31,1980

No. 24 of 1979

IN THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL

#### O N APPEAL

FROM THE FEDERAL COURT OF MALAYSIA (APPELLATE JURISDICTION)

BETWEEN:

DAIMAN DEVELOPMENT SDN. BHD. Appellants (Defendants)

- and -

10 MATHEW LUI CHIN TECK

> AND BETWEEN:

DAIMAN DEVELOPMENT SDN. BHD.

Appellants Defendants)

LOH SEW WEE

Respondent (Plaintiff)

(Consolidated by Order dated 4 February 1979)

- and -

CASE FOR THE APPELLANTS

This is a consolidated appeal against a judgment on

appeal of the Federal Court of Malaysia (Appellate juris-

ment consolidated, but were subsequently consolidated by order of the Federal Court of Malaysia (Appellate juris-

diction Suffian L.P., Gill C.J. and Ibrahim Manan J.) given on 31 July 1978 in the two actions named in the heading to this appeal. Prior to that judgment the parties had agreed that the result in one appeal should determine the result of

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1.

the other.

Record

pp.53 to 58

p.53; L35

The appeals were not at the date of that judg-

Respondent (Plaintiff)

### Record

	diction) (Raja Azlan Shah, Acting C.J., Wan Suleiman
	J. and Salleh Abas J.), dated 4 February 1979. The
p.60; L20	appeals to the Federal Court of Malaysia (Appellate
	Jurisdiction) were from the orders of the High Court in
	Malaya at Jahore Bahru dated 15 August 1977 in each of
pp.38 to 40	the actions ordering in the case of the action Mathew Lui
	Chin Teck v. Daiman Development Sdn. Bhd. ("the
	Mathew case") specific performance of an agreement
	made on 1 October 1972 in respect of land known as Lot
p.38	949 Taman Sri Tebrau, Johore Bahru, Johore at the price
	of \$26,000 and in the case of the action Loh Sew Wee v.
	Daiman Development Sdn. Bhd. ("the Loh case") specific
p.39	performance of an agreement made on 12 December 1972
	in respect of land known as Lot 1314 Taman Sri Tebrau
	aforesaid at the price of \$26,000. The orders in each
pp.30 to 37	action implemented the judgment of Syed Othman J. given
	on 15 August 1977 in the Mathew case, the parties having
	agreed that the decision in the Mathew case would also
p.22; L26	be binding in the Loh case.
	2. The ignue in the concelled and call in whether the

2. The issue in the consolidated appeal is whether the 'booking proforma' executed by the Respondent (Plaintiff) p. 62, 63 in the Mathew case on 1 October 1972 and in the Loh case p. 79, 80 on 12 December 1972 constituted a binding agreement in each case, or whether in each case that document constituted an agreement to agree not binding on the parties.

3. The Appellants were at all material times property developers and the owners of a building site at Taman Sri Tebrau, Johore Bahru, Johore on which they intended to build 1720 dwellinghouses. The Appellants envisaged that there would be a delay of one to two years before construction began because they required official approval for the sub-division of the land and for the construction before work started. They envisaged that an agreement for sale would be signed when construction work was about to start.

4. On 1 October 1972 the Respondent in the Mathew case and on 12 December 1972 the Respondent in the Loh case executed a 'booking proforma', a standard form of document the terms of which are set out in full at p. 62, 63 (in the Mathew case) and p. 79, 80 (in the Loh case). The 'booking proforma', in the contention of the Appellants, operated as a booking or reservation by an intending purchaser of a particular lot (with the dwellinghouse to be constructed on it) without final agreement on the terms of 10

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	the contra	ct of purchase, rather than as a concluded	Record
10	contract of Appellants the 'bookir Each Resp fee' of \$70 pondent to dwellingho Both the R increase the forma as e case) and endorsed to ancillary to	f purchase settled in its terms; and the respectfully refer the Board at this stage to ag proforma' for a consideration of its full terms. ondent paid at the date of execution a 'booking 00. In 1975 the Appellants wrote to each Res- the effect (inter alia) that the price for each ouse was to be increased from \$26,000 to \$35,100. espondents disputed the right of the Appellants to the price specified in the relevant booking pro- executed and on 16 October 1975 (in the Mathew 29 September 1975 (in the Loh case) specially writs were issued claiming specific performance (with relief) of the agreement alleged to have been to by the 'booking proforma' in each case.	p.64; L10-20 p.81; L10-20 p.65; L31 p.82; L33 p.66; L33-39 p.83; L30-36 p.1; L18 p.12; L7
20	the High C 1976, and delivered judgment i Loh case, case on 15 the agreen	Mathew case was heard by Syed Othman J. in court in Malaya at Johore Bahru on 17 November 7 March 1977. Judgment was reserved and was on 15 August 1977. The parties agreed that in the Mathew case should also be binding in the and orders were consequently made in each 6 August 1977 ordering specific performance of ment in the booking proforma. A notice of s issued in each case on 20 August 1977.	p.22; L15 p.27; L2 p.29; L16 p.30; L2 p.29; L29,30 pp.38,39 pp.40,42
	6. In hi	is judgment Syed Othman J. held :	
30	(1)	that the effect of Rule 10(3) of the Housing Developers (Control and Licensing) Rules 1970 ("the 1970 Rules") was that the booking fee was to be treated as granting to the purchaser an option or right to purchase the property at the price stated in the booking proforma;	p.33; L30-50
	(2)	that paragraph 1 of the booking proforma bound the Appellants to sell the plot for the price specified in the booking proforma (of \$26,000).	p.36; L24-53
	7. The before the The Court	p.50,51	
40	Appellants	p.57; L21-24	
		hether the booking proforma was a mere agree- gree or a firm contract of sale, the Court held	p.57; L25

3.

Record	that the proforma was a firm contract. That, in the Appellants' respectful submission, was the wrong con- clusion. In reaching that conclusion the Court, in the Appellants' respectful submission :		
p.62; L31-35 p.79; L31-35	(1)	wrongly failed to hold that the effect of the words "and sign the Agreement for Sale with the Company which shall be prepared by the Solicitors and subject to the terms and con- ditions therein" in paragraph 1 of the booking proforma made the booking proforma an agree- ment to agree and prevented it from being a binding contract;	10
p.57; L37-39	(2)	wrongly held that by reason of the 1970 Rules "only details may be inserted into the further agreement". The Appellants respectfully contend that the 1970 Rules do not have that effect;	
p.57; L37-39	(3)	wrongly concluded (if it did so conclude) that if the 1970 Rules do have that effect the booking proforma creates a binding agreement. The Appellants respectfully submit that if details of importance are left to be agreed there is no binding contract until these details have been agreed;	20
p.57; L26,27 p.62; L31-35 p.79; L31-35	(4)	wrongly relied on the fact that the booking proforma identified the parties and specified the property to be bought, and its price. The Appellants respectfully agree that those facts were specified in the booking proforma but respectfully submit that so long as other terms and conditions remained to be agreed by the Agreement for Sale there was in law no binding contract;	30
p.57; L32	(5)	wrongly relied on the fact that the Appellants had not shown the Respondent any draft Agree- ment for Sale with the result that the Respondent had had no opportunity to consider the detail which the Court held could alone be inserted into an Agreement for Sale by reason of the 1970 Rules. In the Appellants respectful submission those facts are irrelevant and the reasoning of the Court based upon them fallacious. The	40

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Appellants respectfully submit that there was either ab initio a complete contract or no contract at all and that the existence of a contract does not depend on any subsequent act or omission of the Appellants.	Record
The Court did not adopt the reasoning of Syed Othman J. concerning Rules 10(3) of the 1970 Rules, referred to in paragraph 6(1) above, and in not doing so were in the Appellants' respectful submission correct.	
8. By the Order dated 4 February 1979 referred to in paragraph 1 above the Court granted final leave to appeal to His Majesty the Yang di-Pertuan Agong.	p.60; L10-32
	<ul> <li>was either ab initio a complete contract or no contract at all and that the existence of a contract does not depend on any subsequent act or omission of the Appellants.</li> <li>The Court did not adopt the reasoning of Syed Othman</li> <li>J. concerning Rules 10(3) of the 1970 Rules, referred to in paragraph 6(1) above, and in not doing so were in the Appellants' respectful submission correct.</li> <li>8. By the Order dated 4 February 1979 referred to in paragraph 1 above the Court granted final leave to appeal</li> </ul>

9. The Appellants respectfully submit that the judgment of the Federal Court of Malaysia was wrong and ought to be reversed and this appeal allowed with costs for the following (amongst other) :

## REASONS

THAT the booking proforma (in both the Mathew case and the Loh case) on its true construction did not create a binding contract between the parties.

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## GERALD GODFREY

HYWEL MOSELEY

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## CASE FOR THE APPELLANTS

Coward Chance Royex House Aldermanbury Square London EC2V 7LD

Solicitors for the Appellants