

FIRST-TIER TRIBUNAL PROPERTY CHAMBER (RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY)

Case Reference : LON/00BJ/LDC/2019/0047

Property : 44 Longley Road, London SW17 9LL

Applicant : Raleigh Close Limited

Representative : Parkfords Management Ltd

Respondents : The lessees of the nine flats as set

out in the application

Representative :

For the dispensation from the

Type of Application : requirements to consult lessees about major works – S20ZA

Landlord and Tenant Act 1985

Tribunal Members : Patrick M J Casey MRICS

Date and venue of

Hearing

Paper determination on

13 May 2019

10 Alfred Place, London WC1E 7LR

Date of Decision : 21 May 2019

DECISION

Decision of the tribunal

1. The tribunal grants the applicant dispensation from the statutory consultation requirements in respect of works to be carried out to 44 Longley Road, London SW17 9LL ("the building") in respect of repairs to the roof above Flat 8. The costs to be incurred in respect of the works is said to be in the region of £3,647.00 plus VAT.

The background

- 2. On 12 February 2019 the long leaseholder of Flat 8 at the building advised the landlord's managing agents, Parkfords Property Management, of a leak coming from a light fitting in the kitchen presumably from the flat roof immediately above the flat the repair of which was a landlord issue with the cost recoverable through the service charge.
- 3. PML Construction Ltd visited the site on Parkfords' instructions and on 26 February 2019 sent Parkfords estimates of the costs involved in effecting repairs to the flat roof though at that stage lacking scaffold access they could not be entirely sure of the cause. Two options were offered both requiring scaffold access at an estimated cost of £900. Option 1 basically entailed covering the exiting roof components with an additional layer of roofing felt at an additional cost of £882 whilst Option 2 envisaged stripping the existing roof covering and replacing it anew at a an additional cost of £2,747, all figures exclusive of VAT which would be charged.
- 4. On 18 March Parkfords sent all leaseholders of the flats at the building a Notice of Intent under the provisions of \$20 of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1983 ("the Act") stating that the landlord intended to carry out works to the building namely the erection of scaffolding and flat roof replacement and any associated works. The intention was to invite tenders from contractors for the required works on a like for like basis based on a specification to be drawn up following consultation. The notice invited observations and the nomination of any contractor and gave a closing date for any such to be received of 22 April 2019.
- 5. The leaseholder of Flat 8 had, on 27 February 2019 e-mailed Parkfords asking if the process could be completed sooner than a full S20 consultation would allow and on 18 March Parkfords made this application, presumably having agreed that resolving the leak could not wait any longer.
- 6. Directions in respect of this application were made by the tribunal on 25 March 2019. These provided for the applicant to send to each leaseholder a copy of the application, and any accompanying documents, the directions and the tribunal's covering letter and to place a copy of all of them in the hall/notice board of the building. A form was included by which tenants could advise their support of or opposition to the application to the tribunal.

- 7. The directions provided for the application to be determined on the papers directed to be submitted to the tribunal unless any of the parties requested an oral hearing; none did and the tribunal considered the application and the supporting documentation on 13 May 2019.
- 8. Details of the statutory provisions relevant to this application are set out in Appendix 2 to this decision.

The tribunal's decision

- 9. The leading authority in relation to s.2oZA dispensation requests is Daejan Investments Ltd v Benson [2013] 1 WLR 845 ("Benson") in which the Supreme Court set out guidance as to he approach to be taken by a tribunal when considering such applications. This was to focus on the extent, if any, to which the lessees were prejudiced in either paying for inappropriate works or paying more than would be appropriate, because of the failure of the landlord to comply with the consultation requirements. In his judgement, Lord Neuberger said as follows:
 - 44. Given the purpose of the Requirements is to ensure that the tenants are protected from (1) paying for inappropriate works or (ii) paying more than would be appropriate, it seems to me that the issue on which the LVT should focus when entertaining an application by a landlord under section 20ZA(i) must be the extent, if any, to which the tenants were prejudiced in either respect by the failure of the landlord to comply with the Requirements.
 - 44. Thus, in a case where it was common ground that the extent, quality and cost of the works were in no way affected by the landlord's failure to comply with the Requirements, I find it hard to see why the dispensation should not be granted (at least in the absence of some very good reason): in such a case the tenants would be in precisely the position that the legislation intended them to be ie as if the Requirements had been complied with.
- 10. None of the leaseholders is opposed to the application or suggests that the works to be carried out are inappropriate or unnecessary. Nor is there any evidence that the leaseholders will be asked to pay more than is appropriate for the cost of the works. The tenant of Flat 8 clearly supports the application as does a Mr Parker of Flat 3 the only tenant to return the proforma slip.
- 11. The factual burden of identifying some relevant prejudice is on the leaseholders. They need to show that they have been prejudiced by the failure of the landlord to comply with the statutory consultation procedure. If a credible case of prejudice is established, then the burden is on the landlord to rebut that case.

- 12. The tribunal is satisfied that no relevant prejudice has been identified. Whilst compliance with the consultation procedure would have enabled the leaseholders to suggest alternative contractors and make observations on quotes received, there is no evidence to suggest that failure to comply with the consultation requirements will lead to the applicant incurring costs in an unreasonable sum, or lead to works being carried out that fall below a reasonable standard. No alternative quotes have been provided that would support such a contention.
- 13. That these works are urgently required is clearly evidenced from the contents of the emails from the leaseholder of Flat 8 to the managing agents and in the tribunal's experience an actual leak from a flat roof into living accommodation below will usually result in greater damage and more costs unless dealt with expeditiously. There is nothing before the tribunal to suggest dispensation should not be granted and the tribunal is satisfied that it is reasonable to dispense with the non-complied requirements of the Service Charge (Consultation Requirements)(England) Regulations 2003. Nothing in this decision to grant dispensation should be taken as limiting any leaseholder's rights to challenge a subsequent service charge demand on any grounds save as to compliance with the consultation requirements.

Name: P M J Casey Date: 21 May 2019

APPENDIX 1 RIGHTS OF APPEAL

- 1. If a party wishes to appeal this decision to the Upper Tribunal (Lands Chamber) then a written application for permission must be made to the First-tier Tribunal at the Regional office which has been dealing with the case.
- 2. The application for permission to appeal must arrive at the Regional office within 28 days after the Tribunal sends written reasons for the decision to the person making the application.
- 3. If the application is not made within the 28 day time limit, such application must include a request for an extension of time and the reason for not complying with the 28 day time limit; the Tribunal will then look at such reason(s) and decide whether to allow the application for permission to appeal to proceed despite not being within the time limit.
- 4. The application for permission to appeal must identify the decision of the Tribunal to which it relates (i.e. give the date, the property and the case number), state the grounds of appeal, and state the result the party making the application is seeking.

APPENDIX 2 RELEVANT LEGISLATION

Landlord and Tenant Act 1985

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20ZA. Consultation requirements: supplementary

(1) Where an application is made to the appropriate tribunal for a determination to dispense with all or any of the consultation requirements in relation to any qualifying works or qualifying long term agreement, the tribunal may make the determination if satisfied that it is reasonable to dispense with the requirements.

<u>Service Charges (Consultation Requirements) (England)</u> <u>Regulations 2003.</u>

Part 2 - consultation requirements for qualifying works for which public notice is not required

Notice of intention

- 1. (1) The landlord shall give notice in writing of his intention to carry out qualifying works—
 - (a) to each tenant; and
 - (b) where a recognised tenants' association represents some or all of the tenants, to the association.
 - (2) The notice shall—
 - (a) describe, in general terms, the works proposed to be carried out or specify the place and hours at which a description of the proposed works may be inspected;
 - (b) state the landlord's reasons for considering it necessary to carry out the proposed works;
 - (c) invite the making, in writing, of observations in relation to the proposed works; and
 - (d) specify-

- (i) the address to which such observations may be sent;
- (ii) that they must be delivered within the relevant period; and
- (iii) the date on which the relevant period ends.
- (3) The notice shall also invite each tenant and the association (if any) to propose, within the relevant period, the name of a person from whom the landlord should try to obtain an estimate for the carrying out of the proposed works.

Inspection of description of proposed works

- **2.** (1) Where a notice under paragraph 1 specifies a place and hours for inspection—
 - (a) the place and hours so specified must be reasonable; and
 - (b) a description of the proposed works must be available for inspection, free of charge, at that place and during those hours.
 - (2) If facilities to enable copies to be taken are not made available at the times at which the description may be inspected, the landlord shall provide to any tenant, on request and free of charge, a copy of the description.

Duty to have regard to observations in relation to proposed works

3. Where, within the relevant period, observations are made, in relation to the proposed works by any tenant or recognised tenants' association, the landlord shall have regard to those observations.

Estimates and response to observations

- **4.** (1) Where, within the relevant period, a nomination is made by a recognised tenants' association (whether or not a nomination is made by any tenant), the landlord shall try to obtain an estimate from the nominated person.
 - (2) Where, within the relevant period, a nomination is made by only one of the tenants (whether or not a nomination is made by a

- recognised tenants' association), the landlord shall try to obtain an estimate from the nominated person.
- (3) Where, within the relevant period, a single nomination is made by more than one tenant (whether or not a nomination is made by a recognised tenants' association), the landlord shall try to obtain an estimate—
 - (a) from the person who received the most nominations; or
 - (b) if there is no such person, but two (or more) persons received the same number of nominations, being a number in excess of the nominations received by any other person, from one of those two (or more) persons; or
 - (c) in any other case, from any nominated person.
- (4) Where, within the relevant period, more than one nomination is made by any tenant and more than one nomination is made by a recognised tenants' association, the landlord shall try to obtain an estimate—
 - (a) from at least one person nominated by a tenant; and
 - (b) from at least one person nominated by the association, other than a person from whom an estimate is sought as mentioned in paragraph (a).
- (5) The landlord shall, in accordance with this sub-paragraph and sub-paragraphs (6) to (9)—
 - (a) obtain estimates for the carrying out of the proposed works;
 - (b) supply, free of charge, a statement ("the paragraph (b) statement") setting out—
 - as regards at least two of the estimates, the amount specified in the estimate as the estimated cost of the proposed works; and
 - (ii) where the landlord has received observations to which (in accordance with paragraph 3) he is required to have regard, a summary of the observations and his response to them; and

- (c) make all of the estimates available for inspection.
- (6) At least one of the estimates must be that of a person wholly unconnected with the landlord.
- (7) For the purpose of paragraph (6), it shall be assumed that there is a connection between a person and the landlord—
 - (a) where the landlord is a company, if the person is, or is to be, a director or manager of the company or is a close relative of any such director or manager;
 - (b) where the landlord is a company, and the person is a partner in a partnership, if any partner in that partnership is, or is to be, a director or manager of the company or is a close relative of any such director or manager;
 - (c) where both the landlord and the person are companies, if any director or manager of one company is, or is to be, a director or manager of the other company;
 - (d) where the person is a company, if the landlord is a director or manager of the company or is a close relative of any such director or manager; or
 - (e) where the person is a company and the landlord is a partner in a partnership, if any partner in that partnership is a director or manager of the company or is a close relative of any such director or manager.
- (8) Where the landlord has obtained an estimate from a nominated person, that estimate must be one of those to which the paragraph (b) statement relates.
- (9) The paragraph (b) statement shall be supplied to, and the estimates made available for inspection by—
 - (a) each tenant; and
 - (b) the secretary of the recognised tenants' association (if any).
- (10) The landlord shall, by notice in writing to each tenant and the association (if any)—

- (a) specify the place and hours at which the estimates may be inspected;
- (b) invite the making, in writing, of observations in relation to those estimates;
- (c) specify-
 - (i) the address to which such observations may be sent;
 - (ii) that they must be delivered within the relevant period; and
 - (iii) the date on which the relevant period ends.
- (11) Paragraph 2 shall apply to estimates made available for inspection under this paragraph as it applies to a description of proposed works made available for inspection under that paragraph.

Duty to have regard to observations in relation to estimates

5. Where, within the relevant period, observations are made in relation to the estimates by a recognised tenants' association or, as the case may be, any tenant, the landlord shall have regard to those observations.

Duty on entering into contract

- 6. (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), where the landlord enters into a contract for the carrying out of qualifying works, he shall, within 21 days of entering into the contract, by notice in writing to each tenant and the recognised tenants' association (if any)—
 - (a) state his reasons for awarding the contract or specify the place and hours at which a statement of those reasons may be inspected; and
 - (b) there he received observations to which (in accordance with paragraph 5) he was required to have regard, summarise the observations and set out his response to them.

- (2) The requirements of sub-paragraph (1) do not apply where the person with whom the contract is made is a nominated person or submitted the lowest estimate.
- (3) Paragraph 2 shall apply to a statement made available for inspection under this paragraph as it applies to a description of proposed works made available for inspection under that paragraph.