No.51 of 1983

IN THE PRIVY COUNCIL

37/84

ON APPEAL

FROM THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF BRUNEI

(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)

BETWEEN:

HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE. HAJI MATUSIN A HAJI HUSSIN (Suing as the Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam Bte Pengiran Tengah and on her own behalf)

First Appellant

HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Second Appellant

PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN PENGIRAN PETRA (Suing as the Administrator of the Estate of Dayang Aji bte Haji Hussin) Third Appellant

HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Fourth Appellant

v.

HAJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN

Respondent

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

BOSWELL BIGMORE, 25 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3LN

Solicitors for the Appellants____

ON APPEAL

FROM THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF BRUNEI

(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)

BETWEEN:

HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE. HAJI MATUSIN A
HAJI HUSSIN (Suing as the
Administratrix of the Estate of
Pengiran Norsalam Bte Pengiran
Tengah and on her own behalf)

HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN

PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN
PENGIRAN PETRA (Suing as the
Administrator of the Estate
of Dayang Aji bte Haji Hussin)

HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI
HUSSIN

Fourth Appellant

v.

HAJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN

Respondent

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

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ON APPEAL

FROM THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF BRUNEI

(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)

BETWEEN:

HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE. HAJI MATUSIN A HAJI HUSSIN (Suing as the Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam Bte Pengiran Tengah and on her own behalf)

First Appellant

HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Second Appellant

PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN PENGIRAN PETRA (Suing as the Administrator of the Estate of Dayang Aji bte Haji Hussin) Third Appellant

HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Fourth Appellant

v.

20 HAJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN

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Respondent

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

In the High Court

No.1

No.1 Writ of Summons 19th June 1979

WRIT OF SUMMONS

(Order 2, Rule 3)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF THE STATE OF BRUNEI
AT BANDAR SERI BEGAWAN

Suit 1979 No.167

BETWEEN

HAJJAH TAMPOI BINTE HAJI MATUSIN
HAJI HUSSAIN (Suing as the
Administratrix of the Estate of
Pengiran Norsalam binte Pengiran
Tengah and on her own behalf)

1st Plaintiff
HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN
2nd Plaintiff
PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN

PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN PENGIRAN PETRA (Suing as Administrator of the Estate of Dayang Aji binte Haji Hussin)

HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI HUSSIN

4th Plaintiff 20

3rd Plaintiff

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AND

HAMJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN

Defendant

BY THE GRACE OF GOD, WE SIR MUDA HASSANAL BOLKIAH MU'IZZADDIN WADDAULAH IBNI DULI YANG TERAMAT MULIA PADUKA SERI BEGAWAN SULTAN SIR MUDA OMAR ALI SAIFUDDIN, SOVEREIGN AND CHIEF OF THE MOST ESTEEMED FAMILY ORDER, SOVEREIGN AND CHIEF OF THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF ISLAM OF BRUNEI, SOVEREIGN AND CHIEF OF THE MOST 30 ILLUSTRIOUS ORDER OF LAILA JASA KEBERANIAN GEMILAND, SOVEREIGN AND CHIEF OF THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF KEBERANIAN LAILA TERBILANG, SOVEREIGN AND CHIEF OF THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF PADUKA SERI LAILA JASA, SOVEREIGN AND CHIEF OF THE MOST FAITHFUL ORDER OF PERWIRA AGONG NEGARA BRUNEI, HONORARY KNIGHT GRAND CROSS OF THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF SAINT MICHAEL AND SAINT GEORGE, MOST ESTEEMED FAMILY ORDER (FIRST CLASS) KELANTAN, MOST ESTEEMED FAMILY ORDER (FIRST 40 CLASS) JOHORE, Sultan of the State and Territory of Brunei and all its Dependencies

TO: HAJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN Kempong Sungai Kianggeh, Bandar Seri Begawan Brunei In the High Court

No.1 Writ of Summons 19th June 1979

(continued)

WE COMMAND you, that within 14 days after the service of this Writ on you, inclusive of the day of such service, you do cause an appearance to be entered for you in our Supreme Court of Brunei, in a cause at the suit of HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE HJ MATUSIN HJ HUSSIN, HJ IBRAHIM BIN HJ HUSSIN, PG HJ BIN PG PETRA, HJ ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HJ HUSSIN

AND TAKE NOTICE that in default of you so doing the plaintiff(s) may proceed therein to judgment and execution.

Witness the Honourable SIR DENYS ROBERTS Chief Justice of the State of Brunei the 20th [sic] day of June, 1979.

(sgd) Ho & Siong Plaintiffs Advocates (LS)
Chief Deputy
Registrar
High Court Brunei

N.B. This Writ is to be served within twelve months from the date thereof, or, if renewed, within six months from the date of such renewal, including the day of such date, and not afterwards.

The defendant (or defendants) may appear hereto by entering an appearance (or appearances) either personally or by Advocate at the Registry of the Supreme Court.

A defendant appearing personally may, if he desires, enter his appearance by post, and the appropriate forms may be obtained by sending a Postal Order for \$5.50 with an addressed envelope to the Chief Registrar of the Supreme Court.

The Plaintiffs claim is

(SEE AS PER LIST ATTACHED)

Advocates for the Plaintiff(s)

This Writ was issued by Messrs. Ho & Siong, Advocates of No.63 (first floor) Jalan McArthur, Bandar Seri Begawan Brunei advocates to the said Plaintiff(s) whose address for service is

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In the High Court	No.49, Jalan Sult Brunei.	an, Bandar Seri E	Begawan,		
No.1 Writ of	Indorsement to be made on the writ after service thereof.				
Summons 19th June 1979	This Writ wa	_			
(continued)	of the defendants day of	(the defenda s) on th 197			
	SI	GNED	• • • • •	10	
	Indorsed the	day of	197		
	on	cved by(the defenda s) on th	nt or one		
	s	SIGNED	••••		
	Indorsed the	day of	197		
	S	SIGNED	•••••		
	AI	DDRESS	•••••	20	
No.2		No.2			
Statement	CM3 MT	WENT OF CT 1 TV			

No.2 Statement of Claim 19th June 1979

STATEMENT OF CLAIM

- 1. The First Plaintiff is suing in this action on her own behalf as part owner of the land hereinafter described as Lot 218, District of Brunei and as the Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam binte Pengiran Tengah who died in 1949 and who is the registered owner of 7/128 undivided share in the said land.
- 30
- 2. The First Plaintiff is the administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam binte Pengiran Tengah by virtue of a Grant of Letters of Administration No.133 of 1978 and as administratrix she is the registered owner holding 8/128 undivided share in the said Lot No.217, District of Brunei.
- 3. By her own right, the First Plaintiff is the

registered owner holding 7/128 undivided share in the said Lot No. 218, District of Brunei.

In the High Court

No.2 Statement of Claim 19th June 1979

(continued)

- 4. The Second Plaintiff is the registered owner of 14/128 undivided share in the said Lot No.218, District of Brunei.
- 5. The Third Plaintiff is the administrator of the Estate of Dayang Aji binte Haji Hussin by virtue of a Grant of Letters of Administration No.106 of 1978 dated 26th August, 1978 and he holds as administrator of the said estate 7/128 undivided share in the said Lot No.218, District of Brunei. The said Dayang Aji binte Haji Hussin died in 1948.
- 6. The Fourth Plaintiff is the registered owner of 14/128 undivided share in the said Lot No.218, District of Brunei.
- 7. The names of all the Plaintiffs appear as registered owners in the Land Grant Lot No.218 District of Brunei.
 - 8. The Plaintiffs are the beneficiaries entitled to the Estate of Haji Hussin bin Abdullah who was the registered holder of one-half (½) undivided share in the said Lot No.218, District of Brunei and Pengarah Rahman bin Kahar is the registered owner of the other one-half (½) undivided share in the said Lot 218, District of Brunei.
 - 9. The Defendant is the son of Pengarah Rahman bin Kahar (deceased) who was the registered owner of one-half (½) undivided share in the land described as Lot No.218 District of Brunei. To the knowledge of the Plaintiffs no Letters of Administration have been applied for or granted to the Defendant to administer the estate of the said Pengarah Rahman bin Kahar (deceased). The name of the said deceased, Pengarah Rahman bin Kahar, still appear as the registered owner of one-half (½) undivided share in the said Lot No.218, District of Brunei.
 - 10. In the year 1964 the Defendant had erected, without the consent and knowledge of the Plaintiffs inter-connected one-storey buildings on the said Lot No.218. These buildings were divided into rooms and the Defendant rented these rooms out to various

20

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In the High Court No.2 Statement		connof to	nts. Particulars of the inter- ected buildings rooms and names he tenants and occupier can only iven after discovery.	
of Claim 19th June 1979 (continued)	11.	from of the Plain have	Defendant has been receiving rents the various tenants and occupiers he rooms in the buildings. The ntiffs do not know how much rents been received until after overy.	10
	12.	buil	he knowledge of the Plaintiffs the dings have been erected without the oval from the proper authorities.	
	13.	Defer them this date	Plaintiffs had requested the ndant on various occasions to meet and to settle the dispute over Lot 218, District of Brunei but to the Defendant had refused to meet egotiate with the Plaintiffs.	
	14.	make of Br occup	Plaintiffs have not been able to use of the said Lot 218, District runei as a result of the unlawful pations, possession and illegal use he land by the Defendant.	20
	15. 16.	himse	Defendant had unlawfully enriched elf at the expense of the Plaintiffs registered-owners of the land.	
		above the	Plaintiffs in the premises outlined a have been deprived of the use of said Lot 218, and have suffered loss damage.	30
		AND 1	the Plaintiffs claim :-	
		(a)	An account to be taken of all the moneys collected by way of rentals and use of the land by the Defendant;	
		(b)	An order for payment;	
	·	(c)	Demolition of all the buildings and structures on the said Lot 218, District of Brunei put up by the Defendant without the knowledge and consent of the Plaintiffs;	40
		(b)	Damages;	
		(e)	Any further and other relief as the Court may deem fit and proper;	
		(f)	Costs.	

Dated this 19th day of June, 1979

(Signed) HO & SIONG
Advocates for the
Plaintiffs

In the High Court

No.2 Statement of Claim 19th June 1979

(continued)

No.3

DEFENCE AND COUNTERCLAIM

No.3
Defence and
Counterclaim
11th June
1981

DEFENCE

- 1. Save that it is admitted the First Plaintiff is the registered owner of 7/128 undivided share of the land known as Lot 218, District of Brunei, (hereinafter called "the said land") the Defendant has no knowledge of the allegations contained in Paragraph 1 of the Statement of Claim and makes no admission thereto.
- 2. The Defendant has no knowledge of the allegations contained under Paragraph 2 of the Statement of Claim and makes no admission thereto.
- 3. The Defendant admits Paragraph 3 of the Statement of Claim.
- 4. The Defendant admits Paragraph 4 of the Statement of Claim.
- 5. Save that it is admitted that the Third Plaintiff is the registered holder of 7/128 undivided share as administrator the Defendant has no knowledge of the allegations contained in Paragraph 5 of the Statement of Claim and makes no admission thereto.
- 6. The Defendant admits Paragraph 6 of the Statement of Claim.
- 7. The Defendant admits Paragraph 7 of the Statement of Claim.

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In the High Court

No.3 Defence and Counterclaim 11th June 1981

(continued)

- 8. Save that it is admitted that Pengarah Rahman bin Kahar was the registered owner of one-half (½) undivided share in the said land the Defendant has no knowledge of the allegations contained in Paragraph 8 of the Statement of Claim and makes no admission thereto.
- 9. Paragraph 9 of the Statement of Claim is admitted.
- 10. The Defendant admits that he has for upwards of 15 years prior to the issue of the Writ herein been in adverse possession of the said land and has without the consent of the Plaintiffs erected and caused to be erected buildings thereon.

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- 11. The Defendant admits that rents derived from the said land have not been shared with the Plaintiffs for upwards of 15 years prior to the issue of the Writherein.
- 12. In the premises, the Plaintiffs' claims are barred by Section 3 of the Limitation Enactment 1962 and their rights and title to the said land have been extinguished by virtue of Section 26 of the said Enactment.
- 13. Save and except as hereinbefore expressly admitted, the Defendant denies each and every allegation in the Statement of 30 Claim contained as if the same were set forth herein seriatim and specifically traversed.

COUNTERCLAIM

14. The Defendant repeats Paragraphs 10 to 12 hereof.

AND the Defendant counter-claims :-

- (1) A declaration that the Plaintiffs' claims are barred by Section 3 of the Limitation Enactment 1962 and their 40 rights and title to the said land have been extinguished by virtue of Section 26 of the said Enactment;
- (2) Any further and other relief as the Court may deem fit and proper.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1981
(Signed) CHOO CHAN & WONG
Advocates for the Defendant

This Defence and Counterclaim is filed by Messrs. Choo Chan & Wong, Advocates for the Defendant whose address for service is at Room 52 Britannia House, Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei.

In the High Court

No.3
Defence and
Counterclaim
11th June
1981

(continued)

No. 4

REPLY AND DEFENCE TO COUNTERCLAIM

No.4 Reply and Defence to Counterclaim 27th June 1981

REPLY

- 10 1. The Plaintiffs join issue with the Defendant on his defence except in so far as it consist of admissions of the Statement of Claim.
- The Plaintiffs deny that their title 2. has been or could be extinguished by reason of the provision of the Limitation Enactment 1962 as alleged or at all and will contend that the Defendant's possession of the said land or any part thereof was illegal 20 by reason of the provision of Section 13 of the Probate and Administration Enactment 1955 or if not illegal was attributable to the Defendant father's registered ownership pursuant to the said section and could never be adverse to the estate interest and occupancy of the Plaintiffs as registered owners nor to that of the previous registered owners and will further contend that the 30 Defendant's claim or interest in the said land which are denied not having been registered in the Land Office are invalid by reason of the provisions of Section 27 of the Land Code and further that permanent occupancy of the said land was at all material times conferred on the Plaintiffs and their predecessors in title by reason of the provisions of Section 9 of the Land Code and that the 40 Defendant's possession was illegal by reason of the provisions of the Probate and Administration Enactment 1955 and the

In the High Court

No.4
Reply to
Defence and
Counterclaim
27th June
1981

(continued)

Defendant having no valid claim or interest therein adverse to the Plaintiffs or at all.

DEFENCE TO COUNTER-CLAIM

- 3. The Plaintiffs repeat their Reply.
- 4. The Defendant is not entitled to the declaration claimed or any declaration and his claims should be dismissed with costs.

Dated this 27th day of June, 1981

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(Signed) Ho & Siong
Advocates for the Plaintiffs

This Reply to Defence and Counterclaim is filed by Messrs. Ho & Siong, Advocates for the Plaintiffs, whose address for service is No. 63 (1st Floor), Jalan MacArthur, Banda Sin Begawan Brunei.

No. 5 Amended Defence and Counterclaim 4th February 1982

No. 5

AMENDED DEFENCE AND COUNTERCLAIM

The Defendant admits Paragraphs 1 to 16

1. -Save-that-it-is-admitted-the-First
 of the Statement of Claim.

-Plaintiff-is-the-registered-owner-of
 -7/128-undivided-share-of-the-land-known
 -as-Let-2187-District-of-Brunei-(herein- -after-ealled-"the-said-land")-the
 -Defendant-has-no-knowledge-of-the
 -allegations-contained-in-Paragraph-l-of
 -the-Statement-of-Claim-and-makes-no
 -admission-therete-

-2:---The-Defendant-has-no-knowledge-of-the---allegations-contained-under-Paragraph-2-of-the-Statement-of-Claim-and-makes-no-admission-thereto-

Mha Dafardant admita Damaguanh 2 of the

-3.---The-Defendant-admits-Paragraph-3-of-the--Statement-of-Claim.

-4.--The-Defendant-admits-Paragraph-4-of-the--Statement-of-Claim.

-5.---Save-that-it-is-admitted-that-the-Third--Plaintiff-is-the-registered-holder-of--7/128-undivided-share-as-administrator--the-Defendant-has-no-knowledge-of-the--allegations-contained-in-Paragraph-5-of--the-Statement-of-Claim-and-makes-no----admission-therete.

6.__ The Defendant admits Paragraph 6 ___ of the Statement of Claim.

In the High Court

7. The Defendant admits Paragraph 7 of the Statement of Claim.

No.5 Amended Defence and Counterclaim 4th February 1982

8---Save that it is admitted that

Pengarah Rahman bin Kahar was the '
registered owner of one half (1)
undivided share in the said land
the Defendant has no knowledge of
the allegations contained in Paragraph
9-of the Statement of Claim and makes
no admission thereto.

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(continued)

- 9.--- Paragraph 9 of the Statement of Claim is admitted.
- 2.
 10. The Defendant admits that he has for upwards of 15 years prior to the issue of the Writ been in adverse possession of the said land and has without the consent of the Plaintiffs erected and

caused to be erected buildings thereon.3.1-1. The Defendant admits that rents derived from the said land have not been shared

- H. The Defendant admits that rents derived from the said land have not been shared with the Plaintiffs for upwards of 15 years prior to the issue of the Writherein.
- 4.

 1. In the premises, the Plaintiffs claims are barred by Section 3 of the Limitation Enactment 1962 and their rights and title to the said land have been extinguished by virtue of Section 26 of the said Enactment.
- harein-seriatim and specifically traversed.

AMENDED COUNTER-CLAIM

- 5. The Defendant repeats paragraphs 101 to 12 4 hereof.
- 40 AND the Defendant counterclaims :-
 - (1) A declaration that the Plaintiffs' claims are barred by Section 3 of the Limitattion Enactment 1962 and their rights and title to the said land have been

In the High Court

No.5 Amended Defence and Counterclaim 4th February 1982

(continued)

extinguished by virtue of Section 26 of the said Enactment;

(2) A declaration under Section 26 and Section 29 of the Land Code that the Land Register be rectified to the extent that the name of the Defendant be entered and registered as the owner of 50/128 undivided share in the Title Deed of the said Lot 218 in place of :-

> (a) the First Plaintiff registered as holding 7/128 undivided share;

> (b) the First Plaintiff registered as holding 8/128 undivided share as Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam binte Pengiran Tengah;

(c) the Second Plaintiff registered as holding 14/128 undivided share:

- (d) the Third Plaintiff registered as holding 7/128 undivided share as Administrator of the Estate of Dayang Aji binte Haji Hussin; and
- (e) the Fourth Plaintiff registered as holding 14/128 undivided share.

(3)

(2) Any further and other relief as the Court may deem fit and proper.

> Dated this 11th day of June, 1981 Redated this 4th day of February, 1982

> > (Signed) CHOO CHAN & WONG Advocates for the Defendant

AMENDED PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE CHIEF REGISTRAR DATED THIS 14TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1982

This Amended Defence and Counterclaim is filed by Messrs. Choo Chan & Wong, Advocates for 40 the Defendant, whose address for service is at Room 52, Britannia House, Bandar Seri Begawan

12.

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No. 6

NOTES OF PRELIMINARY HEARING

In the High Court

No.6 Notes of Preliminary Hearing 19th July 1982

Coram: Jones, J.

Date: 19th July, 1982

Mr. Ball and Mr. Siong for the Plaintiff

Mr. F.S.Choo for Defendant.

Mr. Siong: Estimated time 2 days

Mr. Choo: Facts admitted no evidence to be

called.

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Mr. Ball: Maybe some evidence.

Court : Adjourned for hearing to Wednesday

21st July, 1982 at 9.00 a.m.

(Sgd) B.L.Jones 19.7.82

No. 7

NOTES OF OPENING SPEECHES OF COUNSEL

No.7 Notes of opening speeches of Counsel 21st July

1982

Mr. Ball : Land Officer and Plaintiffs not

here.

Mr. Choo: Defendant admit all facts on Statement of Claim. We allege one fact in counterclaim adverse possession 15 years upward. Plaintiffs decide not to agree.

Mr. Ball: Ouster. Defendant filing defence.
Not yet explored issue of
illegality. Not yet know if
Defendant allege ouster.

30 Mr. Choo: The Hardwick.

Mr. Ball: Statement of Claim.

lst Plaintiff sue on own behalf
Schedule of various dates submitted
and a table. lst Plaintiff claim
on the title agreed. Copy title
in hands of 2nd Plaintiff.

Ex. Pl by agreement.

In the High Court

No.7 Notes of opening speeches of Counsel 21st July 1982

(continued)

Torrens: Land Code complete Code. Not altered since it was introduced. Para: 1 Cap. 40 Law of Brunei. Para: 3 No suggestion that anyone can obtain title by occupation. Adverse Possession. First case on adverse possession in Brunei. Section 6(2) only refers to title. Section 7, Section 8. 10 Section 9 rely on permanent transmission. Occupancy here meaning ascribed to it in Oxford English Dictionary and effective as if registered deemed by law to be an occupant. At end of Code is a former lease. Maybe difficult to reconcile words of "lease". Page 866, Form F.

"In case the rent shall be in arrear 20 for one month or there shall be a breach of any of the covenants and conditions on the part of the lessee then I shall be entitled to re-enter upon the said land and this Lease shall be at an end."

If re-entered therefore not always intend to be an occupant. Oxford English Dictionary 1971. Section 26 (? comma after Land). 30 act of law (?) include Limitation Act Section 27 Defendant may have jumped gun by not registering under Limitation Act. Section 29. Until they have registered claim it is not valid. Section 28(3) Section 29. Limitation Enactment 1962 passed 40 Section 26 - not in force 1.9.67.

In force subsidiary 203 Schedule. 12 years. 112.

Pleading:

lst, 2nd and 4th Plaintiffs on
register since 1963.
As administrator since 11.4.79.
Became administrator since 4.11.78
- administratrix of her mother. 50

128 shares.
Plaintiffs hold 64.
Others hold 64 registered in name of person believed to be father of the defendant.

In the 1st Plaintiff: not such in representing capacity regarding shares held by Sabli High Court as obtained. Letters of Administration after Writ No.7 issued. Notes of opening 1st Plaintiff: 7 shares in own right) speeches 1st Plaintiff: 8 for her mother of Counsel 1st Plaintiff: 14 for Sabli not subject) 29 21st July of this litigation 1982) 10 2nd Plaintiff: 14 in own right as from (continued) 1963 3rd Plaintiff: 7 as administratrix of his mother registered on 11.4.79 As administratrix granted Letters of Administration on 26.8.78. 4th Plaintiff: 14 shares from 1963 in own right. 20 1st Plaintiff holds for mother Norsalam her mother who died in 1969 - 8 shares, 1st Plaintiff for Sabli her brother who died in 1963. 14 shares. 3rd Plaintiff holds for Dayang Aji mother who died in 1948 - 7 shares. Section 17(2) Limitation Enactment will apply. No right accrued against these people until Letters of Administration has been taken out. 30 3 grants Letters of Administration. Ex. P2, P3 and P4. lst Plaintiff 4.11.78 - 8 lst Plaintiff Sabli 5.1.82 - 14 3rd Plaintiff 26.8.78

No. 8

EVIDENCE OF OTHMAN B. AWANG DAMIT

Plaintiffs'
Evidence
No.8
O.B.A.
Damit
Examination

P.W.1 OTHMAN B. AWANG DAMIT affirms in English.

I am Senior Land Officer
I saw original of Ex.Pl. extract issued by Land Office.
Land case referred to No.20/1948
Searches have been made but there is no record in the register of case No.20/1948
Probate and Administration Enactment, 1952, Land Office procedure in existence prior to 1952.

In the High Court Plaintiffs' Evidence No.8 O.B.A.Damit Examination 21st July 1982 (continued)		I don't know position before 1952. I don't have original but have a second copy of letter from the Land Office to Haji Ibrahim bin Hj. Hussain. 2nd Plaintiff dated 15.2.67. I produce copy of letter with certified translation; Ex.P5 and P5a. No personal knowledge. No other documents in file. Defendant made no claim to Land Office Lot No.234. Extract from District Register 218. No one previously made any claim to adverse possession.	10
Cross- Examination	G	CROSS-EXAMINED s-Examination	
	Cros	5-Examination	
	Q.	First line of letter not signed by you?	
	A.	No first in Land Office in 1973.	
•	Q.	Refer at top PTB LOB 236/63 does it mean application made?	20
	A.	Yes.	
	Q.	Do you know where land is?	
	Α.	<pre>Kianggeh Down town area. Sungei = River.</pre>	
	Q.	Nature of land?	
	A.	It is Kampong Kianggeh (village). 9/10 acres.	
	Q.	Prime land now?	
	A.	Yes.	30
	Q.	Any procedure Land Office for adverse possession.	
	Α.	Section 26 and Section 25 in the Land Code. I have experience of injunction.	
	No R	e-examination.	
No.9 H.T.B.Hussin		No. 9	
Examination 21st July		EVIDENCE OF H.T.B. HUSSIN	
1982	P.W.	2 HAJJAH TAMPOI BINTE HAJI MATUSSIN a HAJI HUSSIN affirms in Malay.	
		I am married with 12 children. About 65. I live at Kampong Berakas, Perpindahan. I am first Plaintiff. I know Defendant. I am claiming land.	40

In the High Court

Plaintiff's Evidence

No.9 H.T.B. Hussin

Examination

21st July

Cross-

1982

Cross-Examination

- Q. Do you ever live on the land?
- A. No.
- Q. What about your parents?
- A. No.
- Q. Any member of family build house or receive rents re land?
- A. No.
- 10 Q. Ever pay any quit rents to Government (Annual rent)?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Any proof?
 - A. I can remember.
 - Q. Did you know yearly sum paid to Government?
 - A. I don't know.
 - Q. Did you or any of the family exercise any control over the land?
- 20 A. I did not control land.
 - Q. Did family exercise control over land?
 - A. I don't know.

RE-EXAMINED

Re-Examination

Re-Examination

- Q. Father never lived on land you know that or you don't know he lived on land?
- A. I don't know.

No. 10

In the High Court

Plaintiffs' Evidence No.10 H.I.H.Hussir

EVIDENCE OF HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN

P.W.3 HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN affirms in Malay

H.I.H.Hussin Examination 21st July 1982

Live at Kampong Kianggeh. I am about 70. I am 2nd Plaintiff. I am married, 3 children here other child passed away. I am a butcher. I have been holding the title Ex.Pl. Title came from the Government in 1960.

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Title came from the Government in 1960.

My name entered 1963, came from father.

1st Plaintiff is my sister.

4th Plaintiff is my younger brother.

3rd Plaintiff is son of my sister Dayang Aji.

I know Defendant stay in same kampong. He lives across the river. One river across.

When father passed away a search was made and land was then discovered in 1960 when father died.

Father died after Japanese occupation. I myself and father built a house of land made of wood.

House was occupied by a relative. He has now passed away. He occupied house before father passed away and left before father died.

Mangoes and coconuts on land shared amongst ourselves together with the Defendant.

I don't know how many houses built on land.

Defendant's brother and children built houses on the land. After houses were built negotiations between them before.

I took part. I can't remember date. That is after my name was registered in Land Office.
Mr.

also attended this negotiation.

Mr. not present but he knew about it.

We talked about land title. 4th Plaintiff was present during negotiation.

I received Ex.P5.

Cross-Examination

CROSS-EXAMINED

Cross-Examination

Q. Father died after Japanese Occupation.
Was it a few years after?

A. I can't remember.

You and father built house on land and let relative live in house before father died and he stayed 3 years. What happened to the house?

A. Collapsed.

Q.

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- Q. When did relative stay there?
- A. During Japanese occupation.
- Q. Nobody looked after house after he left?
- A. Ismail stayed there after, our relation. Ismail is a relative of mine.
- Q. How long there?
- A. Almost 1 year.
- Q. After that?
- A. He left and went to Miri and the house collapsed.
- Q. Never set up another house there?
- A. Yes.
- 20 Q. You never built house there?
 - A. I had my own land.
 - Q. Your father ever lived on land?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Land at time when you and father built house was it mainly jungle?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Swampy?
 - A. Yes, mangrove inibalu (family of coconut trees).
 - Q. Mangrove not deliberately cultivated?
- 30 A. Owner cultivates.
 - Q. Who share crops with?
 - A. Amongst ourselves.
 - Q. Any crops now?

In the High Court

Plaintiffs'
Evidence
No.10
H.I.H.Hussin
CrossExamination
21st July
1982

(continued)

In the High Court	A. Coconuts, and mangoes still.					
Plaintiffs'	Q. When last time share crops?					
Evidence No.10	A. I can't remember.					
H.I.H.Hussin Cross-	Q. Land when father had it worth much?					
Examination 21st July	A. No.					
1982	No re-examination.					
(continued)	Case for Plaintiff.					
Defendant's Evidence No.11 H.M.P.Rahman Examination	No.11 EVIDENCE OF HAJI MATUSSIN B.PENGARAH RAHMAN	10				
21st July 1982	Defendant HAJI MATUSSIN B. PENGARAH RAHMAN affirms in Malay, born in 1895.					
	I live at Kampong Sungai Kianggeh. I am a businessman selling meat. Land I live on is land in dispute. I have been there ever since I was 12. Land used to belong to my father. After father bought, I stayed on it since 12 on land.					
	I know the Plaintiffs. None of them lived on the land. Father of the Plaintiffs Haji Hussin never lived on the land. Plaintiffs never shared any fruits, why should I. I lived on land and I built houses on	20				
	land to rent out for many years. I collect rent as I built there. I pay quit rent, annual rent to Government my father's property. It is for the whole property. I consider whole property is my father's. I make use of it as my own.	30				
Cross-	CROSS-EXAMINED					
Examination	Cross-Examination:					
	Q. Your name not entered on title?					
	A. No.					
	Q. Why not entered on title?					

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Α.

It is not easy as I have to apply for Letter of Administration to my late father 40 and we are 3 brothers. Q. Why difficult?

- In the High Court
- A. All 3 of us always say do it later.
- Q. Have you applied to the Kathi (Religious Department of Brunei) for a certificate of distribution to your father's estate?
- Defendant's
 Evidence
 No.11
 H.M.P.Rahman
 CrossExamination
 21st July
 1982

- A. Never.
- Q. About what date father die?

(continued)

- A. Father passed away in Mecca at age of 65 when I was about
 - Q. Before German war?
 - A. German war first, Japanese second.
 - Q. Did father die before German war or after?
 - A. Before German war.
 - Q. 2 brothers still alive?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Do they have a share in land?
 - A. Yes, our custom is even to share a little.
- Q. You ask for your name to be substituted for Plaintiffs?
 - A. I want three of us on title.
 - Q. Do you know person called Probate Officer?
 - A. I did not apply.
 - Q. You know there is a Probate Officer?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Do you know when person dies property goes to Probate Officer?
 - A. Yes.
- 30 Q. When first know existence of title deed?
 - A. My father's land, how can I know?
 - Q. Did father hold this title?
 - A. I know.
 - Q. Before German war?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Did father hold it in his hand?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Why not in your possession now?
- A. This land after father died it was in mother's hand and when mother died, I search for title. I don't know where it was.

In the High Court	Q.	Do you know half of land was sold by father of the Plaintiffs?	
Defendant's Evidence	Α.	No. Never sold if sold I never put my signature.	
No.11 H.M.P.Rahman Cross-	Q.	Did you make any claim to Land Office?	
Examination 21st July 1982	Α.	I did claim from Land Office. I ask them: the Plaintiffs how they can get the land?	
(continued)	Q.	Which Plaintiff?	
	Α.	I don't know them if I know them it is different.	10
	No r	e-examination	
	Case	for the Defendant	
No.12 Notes of		No. 12	
closing speeches		NOTES OF CLOSING SPEECHES OF COUNSEL	
of Counsel 21st July 1982	Mr.	Choo:	
		Doctrine adverse possession acquired	
		after statutory period elapsed. Megarry 4th Edition Page 1003 on Real	20
		Property Chapter 16. Section 3 Limitation Enactment 1962.	
		Item 87 Page 15 1962. 3 years prior to issue of writ is	
		limitation of Plaintiffs' entitlement on assumption they succeed but I submit	
		all this have been extinguished under Section 26. Page 8.	
		Item 112 Page 18. Section 17(2) to 6. Mr.Ball submits	30
		time not start to run until Letters of Administration obtained. This is not relevant and incorrect.	
		17(2) says only if right accrued after that. Right to institute possession was long ago vested in Plaintiffs'	
		father and that is when time begins to run.	
		Defendant contends Plaintiff must fail and therefore counterclaim must succeed. Pleadings make case clear.	40
		Statement of Claim Para.10-16.	

- Amended Defence None of Plaintiffs have possession of land and Defendant had possession since small

boy used it exclusively. In the He has paid annual rent to Government. High Court Demand made by Plaintiffs. Para.13. (Land Office sending notice to occupant No.12 of land for annual rent). Notes of EDR 234 Lot No. closing Reply Para. 2. speeches Section 9 Land Code Cap.40. of Counsel Ex.Pl. in perpetuity. Therefore can 21st July 10 be no reversion under Section 3. 1982 private land. Section 9 does not assist Plaintiff (continued) as Plaintiff did not have permanent physical occupancy. O'Connor J. at Page 2. Section 9 will lead to complication. Clause must be read as a whole. Section 27 conceded Defendant no title. 2 aspects to Defendant's claim. 20 First Section 3 Limitation Enactment. Shoe of defence. Second right of Plaintiff extinguished Section 26 spear of counterclaim. Right of Plaintiff if extinguished therefore fall to Defendant. Section 27 is irrelevant and does not help Plaintiffs. Defendant has prescriptive title to land that has to be perfected by registration under Section 26. 30 Section 29 - Land Code. Section 26 - Land Code. Section 29. Plaintiff re Torrens. Civil Appeal 1/08. 1908 Innes Report Page 112. Registration of Titles Regulation 1891 of the Federated Malay States Section 7. We don't have similar provision in our law but have Section 3 and Section 26 of 40 Limitation Enactment 1962. Unless express provision in the Land Code is excluded Section 3 of Limitation Enactment, doctrine of adverse possession must be part of the Law of Brunei. National Land Code of Malaysia. Tenure and Land Dealings in the Malay States by David Wong, Advocate & Solicitor of Supreme Court of Singapore Page 379. Application incompatibility between Land 50 Code and Limitation Enactment but I submit is not. Provision of earlier statutory Land Code must

187 Maxwell 12th Edition.

give in to later statutory Limitation Enactment.

In the 193 Maxwell. High Court Corea v. Appuhamy 1912. Appeal Case 230. No.12 Page 236. Notes of Page 235: Defendant had title common to all Unity of title. closing speeches Defendant is not a co-owner with the of Counsel 21st July Plaintiffs. 1982 Section 13(1) Probate & Administration Enactment I don't think Section 13 10 assists the Plaintiffs. (continued) Mr. Ball: Defendant's father's date of death uncertain. No period of limitation prior to 1.9.62. Not concerned. 2 defects in counterclaim. 1. No period of limitation had expired at date of writ although he had physical possession, he did not have exclusive possession as half 20 land belonged to father is vested with Probate Officer and never any Letters of Administration of Hussin and Letters of Administration of 3 persons representing protected then until 1978. Mode of acquisition of title in reply only mode of acquisition in Brunei under Section 3 Land Code or under Section 26 30 as a person showing he is entitled to be registered. Claimant must show he has benefit of Section 26 of Limitation Act that he is lawfully entitled to be registered and title not lapsed into the state. My friend said long dormant case, but 1948-1967. Sub-division 1967 Ex.P5. Item 87 re Limitation 3 years collection of rents, I agree 40 My friend said Section 17(2) Limitation Enactment no relevance as right to institute arose long ago. Neither in pleading, or in his evidence no date mentioned as to when right accrued. He said right accrued to father before he died but only dealing with Enactment 1962. References to father do not arise. 50 Section 3 Land Code my friend said once

alienated in perpetuity, I refer to

consequences.

Refer to Section 9. Section 9(4), 9(5).

In the Section 9 - occupancy. I rely on High Court Oxford English Dictionary. Disagree with O'Connor J's judgment. No.12 Literal meaning. Notes of Right going to someone else who is in better position that the Defendant. closing This is not correct. Prescriptive speeches title to land. This has not been of Counsel 21st July proved. 1982 10 Neither Section 26 or Section 29 Land Code does not support this (continued) As he is not claiming ½ title and is concerned with undivided share there is a lacuna to exclusive possession. Otherwise e.g. his brother or Probate Officer is. Defendant has not shown an exclusive possession as against another claimant. Selangor application unless specific 20 permission given for limitation, it may be reasonably be expected to be excluded. Incompatibility Section 26 Limitation Enactment 112. Adverse possession therefore no conflict. In present state of Land Code no conflict with Limitation Enactment. No amendment of words. Limitation - one may not come with 30 application because of present state of Land Law. Limitation provisions do not apply. Defendant on pleading claim agrees whole world would but not case today. Corea v. Appuhamy - only refers to fact that he was claiming against whole world. Mr. Choo: Ramalakshamma v Ramanna Page 734. When time commences to run M.L.J.MELAH equivalent to our Section 17(1). Date 40 runs from adverse possession. 110 may apply instead of 112. Mr.Ball: Time does not go back beyond 1967. Mr.Choo: I concede Limitation Enactment does not apply retrospectively. Mr.Choo: Limitation Enactment 1967 successor to 1918 Enactment until repealed.

50 Court: Judgment reserved.

spectively.

(Sgd) B.L.Jones 21.7.82

runs. Section 13 Limitation Enactment preserves time therefore operates retro-

In the High Court

No. 13

No.13 Notes of Submissions of Counsel 4th August 1982

NOTES OF SUBMISSIONS OF COUNSEL

4th August, 1982

Mr. Siong: I ask for an order for

possession.

Mr. Choo: I submit order for possession

cannot be applied for as it constitutes a different form

of action.

Plaintiffs not entitled to an

order for possession.

Mr. Siong: I apply for costs.

Mr. Choo: I submit due to delay there

should be no order as to costs.

(Sgd) B.L.Jones 4.8.82

No.14
Judgment
of High
Court
4th August
1982

No. 14

JUDGMENT OF HIGH COURT

Coram: Jones, J.

Date: 4th August, 1982

JUDGMENT

This action involves a dispute with regard to the title of Lot No.234 recorded in the Land Office District Register as E.D.R. No.218 in the District of Brunei.

The Plaintiffs who are related to each other are the registered owners of one half of the undivided shares of the land. They have inherited their shares from the one half share held by Haji Hussin bin Abdullah who died sometime between 1939 and 1948. His sons, the 2nd and 4th Plaintiffs each hold 14/128 undivided shares in their own right. The 1st Plaintiff, a daughter holds in her own right 7/128 undivided share, and 8/128 undivided share as administratrix of the estate of her mother Peng.Noorsalam bte Peng.Tengah who died in 1949. Letters of Administration to her mother's estate were obtained by the

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1st Plaintiff on the 4th of November, 1978. The 1st Plaintiff also holds 14/128 undivided share as administratrix of the estate of her brother Sabli bin Haji Hussin who died in 1963. Letters of Administration to the estate of her brother were obtained by the 1st Plaintiff on the 5th of January, 1982. The share of Sabli is not the subject matter of the present action.

In the High Court

No.14
Judgment
of High
Court
4th August
1982

(continued)

The 3rd Plaintiff is the grandson of Haji Hussin bin Abdullah and holds 7/128 undivided share as administratrix of his mother Dayang Aji binte Haji Hussin, who died in 1948. The 3rd Plaintiff obtained a grant of Letters of Administration to her estate on the 26th of August, 1978.

The registered owner of the other half share is the Defendant's deceased father. No grant of administration has been made in respect of his estate although it is believed that he died over fifty years ago. As a result the estate is vested in the Probate Officer pursuant to Section 18 of the Probate and Administration Enactment 1955.

The Defendant who is now aged 87 has lived on the land since his father became entitled to his share in 1915. He has built houses on the land and receives rent from the tenants. The Defendant pays annual quit rents to the Government. He said that none of the Plaintiffs or their predecessors in title ever lived on the land whilst he has never shared the crops.

The 2nd Plaintiff testified that he and his father at one time built a house on the land which was occupied by another relative. Sometime after it became vacant the house collapsed. He also claimed that the crops that were cultivated on the land were shared. This evidence was understandably vague. Nevertheless, it appears that neither the Plaintiffs nor their parents ever lived on the land.

The Plaintiffs in their Writ claim :-

- (a) An account to be taken of all the moneys collected by way of rentals and use of the land by the Defendant;
- (b) An order for payment;
- (c) Demolition of all the buildings and structures on the said Lot 218,
 District of Brunei put up by the

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In the High Court

Defendant without the knowledge and consent of the Plaintiffs;

No.14
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of High
Court
4th August
1982

(d) Damages, and

(e) Any further and other relief as the Court may deem fit and proper.

(continued)

However, the action is essentially one for possession which was specifically applied for by Mr. Ball at the conclusion of his final submission for the Plaintiffs.

By his amended defence the Defendant admits that he has for upwards of 15 years prior to the issue of the Writ on the 19th of June, 1979 been in adverse possession of the land and has without the consent of the Plaintiffs erected buildings thereon. He admits that he has not shared the rentals received from the land.

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The Defendant claims that the Plaintiffs' action is barred under Section 3 of the Limitation Enactment 1962 and that their rights 20 and title to the land have been extinguished under Section 26. Section 26 in conjunction with either item 110 or item 112 of the Schedule will extinguish the right and title of a Plaintiff to immovable property at the end of a period of twelve years from the date when the possession of the Defendant becomes adverse to that of the Plaintiff.

"Item 110 refers to possession of immovable property, when the plaintiff, while in possession of the property has been dis-possessed or has discontinued the possession."

whilst

"Item 112 refers to possession of immovable property or any interest therein not hereby otherwise specially provided for."

Upon the evidence I find as a fact that the land has never been occupied by the Plain- 40 tiffs or their predecessors in title so that Item 110 does not apply.

Accordingly in order for item 112 to apply the Defendant must prove adverse possession.

The Defendant seeks by way of counterclaim a declaration that the Plaintiffs' claims are barred and their rights and title have been extinguished and a declaration under Sections 26 and 29 of the Land Code for rectification of the Land Register that his name be entered and registered as the owner of 50/128 undivided shares being the Plaintiffs' respective shares that are the

subject matter of this action.

In their reply the Plaintiffs contend that the Defendant's possession of the land is illegal by virtue of Section 13 of the Probate and Administration Enactment 1955.

In the High Court

No.14 Judgment of High Court 4th August 1982

(continued)

Section 13 provides:

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"(1) No person other than the Probate Officer shall assume possession of, dispose of or deal with the assets of a deceased person unless he has obtained a grant of probate or letters of administration from the Probate Officer.....

> Provided that a relative or friend of a deceased person may take possession of any asset for the purpose of safe keeping pending the issue of probate or letters of administration by the Probate Officer....

Having regard to the proviso, I do not consider that the Defendant's occupation of the land is illegal.

30 The Plaintiffs in the alternative aver that as the Defendant derived occupation as a result of his father's ownership, his possession could never be adverse to that of the Plaintiffs as registered owners or to the previous registered owners.

> Mr. Ball submits that in any event the Defendant's claim must fail because it has not been registered under Section 27 of the Land Code which states :

"No claim to or interest in any land shall be valid unless it has been registered in the Land Office."

Apart from this Section, Mr. Ball argues that the Plaintiffs' claim is indefeasible by virtue of Section 9(1) of the Land Code which provides:

> "Every title by entry in the Register shall vest in the person named therein and such

In the High Court

No.14
Judgment
of High
Court
4th August
1982

(continued)

person shall have a permanent transmissible and transferable estate, interest and occupancy of his land subject to the provisions of this section or such lesser estate as shall be specified in the entry."

Melah binte Indot v. Tambysah bin Hj.

Kassim & Ors. (1941) M.L.J. page 70 was cited by Mr. Choo as authority that one of two tenants in common can acquire a right against the other tenant in common by adverse possession. However, whether there has been adverse possession is a question of fact.

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For the Defendant to succeed he must prove that he has been in adverse possession of the land for the statutory period of twelve years. Mr. Choo during his submission for the Defendant did not suggest a date from which time should be held to run, but it appears to be his case that mere possession of upwards of 15 years prior to the issue of the writ will suffice.

In order to establish adverse possession there must be clear evidence of denial of the Plaintiffs' title. There must have been some positive action by the Defendant to show that he intended to acquire the ownership of the Plaintiffs' shares. Mere passive occupation will not suffice.

After the death of Hajo Hussin bin 30 Abdullah, action was taken on behalf of the Plaintiffs in 1948 to register their title with the Land Office. Although the Land Office has no record of this claim, evidence was produced to show the land case number and the land claim number. Ultimately the Plaintiffs' title was registered in 1963.

Again in 1967, a letter was received by the 2nd Plaintiff from the Land Office with regard to an application for sub-division of the land. As one of the co-owners had died the application could not proceed until a grant had been made to the estate.

Prior to the issue of the Writ, there was no evidence of any overt act by the Defendant to support his claim to adverse possession of the land to the exclusion of the Plaintiffs. No notice or indication has ever been given to the Plaintiffs before this action commenced that the Defendant regarded his 50 occupation as exclusive and adverse to their title, whilst no claim has been made at any time by the Defendant to register his claim with the Land Office.

Although the Plaintiffs have never claimed a share of the profits or of the rentals, it would appear in earlier years when fruit was grown on the land that such profits would in any event be small and of little consequence. In my opinion, their failure to do so did not amount to an abandonment of their claim to title.

In the High Court

No.14
Judgment
of High
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(continued)

The Plaintiffs naturally it seems, devoted themselves to their own land and affairs leaving the Defendant to retain possession of the land in Suit to look after as he pleased. Whilst the Plaintiffs may be criticised on the ground of laches, they may be equally applied to the Defendant in not taking steps to obtain a grant of administration to his father's estate and to register his own claim with the Land Office. Further he does not appear to have exclusive possession for he testified that his two brothers will be entitled to a share.

Having regard to the evidence, I am not satisfied that the Defendant has been in adverse possession. The claim of the Plaintiffs is not therefore barred under Section 3 of the Limitation Enactment 1962 nor has their title been extinguished under Section 26. view of my decision on adverse possession it becomes unnecessary for me to consider for the purpose of this judgment the other matters raised by Mr. Ball. However, I am inclined to agree with the opinion of O'Connor, J. expressed in his judgment that he delivered in this action on the 23rd of May, 1981 when he set aside the judgment obtained against the Defendant in default of appearance.

Having regard to the considerable delay that has occurred in this matter, I do not consider that it is a proper case for an account to be taken or for an award of damages.

By their conduct the Plaintiffs impliedly allowed the Defendant to deal with the land in such manner as he thought fit. I am sure that they were fully aware that the buildings had been erected by the Defendant. As a result, I am not prepared to make an order for their demolition.

There will be an order for possession in favour of the Plaintiffs with a stay of execution until further order of the Court. No order as to costs.

(Sgd) Jones, J. Commissioner of the Supreme Court Brunei

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In the High Court

No. 15

ORDER OF HIGH COURT

No.15 Order of High Court 4th August 1982

ORDER

Upon this action coming up for hearing this day AND UPON HEARING MR. HUMPHREY BALL and MR. LUCAS SIONG both Counsel for the Plaintiffs and MR. CHOO FAH SEN and MR. CHAN TUAN CHAI, both Counsel for the Defendant. IT IS ORDERED as follows:-

a. that there be no order for damages or for an account or for demolition of the buildings on the said land;

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- b. that there be an order for possession in favour of the Plaintiffs with a stay of execution until further order of the Court;
- c. that the Defendant's counter-claim be and is hereby dismissed;
- d. there shall be no order as to costs.

Dated this 4th day of August 1982.

(Sqd) M.Ali Salleh

JUDGE/CHIEF REGISTRAR High Court, Brunei

ENTERED No.166 of 1982

No. 16

NOTICE OF APPEAL

In the Court of Appeal

No.16 Notice of Appeal

23rd August 1982

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF BRUNEI

(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)

CIVIL APPEAL NO.4 OF 1982

BETWEEN

HAJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN

Appellant

AND

10 HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE HAJI MATUSIN a HAJI HUSSIN

(Suing as the Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam bte Pengiran Tengah and on her own behalf)

First Respondent

HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Second Respondent

PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN PENGIRAN PETRA (Suing as the Administrator

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of the Estate of Dayang Aji bte Haji Hussin)

Third Respondent

HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Fourth Respondent

IN THE MATTER OF CIVIL SUIT NO.167 OF 1979

IN THE HIGH COURT OF THE STATE OF BRUNEI HOLDEN AT BANDAR SERI BEGAWAN

BETWEEN

HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE HAJI MATUSIN a HAJI HUSSIN

(Suing as the Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam

the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam bte Pengiran Tengah and on her own behalf)

First Plaintiff

HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Second Plaintiff

PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN
PENGIRAN PETRA
(Suing as the Administrator of
the Estate of Dayang Aji bte
Haji Hussin)

Third Plaintiff

of Appeal

In the Court HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Fourth Plaintiff

No.16 Notice of Appeal 1982

AND

HAJI MATUSSIN BIN 23rd August PENGARAH RAHMAN

Defendant

(continued)

NOTICE OF APPEAL

(Order 55 Rule 3)

TAKE NOTICE that the above-named Appellant being dissatisfied with the judgment of the Honourable Mr. Justice Jones given at Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei on the 4th day of August, 1982 appeal to the Court of Appeal against the whole of the said Judgment

Dated this 23rd day of August, 1982

(Signed) CHOO CHAN & WONG Advocates for the Appellant/ Defendant

TO: 1) The Registrar, The High Court, Bandar Seri Begawan

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2) The above-named Respondents and their Advocates, Messrs. Ho & Siong No.63 (First Floor) Jalan McArthur, Bandar Seri Begawan Brunei

This Notice of Appeal is filed by Messrs. Choo Chan & Wong Advocates for the Appellant/ 30 Defendant, whose address for service is at Room 52 Britannia House, Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei.

MEMORANDUM OF APPEAL

In the Court of Appeal

No.17 Memorandum of Appeal 14th December 1982

- 1. The learned trial judge erred in law in holding that since neither the Plaintiffs nor their predecessors in title occupied the land Item 110 of the Schedule to the Limitation Enactment, 1962 does not apply. The Learned trial judge failed to consider that the essence of Item 110 is possession and that there is ample evidence to show that the Plaintiffs or their predecessors in title were previously in possession of the land or had at least exercised rights over the land consistent with possession:-
 - (i) at pages 9 and 10 of the Notes of Evidence, Haji Ibrahim bin Haji Hussin (P.W.3) said that he and his father built a house on the land;
 - (ii) at pages 9 and 10 of the Notes of Evidence P.W.3 said he and his father allowed their relatives to occupy the house until its collapse during the Japanese Occupation; and
 - (iii) at pages 9 and 11 of the Notes of Evidence, the Plaintiffs together with the Defendant shared the crops from the land.
- II. The learned trial judge failed to consider that there is ample evidence to show that the Plaintiffs and their predecessors or at least the Second Plaintiff (P.W.3) and his father discontinued possession of the land after the collapse of the house they built.
- III. The learned trial judge in holding that the land has never been occupied by the Plaintiffs or their predecessors in title erred in fact when the evidence of P.W.3. was clearly to the contrary.
 - IV. The learned trial judge, in holding that "there was no evidence of any overt act by the Defendant to support his claim to adverse possession" and that the Defendant had no exclusive possession failed to give sufficient weight or consider the evidence

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In the Court adduced to the contrary :of Appeal (i) that the Defendant has lived No.17 on the land since he was 12 vears old: Memorandum of Appeal 14th December (ii) that the Defendant has built 1982 houses on the land for letting out for many years; (continued) (iii) that the Defendant has collected and kept for himself the rents derived from such letting out 10 to the exclusion of all the Plaintiffs: (iv) that the Defendant has paid the Government of Brunei quit rent for the whole piece of land even though his father was only a registered co-owner of one-half share of the land: (v) that the Defendant's possession of the land did not derive from 20 any lawful title or from a title common with that of the Plaintiffs and he was therefore a stranger in law to the Plaintiffs; (vi) that the Plaintiffs never lived on the land. v. The learned trial judge in holding that "there was no evidence of any overt act by the Defendant to support his claim to 30 adverse possession" and that the Defendant had no exclusive possession failed to consider the pleadings of both parties to the contrary :-(i) that it was alleged by the Plaintiffs in their Statement of Claim and admitted by the Defendant in his Defence that he had in the year 1964 erected, without the 40 consent and knowledge of the Plaintiffs inter-connected onestorey buildings on the land, and that these buildings were divided into rooms and let out to various tenants: (ii) that it was alleged by the

Plaintiffs in their Statement of Claim and admitted by the Defendant in his Defence that he has been

receiving rents from the various tenants and occupiers of Appeal of the rooms in the building to the exclusion of all the Plaintiffs; and

In the Court

No.17 Memorandum of Appeal 14th December 1982

(continued)

- (iii) that it was alleged by the Plaintiffs in their Statement of Claim and admitted by the Defendant in his Defence that the Plaintiffs have not been able to make use of the land as a result of "the unlawful occupations, possession and illegal use of the land by the Defendant."
- The learned trial judge erred in law VI. in holding that "for the Defendant to succeed he must prove that he has been in adverse possession of the land for the statutory period of twelve years" when the onus was on the Plaintiffs to prove that the possession of the land by the Defendant was permissive and not adverse.
- VII. The learned trial judge erred in law in holding that in order for the Defendant to establish a claim for adverse possession, he must give notice or indicate to the Plaintiffs before this action commenced that he, the Defendant regarded his occupation as exclusive and adverse to the Plaintiffs' title.
- VIII. The learned trial judge erred in law in holding that it was necessary for the Defendant in order to establish his claim on the ground of adverse possession to register his claim with the Land Office when the proper and correct procedure was for the Defendant to seek a declaration from the learned trial judge in the terms of Counter-claim.
- IX. The learned trial judge in holding that the Plaintiffs had never claimed a share of the profits or of the rentals, erred in fact when the evidence of P.W.3 was clearly to the contrary.
- Х. The learned trial judge erred in law in holding that the Defendant has no exclusive possession because "his two brothers will be entitled to a share". The learned trial judge failed to consider that the Defendant's claim is only against

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In the Court of Appeal No.17 Memorandum of Appeal 14th December 1982 (continued)	the Plaintiffs' share of the land, and not against his brothers' hereditary or other rights over their father's share of the land.				
	XI. The learned trial judge erred in fact in holding that the Defendant has no exclusive possession merely because of his statement that "his two brothers will be entitled to a share".				
	XII. The learned trial judge erred in law in allowing the Plaintiff's application to claim for possession of the land at the conclusion of Plaintiffs' counsel's final submission when the same was not pleaded.	10			
	Dated this 14th day of December, 1982.				
	(Sgd) Choo Chan & Wong				
	CHOO CHAN & WONG Advocates for the Appellant				
	TO: The Chief Registrar The High Court, Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei				
	AND TO: The abovenamed Respondents and their Advocates,				
	Messrs. Ho & Siong No.63 (First Floor) Jalan McArthur Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei				
No.18	No.18				
Notice of Cross- Appeal	NOTICE OF CROSS-APPEAL	30			
11th April 1983	TAKE NOTICE that Hajjah Tampoi bte Haji Matusin a Haji Hussin, Haji Ibrahim bin Haji Hussin, Pengiran Haji Ismail bin Pengiran Petra and Haji Abdul Rahman bin Haji Hussin, the abovenamed Respondents/Plaintiffs will cross-appeal to the Court of Appeal against such part of the judgment of the Learned Judge entered in this action and dated the 4th day of August, 1982 as decided				

That this is not a proper case for an account to be taken or for an award of damages which is objected to in point of law on the ground that an order for 1. 40 accounts was made on the 29th day of September, 1980, and was never appealed against and in point of fact on the ground that the Respondents/Plaintiffs are entitled to a share of the rents.

In the Court of Appeal

No.18 Notice of Cross-Appeal 11th April 1983

(continued)

2. That there should be no order for demolition which is objected to in point of law on the ground that the buildings are illegally erected and jeopardise the title of the registered proprietors.

Dated this 11th day of April, 1983

(Signed) HO & SIONG
Advocates for the
Respondents/Plaintiffs

To: The Registrar
High Court,
Bandar Seri Begawan

20 Brunei

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The abovenamed Appellant and his Advocates, M/S Choo, Chan & Wong, Room 52, Britannia House, Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei

This Notice of Cross Appeal is filed by Messrs. Ho & Siong Advocates for the Respondents/Plaintiffs whose address for service is at No.63 (1st Floor) Jalan McArthur, Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei

No.19

JUDGMENT OF COURT OF APPEAL

In the Matter of Civil Suit No. 167 of 1979

Coram:

Briggs, P. (President) Leonard, C. (Commissioner) Kempster, C. (Commissioner)

JUDGMENT

40 Kempster, C.

In these proceedings both plaintiffs and defendant appealed from a judgment of

No.19
Judgment of
Court of
Appeal
21st May
1983

In the Court of Appeal

No.19 Judgment of Court of Appeal 21st May 1983

(continued)

Mr. Commissioner Jones given on the 4th of August 1982 whereby he made an order for possession of land known as Lot 218 in the district of Brunei in the plaintiffs' favour. In the course of the hearing of the action and of this appeal a number of questions relating to the Land Law of the State have, we are told, been argued for the first time.

The Writ was issued on June 19th 1979 by the registered owners of nearly half of the undivided shares in the land in question naming as defendant the 87 year old son of the long deceased gentleman registered as the owner of the moiety of shares. Registration had, in all instances, been affected pursuant to the provisions of the Land Code which had come into force on the 6th of September, 1909.

The prayer of the Statement of Claim 20 sought an account of rents and profits received by the defendant by reason of his occupation and enjoyment of the land, payment, demolition of buildings erected on the land by the defendant without the knowledge or consent of the plaintiffs, damages and further or other relief.

On July 25th 1979 the plaintiffs signed interlocutory judgment for damages to be assessed and for a final mandatory order for demolition of buildings; all these in default of Defence. But the plaintiffs appear to have taken no steps thereunder because on September 20th 1980 they obtained a separate and inconsistent order, for an account of monies belonging to them which had come into the hands of the defendant, pursuant to Order 15 of the Brunei High Court (Civil Procedure) Rules, which reads :-

> "Where a writ of summons has been indorsed for an account, or where the indorsement on a writ of summons involves taking an account, if the defendant either fails to appear or does not after appearance by affidavit or otherwise satisfy the Court or a Judge that there is some preliminary question to be tried, an order for proper accounts, with all necessary 50 inquiries and directions now usual in similar cases, shall be forthwith made."

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The plaintiffs did not seek to implement this still extant order either but in the fullness of time the defendant made an application to set the default judgment given in July 1979 aside. Mr. Commissioner O'Connor made an order to this effect on the 23rd of May 1981; an order which was upheld by the Court of Appeal on the 18th of November of the same year.

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In the Court of Appeal

No.19
Judgment of
Court of
Appeal
21st May
1983

(continued)

On June 11th 1981 a Defence was filed and on the 27th of that month a Reply. On the 4th of February, 1982 pursuant to an order of the Chief Registrar, an Amended Defence was filed. Upon these pleadings issue was joined and the trial before Mr. Commissioner Jones commenced on the 19th of July of last year.

The defendant claimed title deriving from the provisions of Sections 3 and 25 and Articles 110 and 112 of the Limitation Enactment 1962 which, despite its title, had not come into effect until the 1st of September, 1967; pursuant to Notification No.S203 of that year.

Section 3 of the Limitation Enactment reads:-

"Subject to sections 4 and 24 inclusive (of no significance in the case under consideration) every suit instituted after the period of limitation prescribed therefor by the Schedule of limitation has been set up as a defence (as was the case here) shall be dismissed."

And Section 26:-

"At the determination of the period limited by this Enactment to any person for instituting a suit to recover possession of immovable property, the right and title of such person to the immovable property, for the recovery whereof such suit might have been instituted within such period, shall be extinguished."

Turning to Articles 110 and 112 :-

"No. Description of Suit Period of Time from Limitation which period begins to run

110. For possession of twelve years The date of the immovable property, dispossession

In the Court of Appeal	No.	Description of Suit	Period of Limitation			
No.19 Judgment of Court of Appeal 21st May 1983 (continued)		when the plaintiff, while in possession of the property, has been dispossessed or has discontinued the possession		or discontin- uance	10	
	112	For possession of immovable property or any interest therein not hereby otherwise specially provided for.	years	When the possession of the defendant becomes adverse to the plaintiff		
	are 9(1)	The plaintiffs contended and contend the provisions which I have just read void as being repugnant to Sections, 27 and 28(3) of the Land Code Cap.40 th read:				
		"Section 9(1) :-				
		Every title by entry in the Register shall vest in the person named therein a surface right only to the land specified therein and such person shall have a permanent transmissible and transferable estate, interest and occupancy of his land subject to the provisions of this section or such lesser estate as shall be specified in the entry.				
		Section 27 :-				
		No claim to or interest in any land shall be valid unless it has been registered in the Land Office.				
		Section 28(3)	:-			
		Every entry in the Register shall be taken as conclusive evidence that the person named therein as owner of the land is the absolute and indefeasible owner thereof for the estate specified therein subject to the conditions upon which the original				

entry was made and the title of such proprietor shall not be subject to challenge except on the ground of fraud or misrepresentation to which he is proved to be a party."

No allegation of fraud or misrepresentation is made in the present proceedings.

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In the Court of Appeal

No.19
Judgment of
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1983

(continued)

Though prima facie the provisions of the Limitation Enactment 1962 and of the Land Code are indeed mutually repugnant the strives to reconcile apparently conflicting provisions and, if this be impossible, will hold that the earlier provisions stand repealed by the latter. The facts here falling for consideration are not such as to invoke either the principle "generalia specialibus non derogant" or any legal fiction to the effect that the registered proprietor enjoys a perpetual and constructive possession. On the contrary, to quote Livy, "Ubi duae contrariae leges sunt semper antiquam abrogat nova".

The whole of the Limitation Enactment is surely part of the Law of Brunei though application pursuant to Section 29 of the Land Code is required in order to perfect a title acquired pursuant to Section 26 of the Limitation Enactment as appears to be recognised by the prayer of the "Counterclaim". I shall approach the submissions made on behalf of the parties accordingly.

Article 110 of the Limitation Enactment postulates the cessation of possession by the plaintiffs. In this regard it is, in my view, sufficient to say that there was evidence which entitled the learned Commissioner to find that the plaintiffs did not occupy the land in question within any material period of 12 years.

Article 112 of the Limitation Enactment postulates possession by the defendant adverse to the plaintiffs. The word "plaintiff" is defined in Section 2 of the Enactment to include "any person from or through whom a plaintiff derives his right to sue".

In their representative capacities the first and third plaintiffs could not have sued earlier than 1978 but the Probate Officer, in whom shares in the land were at various periods vested pursuant to Section 18 of the

In the Court of Appeal

No.19
Judgment of
Court of
Appeal
21st May
1983

(continued)

Probate and Administration Enactment 1955, could have done so. Therefore the period of limitation continued to run at least from the 1st of September 1967 when the Limitation Enactment came into force as against those 15/128 undivided shares as it did in relation to the balance of 35/128 undivided shares owned beneficially by the four plaintiffs.

Paragraphs 10 to 14 inclusive of the 10 Statement of Claim positively alleged adverse possession by the defendant since 1964, a period of some 15 years prior to the date of the Writ. Those allegations were admitted in Paragraph 1 of the Amended Defence. There was, therefore, no issue arising at trial between the parties on that score.

In so far as the plaintiffs sought, by way of Reply, to rely on other matters one only has to look at the first paragraph 20 which, in convential form, reads:

> "The plaintiffs joined issue with the defendant on his defence except in so far as it consists of admissions of the Statement of Claim."

The alternative plea in Paragraph 2 that the defendant's occupation could not be adverse constituted a departure in pleading within the meaning of Order 20 Rule 15 of the Rules of the Brunei High Court and should 30 have been struck out at an earlier stage. In any event there was no evidence before the learned Commissioner entitling him to find that the defendant had entered upon the land pursuant to the proviso in Section 13(1) of the Probate and Administration Enactment 1955. He certainly did not report his possession to the Probate Officer pursuant to sub-section 2 and a question may well arise as to whether or not the term "asset" in 40 that proviso includes real property.

The defendant said in evidence that he considered that the whole of the land belonged to his father and that, since his father's death, he had occupied and possessed that land on a like footing. This apparently suited him better than procuring the agreement of his two brothers to making a joint application for letters of administration in respect of a half share which would have 50 yielded him a one-sixth share in the land following registration instead of a whole interest de facto.

The period between the 1st of September 1967 when the Limitation Enactment took effect, and the date of issue of Writ is less than 12 years and does not satisfy Article 112 of the Limitation Enactment. It is therefore necessary for the court to consider the position under the Limitation of Suits Enactment repealed by Section 27 of the Limitation Enactment.

In the Court of Appeal

No.19
Judgment of
Court of
Appeal
21st May
1983

Section 3(g) of the repealed Enactment read:-

(continued)

"Subject to the provisions contained in Sections 4 to 9 inclusive (irrelevant to the present issues) the High Court shall have discretion to dismiss any suit of any other description whatsoever unless instituted within the period of limitation provided therefor under the Limitation Ordinance of the Straits Settlement."

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This sub-section necessarily applied to a suit for possession of land.

The material section of the Limitation Ordinance of the Straits Settlements was Section 3 which read :-

"Subject to sections 4 to 24, (which have no bearing on the matters in issue) every suit instituted after the period of limitation prescribed therefor by the Schedule shall be dismissed, provided that limitation has been set up as a defence."

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Article 112 in the Schedule to the Limitation Ordinance of the Straits Settlements was in exactly the same terms as those of Article 112 of the Limitation Enactment 1962.

The question is therefore posed: "Did the right of the defendant to seek the exercise of the court's discretion in his favour so as to dismiss a claim by the plaintiffs for possession, having regard to his alleged and admitted adverse possession since 1964, survive the repeal of the Limitation of Suits Enactment?" It is here helpful to turn to the provisions of Section 13 which read:-

- "10. The repeal of any written law shall not -
- (c) affect any right, power, obligation, restriction or liability acquired, accrued, imposed or incurred under

In the Court of Appeal

No.19
Judgment of
Court of
Appeal
21st May
1983

(continued)

any written law so repealed;

(e) affect any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, power, obligation, restriction, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and any such restriction liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed, as if the repealing written law had not been passed."

I am further persuaded in the views which I have expressed by a passage from the opinion of Lord Brightman in Yew Bon Tew v Kenderaan Bas Mara (1) which read:

"An accrued right to plead a time bar, which is acquired after the lapse of the statutory period, is in every sense a right, even though it arises under an Act which is procedural. It is a right which is not to be taken away by conferring on the statute a retrospective operation, unless such a construction is unavoidable."

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By parity of reasoning such a right is not to be taken away by refusing a retro- 30 spective operation to the repealing statute unless such a construction is unavoidable.

I would, if it were necessary, exercise a discretion in the defendant's favour having regard to the facts and pleadings to which I have already alluded.

In the premises the plaintiffs' titles were extinguished pursuant to Section 26 of the Limitation Enactment and the defendant (the appellant) succeeds as against the 40 plaintiffs (the respondents) both on the claim and the counterclaim. The appeal is therefore allowed. The relief under Paragraph 2 of the prayer of the counterclaim should, in my view, read: "a declaration and order under Sections 26 and 29 of the Land Code".

Having regard to the terms of Order 55, Rule 15 of the Brunei High Court Rules, I would also discharge the exant order made 50 some years ago pursuant to Order 15.

^{(1) (1982) 3} All E.R. 833 p.839

(Signed) M.E.Kempster Commissioner of the Supreme Court BRUNEI

In the Court of Appeal

Briggs, P. : I agree Leonard, C.: I agree

No.19 Judgment of Court of Appeal 21st May 1983

Counsel: F.S.Choo for Appellant Ian Bond for Respondents

(continued)

Solicitors: Choo Chan & Wong

David Clidero & Co.

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No. 20

ORDER OF COURT OF APPEAL

No.20 Order of Court of Appeal 8th June 1983

BEFORE SIR GEOFFREY BRIGGS, PRESIDENT

MR. JUSTICE LEONARD AND

MR. JUSTICE KEMPSTER

IN OPEN COURT THIS 21ST DAY OF MAY 1983

ORDER

UPON THIS APPEAL AND CROSS APPEAL coming up on the 17th, 18th 19th and 21st day of May 20 1983 for hearing AND UPON HEARING MR CHOO FAH SEN of Counsel for the Appellant and MR IAN BOND of Counsel for the Respondents AND UPON allowing the said Appeal and dismissing the Cross Appeal IT IS DECLARED :-

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That the Respondents' claims are barred 1. by Section 3 of the Limitation Enactment 1962 and their rights and title to the land known as EDR No.218 Lot No.234 situate at Kampong Sungai Kianggeh, Brunei Land District, have been extinquished by virtue of Section 26 of the said Enactment.

AND IT IS FURTHER DECLARED AND ORDERED UNDER SECTION 26 AND SECTION 29 OF THE LAND CODE, CAP.40 :-

2. That the Land Register be rectified to the extent that the name of the abovenamed Appellant HAJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN be entered and registered as the

In the Court owner of 50/128 undivided share of Appeal in the Title Deed of the said land known as EDR No.218 Lot No.234 situate at Kampong Sungai Kianggeh Brunei Land District in place of :-No.20 Order of Court of (a) the above-named First Respondent Appeal HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE HAJI MATUSIN 8th June a HAJI HUSSIN registered as 1983 holding 7/128 undivided share; (continued) 10 (b) the above-named First Respondent HAJJAH TAMPQI BTE HAJI MATUSIN a HAJI HUSSIN registered as holding 8/128 undivided share as Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam binte Pengiran Yengah, deceased; (c) the above-named Second Respondent HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN registered as holding 14/128 undivided share; 20 (d) the above-named Third Respondent PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN PENGARAH PETRA registered as holding 7/128 undivided share as Administrator of the Estate of Dayang Aji binte Haji Hussin, deceased; (e) the above-named Fourth Respondent HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI HUSSIN registered as holding 14/128 30 undivided share. AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED :-That the Respondents do pay the 3. Appellant costs of the Appeal and the Cross Appeal and costs of the Court below. day of 08 JUN 1983 DATED this 1983

(L.S.) (Sgd) M. Ali bin Salleh

BRUNEI

CHIEF REGISTRAR SUPREME COURT

NOTICE OF MOTION FOR LEAVE TO APPEAL

In the Court of Appeal

No.21 Notice of Motion for leave to Appeal 30th May 1983

TAKE NOTICE that the Court will be moved on Saturday the 4th day of June, 1983 at 9.00 o'clock in the forenoon, or so soon thereafter as Advocate can be heard, by Mr. I.C.Bond/Mr.D.T.Clidero Advocates for the above-named Respondents/Plaintiffs for the following orders:-

- (1) that leave be given under Section 4 of the Sarawak, North Borneo and Brunei (Appeal to Privy Council) Order in Council, 1951 to appeal to the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council against the judgment of the Court of Appeal delivered herein at Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei on the 21st day of May, 1983.
- (2) that the Respondents/Plaintiffs may be given a period of six months from the date of this Order to take the necessary steps to procure the preparation of the record of appeal and the despatch thereof to England.

Dated this 30th day of May, 1983

(Signed) David Clidero & Co.

Advocates for the Respondents/Plaintiffs.

Entered No.13 of 1983

This Notice of Motion is taken out by Messrs. David Clidero & Co., Advocates for the Respondents/Plaintiffs, whose address for service is at Suites 409/410, Teck Guan Plaza, 56-60 Jalan Sultan, Bandar Seri Begawan, Brunei.

To the abovenamed Appellant/Defendant and his Advocates,
Messrs. Choo Chan & Wong,
No.52 Britannia House,
Bandar Seri Begawan,
Brunei.

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In the Court of Appeal

No. 22

No.22 Affidavit of F.C.Medlicott F.R.I.C.S. 30th May 1983 AFFIDAVIT OF F.C.MEDLICOTT F.R.I.C.S.

I, FRANCIS CHARLES MEDLICOTT, F.R.I.C.S., of Lands Dept., Bandar Seri Begawan HEREBY MAKE OATH AND SAY as follows:-

- 1. I am employed as a Valuation Officer by the Government of Brunei and have been so employed since 1975.
- 2. As part of my duties as such Land 10 Valuation Officer I value pieces and parcels of land in the District of Brunei.
- 3. I have examined the Certificate of Title relating to EDR No.218 Lot No.234 in the District of Brunei (being the subject matter of this Appeal) and am fully acquainted with the whereabouts of this Lot.
- 4. I estimate the value of the land 20 comprising Lot 235 as somewhere between \$400,000.00 and \$500,000.00 and I say that the value is definitely in excess of \$500.
- 5. I refer to the Notice of Motion applying for leave to appeal to the Privy Council filed herein on the 30th day of May, 1983 and make this Affidavit for the purposes of the same.

SWORN by the said
FRANCIS CHARLES MEDLICOTT (Sgd) Francis C.
At Bandar Seri Begawan Medlicott

Before me
(Sgd) Lo Ket Vui
Registrar, Supreme Court
Duly authorised to Administer Oaths
State of Brunei

Dated this 30th day of May, 1983

No. 23

ORDER ALLOWING CONDITIONAL LEAVE TO APPEAL TO HER MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

BEFORE MR JUSTICE KEMPSTER

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THIS 4TH DAY OF JUNE, 1983

In the Court of Appeal

No.23
Order allowing conditional leave to Appeal to Her Majesty in Council 2nd July 1983

UPON this motion by the Appellants/
Plaintiffs coming up for hearing before this
court on the 4th day of June, 1983 AND UPON
HEARING MR IAN CALLAND BOND of Counsel for
the Appellants/Plaintiffs and MR CHOO FAH SEN
of Counsel for the Respondent/Defendant AND
UPON READING the Affidavit of FRANCIS CHARLES
MEDLICOTT FRICS filed herein on the 30th day
of May 1983 IT IS ORDERED that the Appellants/
Plaintiffs be given leave to appeal upon the
condition that within a period of not exceeding
three months the Plaintiffs enter into good
and sufficient security to the satisfaction of
the Chief Registrar in the sum of \$5,000.00.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the said leave be given to appeal to the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council against the judgment of the Court of Appeal delivered herein pursuant to the Brunei (Appeal to the Privy Council) Orders in Council 1951 and 1963 and that the Plaintiffs be given a period of six months from the date of this Order to take the necessary steps to procure the preparation of the record of appeal and the despatch thereof to England.

Dated this

day of 02 Jul 1983 1983

(L.S.)

M. Ali bin Salleh Chief Registrar Supreme Court Brunei

Entered No.77 of 1983

In the Court of Appeal

No. 24

No.24
Order allowing
final leave
to appeal
to Her
Majesty in
Council
5th December

1983

ORDER ALLOWING FINAL LEAVE TO APPEAL TO HER MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

BEFORE SIR GEOFFREY BRIGGS, PRESIDENT MR. JUSTICE SILKE, J.A. MR. JUSTICE FUAD, J.A.

IN OPEN COURT
THIS 21ST DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1983

ORDER

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UPON this motion by the Appellants/
Plaintiffs coming up for hearing before this
Court on the 21st day of November, 1983
AND UPON HEARING MR. IAN CALLAND BOND of
Counsel for the Appellants/Plaintiffs and
MR. CHOO FAH SEN of Counsel for the Respondent/
Defendant AND UPON READING the Affidavit of
Ian Calland Bond filed herein on the 9th day
of November, 1983 and the Affidavit of Mr.Choo
Fah Sen filed herein on the 19th day of
November, 1983 IT IS ORDERED that the
Appellants/Plaintiffs be given final leave
to appeal to the Judicial Committee of Her
Majesty's Privy Council against the Judgment
of the Court of Appeal delivered herein.

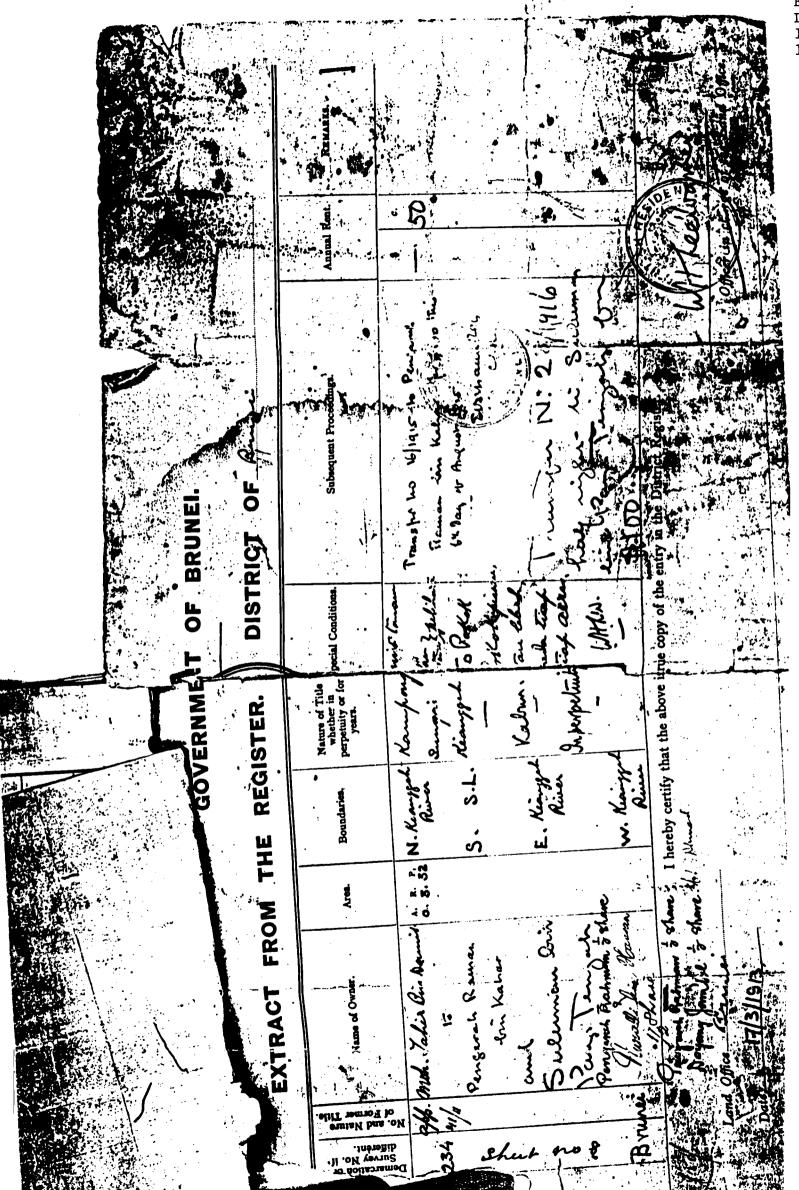
AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that there be a Stay of Execution of Judgment in its entirety including costs until the said Appeal be heard by the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that costs be costs in the Appeal.

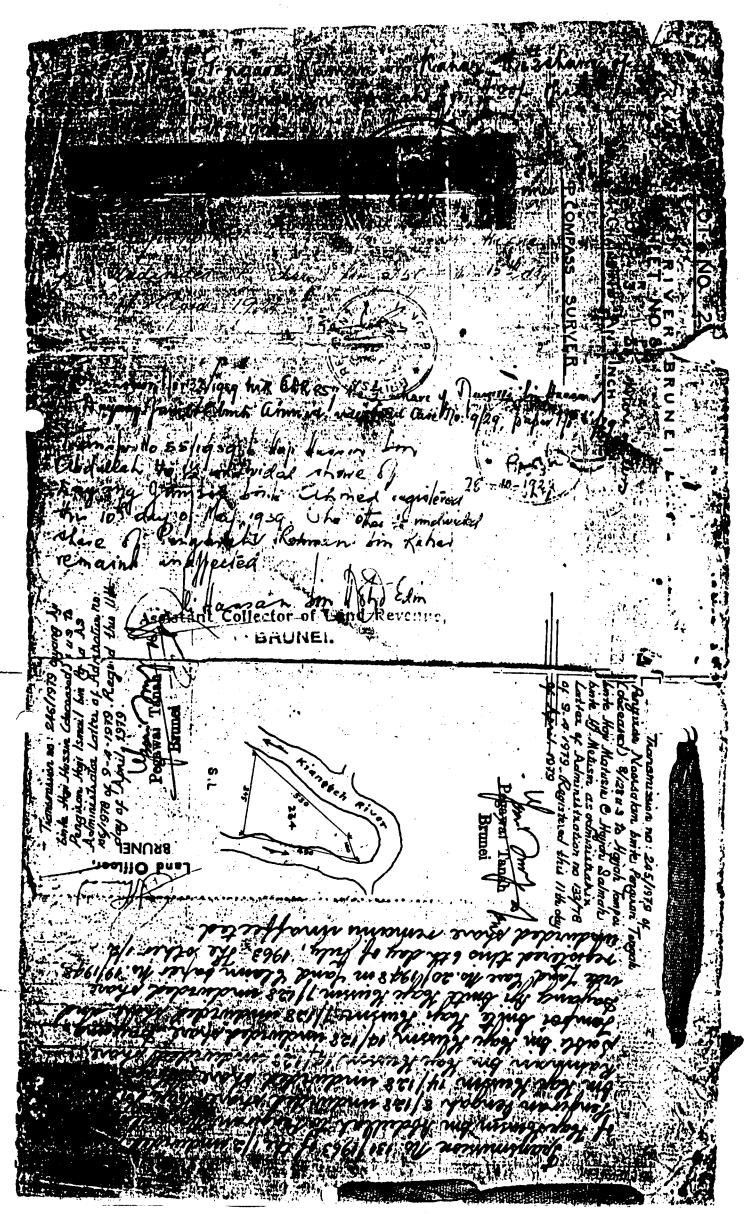
DATED this day of 1983 05 DEC 1983

(Signed) M. Ali bin Salleh Chief Registrar, Supreme Court of Brunei

P.1 Extract of Land Title 17th March 1913 et seq



P.1 Extract of Land Title 17th March 1913 et seq (Contd.)



		E	ETRACT FROM THE REGISTE	0 !	34
SERIAL NO. NUMBER TANAH	SURVEY NO. IF DIFFERENT NUMBER SUKATAN	NO. AND NATURE OF FORMER TITLE NUMBER DAN NAUGAS SURAT KE-BENARAN LAMA	NAME OF OWNER NAMA TUAN-NYA		
218	234 ' sheet No.8	App. 41/11	Pengarah Rahman bin Kahar ½ undivided share Haji Hussin bin Abdullah ½ undivided share		
			(Her slip No 2 attached)		

P.1 Extract of Land Title 17th March 1913 et seq (Contd.)

NUMBER TANAH	NUMBER SUKA DAN	NUMBER DAN BANGSA SURAT KEBEWARAN L	
2/8	234 Sheet No.8		Pengarah Rahman om Kahar 1/2 undivided share, Pengiran Vengah 8/128 undivided share, Kaji Sorahim om Kaji Kusim 14/128 undivided share, Vaji, Hod: Rahman om Kaji Kusim 14/128 undivided share, Sabli om Kaji Kusim 14/128 undivided share, Sayang Tampoi omte Kaji Kusim 7/128 undivided share and Dayang Aji omter Kaji Kusim 1/128 undivided share.

P.1 Extract of Land Title 17th March 1913 et seq (Contd.)



(Alif No. 2)

NAMA TUAN-NYA

Shr No 3

Pengasah Rahman bin Kahar 1/2 u.s 8/128 4.3 Hajjah Tampoi bink Haji Matusin C Hajjah Salnah binte Hj. Melusm As Administrative Hayi Ibrahm bin Hayi Hussin 14/128 43 Haji Abd. Rahman bin Hoji Hussin 14/128 US Sabli bin How Hussin 7/128 U.S Dayong Tompoi binte Hoji Hussin Dayang Aji binte Haji Hussin 7/128 U.S Bryanah Rahman bin Kahar 12 4.3 8/128 U.S Hajjah Tampor binte Haji Matusin a Hajjah Salmah binte Hj. Metusin As Administration Haji Ibrahim bin Haji Husem 14/128 03 Haji Abd Rakmon bin Haji Hussin 14/128 U.S Sabk bin Skyi Hussin 14/128 4.3 Dayang Tampoi binte Haji Hussin 7/128 0.5 Penginan Haji Ismail bin Pg. Petra 7/128 4.3 As Administrates Pengarah Rahman bin Kaliar 1/2 U.S. Hanah Tompoi binle deiji Matusin Q Hayjah Salmah binde by Metusin ors Administratrize 8/128 U.S. daji. Ibrahin bin daji dussin H/ISE U.S. Maji Abel Radinan Sin Siaji diasin 14/128 U.S. dayang Tampor brite Hay Husin Thusus. Pengiran Haji Ismail bin Pg Petra as Administrator 3/128 US.

Hayjah Tampoi binte Haji Mahusin a

Hajjah Salmah ou Administration 14/128 us

P.5 Letter Chief Land Officer to Hj Ibrahim bin Hj Hussain 15th February 1967

"Telegraphic Address:



OTOLE OF STATES

BRUNEL 15WE

Hi- Theahim bin Hj. Husein, Kempong Sungal Kianggeh, Probes.

Tuen,

. Berhuhong dangai ramoher m tuan hendakamenesa kar as-hinger hat anong pang and hegel its defi oleh wanith-nir.

Dahak gere taleb leberage kelit mezangeil pehit and hard merceabetthe sevents di-stee, tetapitate

Donger to seen kerbulikan garan was Tuen holeh-laterengene bolek wang departs sement the De igna int juga tempulang-lab bagada tuen withik medic In solve to heat mengeleasthan perkenn int menunit linding

Bekinn di-meklonkan.

Dengan Ligaret,

P.5A

Translation of letter into English English Chief Chief Land Officer to Hj Ibrahim bin Hj Land Officer Hussain - 15th February 1967 to Hj Ibrahim

P.5A
Translation
of letter into
English Chief
Land Officer
to Hj Ibrahim bin
Hj Hussain 15th February 1967

TRANSLATION

D Office of the Senior Land Officer

Ref:

Brunei: 15th February 1967

Hj. Ibrahim bin Hj. Husain Kamsong Sunsai Kiane eh Brunei

Sir,

With reference to your application for sub-division of land held under EDR 218 lot 234 which has been kept in this office for sometime. I am given to understand that one of the co-owners of the land had passed away. In view of that no steps can be taken for the sub-division until the deceased owner's right and interest in the land has been settled by his beneficiaries.

- 2. I have requested the beneficiaries concerned many times to call at my office in order to advise them the position but without success. Under the circumstances the sub-division cannot proceed until the probate matter is finalised.
- 3. I return herewith the land title EDR 218
 1ot 234. You may ask for the refund of your deposit
 money. I also leave it to you to take further action
 to settle this matter according to law.

Yours faithfully,

(Signed)
Senior Land Officer
Brunei

Translated by:

Illegible

STATE OF BRUNEI

GRANT OF LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION

IN THE COURT OF THE HIGH COURT, BANDAR SERI BEGAWAN

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION

No. 106 of 1978.

BE IT KNOWN that at the date hereunder-written Letters of Administration of all and singular the movable and immovable property of

Dg. Aji bte Hj. Husin - deceased

late of Brunei

Sworn at deceased, who died on the - day of - , 1948

at Kampong Peramu, Brunei

Intestate, locally situate within the jurisdiction of the said Court were granted to Pg.Hj.Ismail bin Pg.Petra - lawful son of deceased

of the said Intestate, he/she having been first sworn well and faithfully to administer the same by paying deceased's just debts and distributing the residue of such estate and effects according to law.

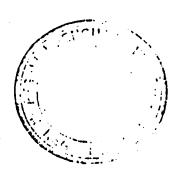
Dated at Brunei

the 26th day of August

, 1978.

Date of issue

1 1



Deputy/Probate Officer, State of Brunei.

SCHEDULE

E.D.R. 218 Lot.No. 234 at Kg.Sg.Kianggeh, Brunei 7/128 u.s...... \$5.00 E.D.R. 2939 Lot.No. 3076 at Kg.Buang Tawar, Brunei 7/64 u.s. \$5.00

\$10.00

GRANT OF LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION

IN THE COURT OF THE HIGH COURT. BANDAR SERI BEGAVAN

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION 7

133 No. of 19 78

BE IT KNOWN that at the date hereunder-written Letters of Administration of all and singular the movable and immovable property of

Pg.Norsalam bte Pg.Tengah - deceased

late of Brunei

Sworn at deceased, who died on the day of , 19 49 Kampong Peramu, Kampong Ayer, Brunei Intestate, locally situate within the jurisdiction of the said Court were granted to HAJJAH TAMPOI @ SALMAH BTE HJ.MATUSSIN

> daughter of deceased of the said Intestate, he/she having been first sworn well and faithfully to administer the same by paying deceased's just debts and distributing

the residue of such estate and effects according to law.

Dated at

Brunei

the 4th day of

November 19 78.

Date of issue



Deputy/Probate Officer. State of Brunei.

SCHEDULE

E.D.R.NO. 2969 LOT.NO. 3076 at Kg.Buang Tawar, Brunei - 8/64 u.s...\$ 5.00 E.D.R.No. 218 LOT.NO. 234 at Kg.Sg.Kianggeh, Brunei - 8/128 u.s....\$ 5.00 \$10.00

P.3 Grant of Letters of Administration 5th January 1982



STATE OF BRUNEI

GRANT OF LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION

PROBATE OFFICER IN THE COURT OF THE THER TOURT, BANDAR SERI BEGAVAN

No. 134 of 19 78

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION) BE IT KNOWN that at the date hereunder-written Letters of Administration of all and singular the movable and immovable property of

SABLI BIN HAJI HUSSIN - deceased

late of Brunei.

, ₁₉ 63 Sworn at deceased, who died on the day of 49, Jalan Chevalier, Brunei. Intestate, locally situate within the jurisdiction of the said Court were granted to Hajjah Tampoi @ Salmah binto Haji Hussin lawful sister of deceased

> of the said Intestate, he/she having been first sworn well and faithfully to administer the same by paying deceased's just debts and distributing the residue of such estate and effects according to law.

Dated at B.S.B., the 5 January,

Date of issue

05 JAN 1982

1. bi-Sallel Beputy/Probate Officer, State of Brunei.

SCHEDULE

OR OR	63 218	LOT	234	at at	Kampon (Batu A	poi, Tem	burong	• • • • • • •	\$ 1,150.00 \$ 2,550.00
idr	214	LOT	88	at	Sg. Ter	isan, Ba	tu Apoi,	Temburong	• • • • • •	100.00
										\$ 150.00
										2,750.00
idr	2965	Lo	307	76	at Buane	Tawar,	B_{runei}	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	<u>\$ 75,00</u>

ON APPEAL

FROM THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF BRUNEI

(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)

BETWEEN:

HAJJAH TAMPOI BTE. HAJI MATUSIN A HAJI HUSSIN (Suing as the Administratrix of the Estate of Pengiran Norsalam Bte Pengiran Tengah and on her own behalf)

First Appellant

HAJI IBRAHIM BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Second Appellant

PENGIRAN HAJI ISMAIL BIN PENGIRAN PETRA (Suing as the Administrator of the Estate of Dayang Aji bte Haji Hussin) Third Appellant

HAJI ABDUL RAHMAN BIN HAJI HUSSIN

Fourth Appellant

v.

HAJI MATUSSIN BIN PENGARAH RAHMAN

Respondent

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

BOSWELL BIGMORE, 25 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3LN

Solicitors for the Appellants