

# Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA) Decision notice

Date: 2 December 2022

Public Authority: British Broadcasting Corporation ("the BBC")

Address: BBC Broadcasting House

**Portland Place** 

London W1A 1AA

## **Decision (including any steps ordered)**

- The complainant requested information from the BBC about its reporting of an allegation of a crime. The BBC responded that the requested information was covered by the derogation and hence excluded from FOIA.
- 2. The Commissioner's decision is that this information was held by the BBC for the purposes of journalism, art or literature and so was not covered by FOIA. He therefore upholds the BBC's position and requires no remedial steps to be taken in this case.

#### **Request and response**

- 3. On 10 January 2022, the complainant wrote to the BBC and requested information in the following terms:
  - "1. Please confirm how many different individuals (where a person or company counts as one individual) have contacted you relating to crime reference number 6029679/21 and the breaches of legal obligations and breaches of duties of care alleged against the MHRA by [redacted names]?
  - 2. Please provide copies of all/any communications between Metropolitan Police Service and the BBC relating to this matter.



- 3. Please provide the number of times the BBC News has had to make corrections in relation to statements it has made in stories related to SARS-CoV-2 and COVID-19. Please specify which relate to televised reports and which relate to website reports.
- 4. Please provide links to (a) the original story, and, (b) the correction, for each of the corrections in point 3 above.
- 5. Please provide the number of complaints that the BBC has received about false reporting/provision of false information relating to SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19 from members of the general public.
- 7. Please provide copies of all communications the BBC has received from Ofcom in relation to false reporting/the provision of false information related to SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19."
- 4. On 2 February 2022 the BBC responded to the request. The BBC explained that it did not believe that the information was caught by FOIA because it was held for the purposes of "art, journalism or literature".
- 5. It therefore would not provide any information in response to the requests.

### Scope of the case

- 6. The complainant contacted the Commissioner on 19 February 2022 to complain about the way their request for information had been handled. In particular, they challenged the operation of the derogation in this case.
- 7. The scope of this case and the following analysis is to determine whether the information requested is excluded from FOIA because it was held for the purposes of "journalism, art or literature".

#### Reasons for decision

- 8. Under section 1(1) of FOIA, anyone who requests information from a public authority is entitled under subsection (a) to be told if the authority holds the information and, under subsection (b) to have the information communicated to him or her if it is held.
- 9. FOIA only applies to the BBC to a limited extent. Schedule One, Part VI of FOIA provides that the BBC is a public authority for the purposes of



FOIA but it only has to deal with requests for information in some circumstances. The entry relating to the BBC states:

"The British Broadcasting Corporation, in respect of information held for purposes other than those of journalism, art or literature."

- 10. This is known as the "derogation". This means that information that the BBC holds for the purposes of journalism, art or literature in broad terms, its output or related to its output is not covered by FOIA. If information falls within the derogation, then that is the end of the matter; there is no public interest test or similar provision to consider the merits of disclosure.
- 11. Certain information that the BBC may hold is derogated because, although it is publicly funded through the licence fee, the BBC commercially competes with other broadcasters who are not subject to FOIA. Releasing information about its output, or related to its output, could therefore commercially disadvantage the BBC.
- 12. Broadly, BBC information that is covered by FOIA includes information about: how the BBC is managed and run, including the TV licence; the BBC's employees and its human resources practices; and the BBC's performance.
- 13. BBC information that is not covered by FOIA includes the following: information about the BBC's on-screen or on-air "talent" including its presenters and journalists; information about BBC programmes including any spend or editorial decisions associated with its programming; materials that support the BBC's output, such as the script of a television programme or a source drawn on for an investigation; and viewer and listener complaints to the BBC about the above.
- 14. The derogation as it applies to the BBC is discussed in more detail in numerous published decisions made by the Commissioner, such that he does not consider it necessary to reproduce that detail again here. However, key to the derogation is the Supreme Court decision in Sugar (Deceased) v British Broadcasting Corporation and another [2012] UKSC 41
- 15. The Supreme Court explained that "journalism" primarily means the BBC's "output on news and current affairs", including sport, and that "journalism, art or literature" covers the whole of the BBC's output to the public (Lord Walker at paragraph 70). Therefore, in order for the information to be derogated and so fall outside FOIA, there should be a sufficiently direct link between the purpose(s) for which the information

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.supremecourt.uk/cases/docs/uksc-2010-0145-judgment.pdf



is held and the production of the BBC's output and/or the BBC's journalistic or creative activities involved in producing such output.

- 16. The Commissioner adopts a similar definition for the other elements of the derogation, in that the information must be used in the production, editorial management and maintenance of standards of those art forms.
- 17. The complainant argued the information requested relates to the "matters of regulation and accountability" of BBC News and the "fulfilment of its mission and one of its key Public Purposes".
- 18. As explained above, information held or not held about reports is derogated information. This type of information is associated with the BBC's output because it is about news and reporting of news if held at all.
- 19. The Commissioner is satisfied, based on the very well established precedent set in the numerous other decisions he has made in cases involving the BBC, that, if held at all, the information requested by the complainant would be held for the purposes of journalism, art or literature.
- 20. The Commissioner finding is, therefore, that the BBC was not obliged to comply with the complainant's information requests.



#### Right of appeal

21. Either party has the right to appeal against this decision notice to the First-tier Tribunal (Information Rights). Information about the appeals process may be obtained from:

First-tier Tribunal (Information Rights) GRC & GRP Tribunals, PO Box 9300, LEICESTER, LE1 8DJ

Tel: 0203 936 8963 Fax: 0870 739 5836

Email: <a href="mailto:grc@justice.gov.uk">grc@justice.gov.uk</a>

Website: www.justice.gov.uk/tribunals/general-regulatory-

chamber

- 22. If you wish to appeal against a decision notice, you can obtain information on how to appeal along with the relevant forms from the Information Tribunal website.
- 23. Any Notice of Appeal should be served on the Tribunal within 28 (calendar) days of the date on which this decision notice is sent.

Sianed	
J.5Ca	

Catherine Fletcher
Team Manager
Information Commissioner's Office
Wycliffe House
Water Lane
Wilmslow
Cheshire
SK9 5AF