 May, 1969	58/1980 Cmnd. 7964
Ratification— Liberia	29 Aug., 1985	
European Convention on Spectator Violence and Misbehaviour at Sports Events and in particular at Football Matches	Strasbourg, 19 Aug., 1985	57/1985 Cmnd. 9649
Signature— Iceland	20 Nov., 1985	
Ratification— Italy	8 Nov., 1985	
MARITIME LAW		
See also SHIPPING		
Protocol to amend the International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules of Law relating to Bills of Lading signed at Brussels on 25 August 1924 Reservation by Italy (see below)	Brussels, 23 Feb., 1968	83/1977 Cmnd. 6944
Protocol to amend the International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules of Law relating to Bills of Lading signed at Brussels on 25 August 1924, as amended by the Protocol of 23 February 1968	Brussels, 21 Dec., 1979	28/1984 Cmnd. 9197

								Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
MARITIME LAW	(contir	ıued)	:						
Signature— France								7 Nov., 1985	
Reservation— {Unofficial transla On depositing August 1985 see T the Italian Emba purposes of app Convention for tl relating to Bills of 1924, as amended February 1968, ar party to the 1924 to the Convention any State which is considered by Ital METEOROLOGY See WORLD ME	the in reaty; ssy-in lying the Unif Ladin by the converse as am also property as a	Series Brus Artic ficati ng do Pros Decen ention ende arty Cont	s No. 5 ssels dele 10 ion of one at tocols nber 19 n or an d by the to the	6 (19) eclare of t Certa Bruss done 979, a y Sta ue Pro 1979 I g Pari	85), Cred "the Interior Ruise	nnd. 9 ternati- les of 25 Au ssels o te which is p of 1966 ol, sha	the onal Law gust n 23 ch is arty 3, or ll be	-	
NATIONALITY AN	JN PA	ggp.	വാസ					{	1
Convention on t Nationality and Multiple Nation	he Re	duet Milita	ion o ary Ot	f Cas	ons in	Mul Case	tiple s of	Strasbourg, 6 May, 1963	88/1971 Cmnd, 4802
Signature— Spain	***		***		•••		***	8 Nov., 1985	
NEUTRALITY									
Protocol to the Neutrality and	Trea Operat	ty c	oncerr of the I	ning Panan	the I	Permai ial	nent	Washington, 7 Sept., 1977	11/1983 Cmnd, 8833
Accessions— Argentina Belize Dominican R Israel Jamaica Liberia Netherlands (Sweden		 om c	 		•••			4 Nov., 1983 26 Mar., 1985 5 Apr., 1984 30 June, 1983 30 Nov., 1984 9 Sept., 1985 3 Apr., 1985 3 May, 1984	
OCEANOGRAPHY								,	
Convention on Organization	the	Int	ernati	onal 	Hyd	rograj	ohic 	Monaco, 3 May, 1967	30/1971 Cmnd. 4682
Accessions— Surinam								21 Nov., 1985	
PHILIPPINES									
Agreement betwee Kingdom of Gre Government of Services between (see also Treaty! Series No. 53 (1980), Cmnd. 75 Cmnd. 9195)	at Brit the Re and t Series 1 160), C	ain a publ eyon No. 4 mnd	nd No ic of the id their 1 (195 . 1142	rtherrate Phi responder 7), Cri Trea	Irelar ilippin ective nnd. I ty Seri	nd and es for territo 71; Tre ies No	the Air ries aty . 65		68/1955 Cmd. 9596

							_		_
								Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PHILIPPINE	S (contin	nued)							
In an Exc 1985 betwee Great Britai of the Repu Agreement a of 29 Octobe p. 11) it was varied, so th 1987 unless agreement b	n the Go n and N ublic of und the n tr 1984 (s s agreed at the As the no	overnment orthern lather Philipotice to the Philipotice to the Philipotic to the Phi	nt of the freland of the freland of the free of the fr	e United and the regardate the 83 (19) to terminate is	ted Ki the Go rding (said A 984) Co rminat ate on withe	ngdor overnment the at agreem mnd. Sie shall 31 Ma	n of nent sove nent 9456 Il be arch		
PLANTS									
International	l Plant P	rotection	Conve	ention				Rome 6 Dec., 1951	16/1954 Cmnd. 9077
Adherence— Algeria						•••		l Oct., 1985	
POLLUTION									
International the Sea by 59 (1967), Cmnd. 70	Oil, 195 Cmnd. 3	4, as am	ended ((see T	reaty S	Series	No.	London, 12 May, 1954	56/1958 Cmnd. 595
Acceptances Bahrain Congo	ı <i>.</i>							21 Oct., 1985 10 Sept., 1985	
International High Seas							the	Brussels, 29 Nov., 1969	77/1975 Cmnd. 6056
Accession— Benin						•••		1 Nov., 1985	
International Pollution			n Civi	il Lia	ıbility 	for 	Oil 	Brussels, 29 Nov., 1969 31 Dec., 1970	106/1975 Cmnd. 6183
Accession— Benin								1 Nov., 1985	
Protocol to the for Oil Pol				tion o	n Civil	Liab	ility 	London, 19 Nov., 1976	26/1981 Cmnd. 8238
Accession— Poland				•••	•••			30 Oct., 1985	
Convention of Dumping of	on the F	Preventions and Ot	n of I her Ma	Marin atter	e Poll	ution	by 	London, Mexico City, Moscow and Washington, 29 Dec., 1972- 31 Dec., 1973	43/1976 Cmnd. 6486
Ratification i Australia	n Mexico	o City—			•••	•••		21 Aug., 1985	
Ratification i Australia	n Mosco	w			***			21 Aug., 1985	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
POLLUTION (continued)		
Accession in London— China, The People's Republic of (with statement*) *Statement The signature by the Taiwan authorities in the name of China on December 29, 1972 is illegal and therefore null and void."	14 Nov., 1985	
Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution	Geneva 13 Nov., 1979	57/1983 Cmnd. 9034
Ratification— Poland (with declaration*)	19 July 1985	
*Declaration "In connexion with the declaration of 15 July 1982 by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the extension of the Convention on Long- Range Transboundary Air Pollution of 13 November 1979 to Berlin (West), the Polish People's Republic declares that it does not object to the application of the Convention to Berlin (West) in such measure and to such an extent as it is in conformity with the Quadripartite Agreement of 3 September 1971, according to which Berlin (West) is not a constituent part of the Federal Republic of Germany and will not be governed by it."		
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW	New York,	85/1 9 75 ·
Convention on the Recovery Abroad of Maintenance	20 June, 1956	Cmnd. 6084
Accession— Cape Verde	13 Sept., 1985	
Notes— Upon accession, the Government of Cape Verde in accordance with article 2, paragraphs 1 and 2, of the Convention, has designated the Regional Courts as the authority which will act in its territory as Transmitting Agency and the Procuradoria-General da Republica as Receiving Agency.		
The Government of Cape Verde also informed the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in accordance with article 3 (2) of the Convention, that the evidence normally required under the law of the State of the Receiving Agency for the proof of maintenance claims, the manner in which such evidence should be submitted, and other requirements to be complied with under such law, are as follows: (translation) (a) Certification of the degree of relationship: marriage certificate, where the claimant is the spouse and birth certificate in the case of children entitled to a maintenance allowance. (b) A declaration from the employer of the claimant stating his income if he is employed; if not, a declaration issued by the administrative authorities of the place of residence certifying that the claimant does not have an income.		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
RIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)		
In a note received on 6 August 1985, the Government of Barbados informed the Secretary-General of the United Nations that, in accordance with Article 3 (2) of the abovementioned Convention, that the laws of Barbados require no further evidence for the proof of maintenance claims than that which is provided for by the Convention.		
Convention abolishing the Requirement of Legislation for Foreign Public Documents	The Hague 5 Oct., 1961	32/1965 Cmnd. 2617
Note— By note of 26 September 1985 the Kingdom of the Netherlands notified a change in the designated authorities for the Netherlands Antilles.		
The authority designated for the island of Curaçao—the Lieutenant Governor of the island of Curaçao—has delegated his competence to issue the certificate referred to in Article 3, first paragraph, of the Convention to:		
The Head of the Births, Deaths and Marriages, Population and Electoral Registers of the island of Curação, and		
2. The acting Head of the Births, Deaths and Marriages, Population and Electoral Registers of the island of Curação		
Convention on the Taking of Evidence abroad in Civil or Commercial Matters	The Hague, 18 Mar., 1970	20/1977 Cmnd. 6727
Extension— Guernsey (with declaration*)	19 Nov., 1985	
(a) under Articles 8 and 25 of the Convention, the Bailiff, Deputy Bailiff, any Jurat of the Royal Court of Guernsey, the Chairman or a Jurat of the Court of Alderney and the Seneschal (or Deputy) of the Court of the Seneschal of Sark are designated as the competent authorities for Guernsey; (b) under Article 23 of the Convention, Guernsey will not execute Letters of Request issued for the		
purpose of obtaining pre-trial discovery of documents.".		
Convention on the Recognition of Divorces and Legal Separations	The Hague 1 June, 1970	123/1975 Cmnd. 6248
Accession— Australia (with declaration)* *" The Convention extends only to the legal system applicable in the Australian States and mainland Territories and Norfolk Island."	24 Sept., 1985	
European Convention on the Legal Status of Children born out of Wedlock	Strasbourg, 15 Oct., 1975	43/1981 Cmnd. 8287
Extension— Isle of Man (with Reservation*)	1 Jan., 1986 (effective date)	
*Article 6, paragraph 1, of the Convention shall not apply to the Isle of Man.	,,	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)		
European Agreement on the Transmission of Applications for Legal Aid	Strasbourg, 27 Jan., 1977	39/1978 Cmnd. 7179
Ratification— Spain (with declaration*) * (translation) "In accordance with Article 8 and for the purpose of Article 2, the Spanish State designates as the transmitting and receiving authority to forward and receive applications for legal aid for the purpose of transmitting them to the corresponding foreign authority or taking action on them, the: Subsecretario de Justicia, Ministerio de Justicia, San Bernardo, 45 28015 Madrid."		
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES		
Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies of the United Nations	Adopted New York, 21 Nov., 1947	69/1959 Cmnd. 855
Accession— Italy (with declaration)*	30 Aug., 1985	
Note— The Government of Italy, in accordance with section 43 of the Convention, has undertaken to apply the provisions of the said Convention to the following specialized agencies: International Labour Organisation Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (Second revised text of annex II) International Civil Aviation Organization United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization International Monetary Fund International Bank for Reconstruction and Development World Health Organization (Third revised text of annex VII) Universal Postal Union International Telecommunication Union World Meteorological Organization International Maritime Organization (Revised text of annex XII) International Finance Corporation International Development Association World Intellectual Property Organization International Fund for Agricultural Development		
*Declaration (translation) In the event that some of the specialized agencies which are mentioned in the instrument of accession and to which Italy undertakes to apply the Convention should decide to establish their headquarters or their regional offices in		

Date

Treaty Series and Command Nos.

PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES (continued)

Italian territory, the Italian Government will be able to avail itself of the option of concluding with such agencies, in accordance with Section 39 of the Convention, supplemental agreements specifying, in particular, the limits within which immunity from jurisdiction may be granted to a given agency or immunity from jurisdiction and exemption from taxation granted to officials of that agency.

Notes-

The Government of Italy, by the above-mentioned instrument of accession has also (subject to the same declaration) undertaken to apply the Convention to the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO).

However, the Convention will become applicable to UNIDO, only when it will have transmitted to the Secretary-General the final text of the relevant annex, as provided for by the Convention, and in general upon its compliance with the provisions of article 37 of the Convention.

Until that time, the provision of article 21 (2) (b) of the Constitution of UNIDO, to which Italy is a party, will continue to apply.

Accession-

Seychelles

The Government of Seychelles, in accordance with section 43 of the Convention, has undertaken to apply the provisions of the said Convention to the following specialized agencies:

International Labour Organisation

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (Second revised text of annex II)

International Civil Aviation Organization

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

International Monetary Fund

International Bank for Reconstruction and Development

World Health Organization (Third revised text of annex

Universal Postal Union

International Telecommunication Union

World Meteorological Organization

International Maritime Organization (Revised text of annex XII)

International Finance Corporation

International Development Association

World Intellectual Property Organization

International Fund for Ágricultural Development

On 6 August 1985, in accordance with section 43 of the Convention, the Government of the *United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* undertook to apply its provisions to the following specialized agencies:

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (Second revised text of annex II)

World Health Organization (Third revised text of annex VII)

24 July, 1985

RATIFICATIONS, ETC	·	
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES (continued)		
Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency	Vienna ł July, 1959	27/1962 Cmnd. 1675
Acceptance— Jordan (with reservation*) Mexico (with reservations†)	27 Oct., 1982 19 Oct., 1983	
*The Jordanian instrument of Acceptance contained the following reservation: "The privileges and immunities recognized under this agreement shall not be extended to the officials of the IAEA who are Jordanian nationals if their station is in Jordan itself."		
†The Mexican instrument of Acceptance contained the following reservations: [Translation] Mexico		
"1. In acceding to the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the Agency, which was adopted on I July 1959, the Mexican Government declares that the capacity to acquire and dispose of immovable property, mentioned in Article II, Section 2 of the Agreement, shall be subject to applicable national legislation. "2. Agency officials and experts of Mexican nationality, in the exercise of their functions in Mexican territory, shall enjoy only those privileges which are conferred, as appropriate, by sub-paragraphs (i), (iii) and (vi) of Section 18 and paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (f) of Section 23, on the understanding that the inviolability mentioned in sub-paragraph (c) of Section 23 shall be granted only for official papers and documents. "3. The provisions relating to the holding of funds, gold or currency of any kind and of accounts in any currency and to the transfer and convertibility of such currency in Mexican territory shall be subject to the relevant legal provisions in force." A note explaining the reservation contained in paragraph 3 reads as follows:		
"The Government of Mexico interprets this reservation to mean that the relevant legal provisions will be implemented in such a way as not to impede or impair the effective execution of the technical assistance and co-operation programmes in which Mexico is participating." (Original Spanish; translation by the Secretariat)		
PUBLICATIONS		
International Convention for the Suppression of the Circulation of and Traffic in Obscene Publications, 1923, as amended by the Protocol signed at Lake Success, New York, on 12 November, 1947 (Treaty Series No. 2 (1952), Cmd 8438	Geneva, 12 Sept., 1923	1/1926 Cmd. 2575
Note— On 30 July 1985, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of the Netherlands a denunciation of the above-mentioned Convention and Protocol. The notification specifies that the denunciation shall apply in respect of the Kingdom in Europe only and that the Protocol and the Convention will therefore remain in force in the Netherlands Antilles.		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PUBLICATIONS (continued)		
In the notification of denunciation, the Government of the Netherlands indicates that the reason for the denunciation is the following: " under the Act of 3 July 1985 (Bulletin of Acts, Orders and Decrees No. 385) the provisions of the Dutch Criminal Code were amended in such a way that it is no longer possible for the Netherlands to comply fully with the international obligations it assumed under the Convention. Article I of the Convention contains — inter alia — the obligation to make it a punishable offence to make, produce or have in possession, to import, convey or export obscene publications or any other obscene objects for the purposes of distribution or public exhibition The new provisions of the Dutch Criminal Code fulfil this requirement only with regard to the portrayal of — or to any medium of information which portrays — sexual activity involving persons under the age of sixteen (i.e. child pornography). As regards the other forms of pornography, the only offences will be to display obscene images or objects in shop windows, to send such images or objects unsolicited through the mail or to supply, offer or show them to children. Since the Convention does not contain any provision which would allow the Netherlands to make punishable only those offences included in the amended Criminal Code, the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands has no other choice than to denounce the Convention for the Netherlands."		
ROAD TRANSPORT	<u> </u>	1
Agreement concerning the adoption of Uniform Conditions of Approval and Reciprocal Recognition of approval for Motor Vehicle Equipment and Parts	Geneva, 20 Mar., 1958	7/1965 Cmnd. 2535
Regulation No. 8. Uniform provisions for the approval of motor vehicle headlights emitting an asymmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both and equipped with halogen lamps (H1, H2 and H3 lamps), and of the lamps themselves.		
Acceptance— Luxembourg	l Oct., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 19. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle fog lights.		
Acceptance— Luxembourg	l Oct., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 20. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlights emitting an asymmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both and equipped with halogen lamps (H4 lamps) and of the lamps themselves.		
Acceptance— Luxembourg	1 Oct., 1985 (effective date)	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
ROAD TRANSPORT (continued)		
Regulation No. 28. Uniform provisions for the approval of audible warning devices and of motor vehicles with regard to their audible signals.		
Acceptance— Czechoslovakia	3 Nov., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 32. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a rear-end collision.	,	
Acceptance	l Oct., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 33. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a head-on collision.		·
Acceptance— Luxembourg	1 Oct., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 37. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of incandescent electric filament lamps to be used in approved lights of power-driven vehicles and of their trailers.		
Acceptance— Luxembourg	l Oct., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 43. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of safety glazing and glazing materials for installation on power-driven vehicles and their trailers.		
Acceptance— Yugoslavia	22 Dec., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 45. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of headlamp cleaners for power-driven vehicles and the approval of vehicles with regard to headlamp cleaners.		
Acceptances— Luxembourg Germany, Federal Republic of Czechoslovakia	Effective dates 1 Oct., 1985 18 Oct., 1985 3 Nov., 1985	
Regulation No. 48. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the installation of lighting and light-signalling devices.	31,000,1303	
Acceptance— Luxembourg	1 Oct., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 49. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of diesel engines with regard to the emission of gaseous pollutants.	· .	
Acceptance— Germany, Federal Republic of	15 Dec., 1985 (effective date)	

-	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
ROAD TRANSPORT (continued)		
Regulation No. 55. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of mechanical coupling components of combinations of vehicles.		
Acceptance— Czechoslovakia	3 Nov., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 58 Uniform provisions concerning the approval of goods vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers with regard to their rear underrun protection.		
Acceptance— Czechoslovakia	3 Nov., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 59. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of replacement silencing systems.		; ;
Acceptance— Luxembourg	1 Oct., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 61. Uniform provisions for the approval of commercial vehicles with regard to their external projections forward of the cab's rear panel.		- - -
Acceptance— Czechoslovakia	3 Nov., 1985 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 63. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of mopeds with regard to noise.		
Proposing Governments— Czechoslovakia and Italy	15 Aug., 1985 (date of entry into force)	•
Regulation No. 64. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles equipped with temporary-use spare wheels/tyres.		
Proposing Governments— Netherlands and United Kingdom	1 Oct., 1985 (date of entry into force)	
SEYCHELLES		
Note— On 22 July, 1985, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received the following communication dated 12 July, 1985 from the Government of Seychelles:		
"The Ministry of Planning and External Relations of the Republic of Seychelles presents its compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to refer to the Ministry's Note FA/22/5 of 22nd October 1979 (see TS 110/1979 Cmnd. 7843, p.25) to the Secretary-General communicating the Government of Seychelles repudiation of its treaty succession agreement with the United Kingdom Government of 29 June 1976		

Date

Treaty Series and Command Nos.

SEYCHELLES (continued)

(see TS 109/1976 Cmnd. 6687) and to indicate to the Secretary-General the views of the Seychelles Government as to the current legal status of treaties covered by the said treaty succession agreement.

With regard to multilateral treaties covered by the said treaty succession agreement, save as respects treaties acceded to by the Republic of Seychelles in its own right the Government of Seychelles does not regard any of the relevant treaties as continuing in force for Seychelles. The Government of Seychelles has, as far as possible, reviewed each of the multilateral treaties covered by the treaty succession agreement individually and where it has been deemed consistent with the interests of Seychelles so to do, has acceded rather than succeeded to the instrument in question.

As regards the most widely-supported of general multilateral treaties covered by the said treaty succession agreement, the Government of Seychelles has opted to accede in most cases.

With regard to bilateral treaties covered by the said treaty succession agreement, save as respects any treaty continued in force by mutual agreement as between Seychelles and the other State Party concerned, the Government of Seychelles does not regard any of the relevant treaties as continuing in force for Seychelles. The Government of Seychelles has not considered it practicable to review each of these treaties individually as in the case of multilateral treaties but rather has identified certain broad categories. As regards most categories of bilateral treaties in the post-independence foreign policy practice of Seychelles, either new agreements have been concluded on the implicit basis that the relevant treaties covered by the treaty succession agreement have lapsed for Seychelles or no positive reliance has been placed on such treaties in each case. In the case of agreements for the avoidance of double taxation, the Government of Seychelles has already expressly indicated to the relevant State Parties concerned that the Republic of Seychelles was terminating any obligations arising under such agreements for Seychelles. However, particularly in the case of extradition treaties but wherever the interests of the Republic of Sevchelles and the other State Parties concerned so dictate, the Government of Seychelles is willing in appropriate cases to consider extending by mutual agreement the operation of any such bilateral treaties covered by the treaty succession agreement as between the Republic of Seychelles and the other State Parties concerned, until such time as new agreements can be concluded with the Governments in question."

SHIPPING

International	Conv	ention	on L	oad L	ines, l	966	 	5 Apr.– 4 July, 1966
Accessions— Bahrain Benin Ethiopia Tuvalu							 	21 Oct., 1985 1 Nov., 1985 18 Jul., 1985 22 Aug., 1985

58/1968 Cmnd. 3708

London,

					_	-		Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
								1	
HPPING (contin	ued)								•
Special Trade Pas	ssenger	Ships	Agre	ement.				London, 13 July, 1971	7/1980 Cmnd. 7761
Accession-	J	•	ŭ	•	•			,	
Sri Lanka	•••			•••	, 	•••	•••	10 Dec., 1981	
Convention on Preventing Co				al R				London,	77/1977
Treaty Series 6	8 (1984) Cm	nd. 93	40)				20 Oct., 1972	Cmnd. 6962
Accessions— Bahrain					•••			21 Oct., 1985	
Benin	•••			***				1 Nov., 1985	
Honduras	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	24 Sept., 1985	
Succession— Tuvalu			•	•••		•••		22 Aug., 1985 (effective date) 1 Oct., 1978	
Extension— Netherlands	Antille	s					•••	24 May, 1984	
International Con as amended in Cmnd. 8445) a Cmnd. 9180	1981 (see T	reaty	Series	No.	93 (1	981),	Geneva, 2 Dec., 1972	40/1979 Cmnd. 7535
Accessions—								1 1 1 1005	}
Benin Honduras					•••	•••	•••	1 Nov., 1985 24 Sept., 1985	
Portugal		•••						22 Oct., 1985	
International Con	vention	for th	ne Saf	ety of	Life a	t Sea,	1974	London, 1 Nov., 1974	46/1980 Cmnd. 7874
Accessions to Co								21.0-4 1005	
Bahrain Benin		•••				•••	•••	21 Oct., 1985 1 Nov., 1985	
Cyprus								11 Oct., 1985	
Protocol of 1978 for the Safety							ntion 	London 1 June, 1978	40/1981 Cmnd. 8277
Accession— Cyprus ,						•••		11 Oct., 1985	
International Control Certification a	onvention d Wat	on or	n Sta	indard for Se	ls of afarer	Tra 's, 197	ining, 78	London, 1 Dec., 1978— 30 Nov., 1979	50/1984 Cmnd. 9266
Accession— Benin								1 Nov., 1985	
Honduras								24 Sept., 1985	
Hungary	• • • •							15 Oct., 1985	
Portugal		•••	• • • •		•••	•••			
Tuvalu	•••	• • •				•	• • •	22 Aug., 1985	1 .

ZO MATTITECATIONS, ETC	·	
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
TELECOMMUNICATIONS		!
International Telecommunication Convention	Nairobi 6 Nov., 1982	33/1985 Cmnd. 9557
Ratifications— China, The People's Republic of (with statements*) Colombia (with statements†) Egypt Sweden (with statements‡)	19 Aug., 1985 19 Sept., 1985 16 Sept., 1985 3 Oct., 1985	
Accessions— Honduras Sierra Leone *In ratifying the Convention, the Government of the People's Republic of China confirmed the statements in No. 115 of the Final Protocol to the Convention. †In ratifying the Convention, the Government of Colombia confirmed the statements in Nos. 78 and 90 of the Final Protocol to the Convention.	2 Sept., 1985	
‡In ratifying the Convention, the Government of Sweden confirmed the statements in Nos. 89 and 104 of the Final Protocol to the Convention.		
Optional Additional Protocol to the International Telecommunications Convention 1982, on the Compulsory Settlement of Disputes	Nairobi 6 Nov., 1982	33/1985 Cmnd. 9557
Ratifications— Colombia	19 Sept., 1985 9 Oct., 1985 3 Oct., 1985	
Accessions— Honduras	11 Sept., 1985	
TERRORISM		
Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents	New York, 14 Dec., 1973	3/1980 Cmnd. 7765
Ratification— Italy (with objections*)	30 Aug., 1985	
Accession— Spain	8 Aug., 1985	
*Objections (a) The Italian Government does not consider as valid the reservation made by Iraq on 28 February 1978 with regard to article 1, paragraph 1 (b), of the said Convention; (b) With regard to the reservation expressed by Burundi on 17 December 1980, [The Italian Government considers that] the purpose of the Convention is to ensure the punishment, world-wide, of crimes against internationally protected persons, including diplomatic agents, and to deny a safe haven to the perpetrators of such crimes. Considering therefore that the reservation expressed by the Government of Burundi is incompatible with the aim and purpose of the Convention, the Italian Government cannot consider Burundi's accession to the Convention as valid as long as it does not withdraw that reservation.		

Treaty Series

and Command Nos.

93/1978

Cmnd. 7390

Date TERRORISM (continued) Strasbourg, 27 Jan., 1977 European Convention on the Suppression of Terrorism Ratification— Belgium (with reservation and declaration*) ... 31 Oct., 1985 *The instrument of ratification contains the following reservation: "The Belgian Government referring to Article 13.1 of the Convention on the Suppression of Terrorism, declares as follows: With the exception of offences committed upon the taking of hostages and other connected offences, Belgium reserves the right to refuse extradition in respect of any offence, mentioned in Article, 1, which it considers to be a political offence, an offence connected with a political offence or an offence inspired by political motives; in these cases, Belgium undertakes to take into due consideration, when evaluating the character of the offence, its particularly serious aspects, including: (a) that it created a collective danger to the life, physical integrity or liberty of persons; or, (b) that it affected persons foreign to the motives behind it; or, (c) that cruel or vicious means have been used in the commission of the offence. Declaration "I have the honour to state the following on behalf of my Government in connection with the reservation made by the Government of Portugal on 14 December 1981 when depositing its instrument of ratification of the European Convention on the Suppression of Terrorism: [see Treaty Series No. 95(1981) Cmnd. 8523 p. 28] The Government of Belgium, like the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany, regards the reservation made by Portugal with regard to the European Convention of 27 January 1977 on the Suppression of Terrorism as incompatible with the meaning and purpose of the Convention. As the Government of the Federal Republic has stated, this reservation has no basis in the Convention which is not an extradition treaty. The object of the Convention is to prevent or restrict the requested State's invoking the political nature of an offence in order to oppose an extradition request. The matter of extradition is

governed, as between Belgium and Portugal, by the Convention of 8 March 1875 and additional Conventions of 16 December 1881 and 9 August 1961. The present declaration shall not be interpreted as preventing the entry into force of the European Convention between Belgium and Portugal."

TREATY SUCCESSION
See—SEYCHELLES

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
WHALING		
International Convention for the Regulation of Whaling, as amended by the Protocol of 19 November, 1956 (Treaty Series No. 68 (1959), Cmnd. 849)	Washington, 2 Dec., 1946	5/1949 Cmd. 7604
Adherence— Solomon Islands	18 July, 1985	
WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION		
Constitution of the World Health Organization (for amendments see Treaty Series No. 24 (1961), Cmnd. 1351; Treaty Series No. 109 (1975), Cmnd. 6204; Treaty Series No. 50 (1977), Cmnd. 6832 and Treaty Series No. 41 (1984), Cmnd. 9239	New York, 22 July 1946	43/1948 Cmd. 7458
Acceptance— . Antigua and Barbuda	12 Mar., 1984	
WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION		
Convention of the World Meteorological Organization (as later amended). See also Treaty Series No. 36 (1950), Cmd. 7989 and Treaty Series No. 38 (1976), Cmnd. 6472	Washington, 11 Oct., 1947	26/1969 Cmnd. 3902
Accession— Solomon Islands	5 June 1985	