



Treaty Series No. 63 (1959)

SECOND
SUPPLEMENTARY LIST
OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS,
WITHDRAWALS, ETC.,
FOR 1959

[In continuation of "Treaty Series No. 39 (1959)," Cmnd. 727]

*Presented to Parliament by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs
by Command of Her Majesty
August 1959*

LONDON
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
PRICE 1s. 3d. NET

Cmnd. 828

SECOND SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS, WITHDRAWALS, ETC., FOR 1959

[In continuation of "Treaty Series No. 39 (1959)," Cmnd. 727]

(N.B.—Unless otherwise stated, the dates given herein are the dates of deposit of the ratifications, etc., and are not necessarily effective dates, which normally must be determined from the terms of the instruments concerned.)

This publication contains information received up to June 30, 1959.

Part I.—GENERAL TREATIES

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
AERIAL NAVIGATION—		
Convention. International Civil Aviation	Chicago, Dec. 7, 1944	8/1953 Cmd. 8742
Accession— Guinea	Mar. 27, 1959	
Protocol. Amends Articles 48 (a), 49 (e) and 61 of the International Civil Aviation Convention of Decem- ber 7, 1944	Montreal, June 14, 1954	26/1957 Cmdnd. 107
Ratifications— Federal Republic of Germany	April 27, 1959	
Peru	Sept. 25, 1957	
Protocol. Amends Article 45 of the International Civil Aviation Convention of December 7, 1944	Montreal, June 14, 1954	24/1958 Cmdnd. 482
Ratification— Federal Republic of Germany	April 27, 1959	
ANIMAL DISEASES—		
Agreement. International Veterinary Bureau	Paris, Jan. 25, 1924	11/1926 Cmd. 2663
Accession— Iran	Feb. 24, 1959	
Constitution. European Commission for the Control of Foot-and-Mouth Disease... ..	Rome, Dec. 11, 1953	47/1954 Cmd. 9283
Acceptance— Greece	Mar. 23, 1959	
ARBITRATION—		
Protocol. Arbitration Clauses	Geneva, Sept. 24, 1923	4/1925 Cmd. 2312
Signature— Yugoslavia	Mar. 13, 1959	
Ratification— Yugoslavia	Mar. 13, 1959	
Convention. Execution of Foreign Arbitral Awards	Geneva, Sept. 26, 1927	28/1930 Cmd. 3655
Signature— Yugoslavia	Mar. 13, 1959	
Ratification— Yugoslavia	Mar. 13, 1959	
AUSTRIA—		
State Treaty for the re-establishment of an independent and democratic Austria	Vienna, May 15, 1955	58/1957 Cmdnd. 214
Accession— Canada	June 23, 1959	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
BAGHDAD PACT— See DEFENCE		
COPYRIGHT—		
Convention. Protection of Literary and Artistic Works	Rome, June 2, 1928	12/1932 Cmd. 4057
Denunciation—		
Indonesia	Feb. 19, 1959 (effective date)	
Convention. Protection of Literary and Artistic Works	Brussels, June 26, 1948	4/1958 Cmd. 361
Accessions—		
India	Oct. 21, 1948 (effective date)	
Irish Republic	July 5, 1959 (effective date)	
CUSTOMS—		
Convention. Publication of Customs Tariffs	Brussels, July 5, 1890	C. 6430
Accession—		
Federation of Malaya	Jan. 7, 1959	
Protocol. Modification of the 1890 Convention	Brussels, Dec. 16, 1949	59/1950 Cmd. 8050
Accession—		
Federation of Malaya	Jan. 7, 1959	
Agreement. Provisional Application of the Draft International Customs Conventions on Touring, on Commercial Road Vehicles and on the Inter- national Transport of Goods by Road	Geneva, June 16, 1949	104/1951 Cmd. 8431
Denunciation—		
United Kingdom (in respect of the Draft Inter- national Customs Convention on Touring only)	Jan. 1, 1959 (effective date)	
Agreement. Duty-free Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials (with Protocol)	New York, Nov. 22, 1950	42/1954 Cmd. 9185
Signature—		
Honduras	April 13, 1954	
(In "Treaty Series No. 42 (1954)," Cmd. 9185, Honduras is listed as having accepted the Agreement on April 13, 1954. This should have been listed as a signature.)		
Ratification—		
Greece	Dec. 12, 1955	
Acceptance—		
Norway	April 2, 1959	
(The statement which appeared in "Treaty Series No. 78 (1954)," Cmd. 9401, to the effect that Norway had accepted this Agreement on Novem- ber 2, 1954, is incorrect.)		
Convention. Facilitation of the Importation of Commercial Samples and Advertising Material	Geneva, Nov. 7, 1952	81/1955 Cmd. 9644
Accession—		
Irish Republic	April 23, 1959	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
CUSTOMS (continued)—		
Convention. Customs Facilities for Touring	New York, June 4, 1954	70/1957 Cmnd. 308
Ratification—		
France	April 24, 1959	
By a notification received by the United Nations on March 26, 1959, the Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the United Arab Republic declared, on behalf of his Government, that the above Convention shall be applicable to the Syrian Province. He further stated that: "It is also understood that the reservation, previously stated by Egypt at the deposit of its instrument of ratification to the Convention concerning Customs Facilities on the 4th April, 1957, shall be the same for the Syrian Province. This reservation relates to the right of the Government to deny the privileges and facilities provided in the said Convention, to any tourist who takes up any job—paid or unpaid—during his stay in the country."		
Additional Protocol to the above Convention, relating to the Importation of Tourist Documents, and Publicity	New York, June 4, 1954	70/1957 Cmnd. 308
Ratification—		
France	April 24, 1959	
Convention. Temporary Importation of Private Road Vehicles	New York, June 4, 1954	1/1959 Cmnd. 602
Ratification—		
France	April 24, 1959	
By a notification received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on March 26, 1956, the Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the United Arab Republic declared, on behalf of his Government, that the above Convention shall be applicable to the Syrian Province.		
Convention. Temporary Importation for Private Use of Aircraft and Pleasure Boats	Geneva, May 18, 1956	16/1959 Cmnd. 650
Ratification—		
France	May 20, 1959	
Extensions—		
✓ Isle of Man	} Jan. 1, 1959 (effective date)	
✓ Jersey		
✓ Bailiwick of Guernsey		
Convention. Valuation of Goods for Customs Purposes	Brussels, Dec. 15, 1950	49/1954 Cmnd. 9233
Ratification—		
Denmark	Mar. 6, 1959	
DEFENCE—		
Baghdad Pact	Baghdad, Feb. 24, 1955	39/1956 Cmnd. 9859
Withdrawal—		
Iraq	Mar. 24, 1959	
DRUGS—		
Protocol. Control of Drugs outside the scope of the Convention of July 13, 1931, as amended by the Protocol of December 11, 1946	Paris, Nov. 19, 1948	4/1950 Cmnd. 7874
Acceptance—		
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	May 7, 1959	
Protocol. Termination of the Brussels Agreements for the Unification of Pharmacopoeial Formulae for Potent Drugs	Geneva, May 20, 1952	49/1956 Cmnd. 2

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
DRUGS (continued)—		
Extensions—		
Aden		
Basutoland		
Bechuanaland Protectorate		
Bermuda		
British Guiana		
British Honduras		
Brunei		
Cyprus		
Fiji		
Gambia		
Hong Kong		
Kenya		
Malta		
Mauritius		
Federation of Nigeria (Northern, Eastern and Western Regions)		
North Borneo		
Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland		
Swaziland		
St. Helena		
Sarawak		
Seychelles		
Sierra Leone		
Singapore		
Somaliland Protectorate		
Tanganyika (under United Kingdom trusteeship)		
Uganda Protectorate		
The West Indies—		
Bahamas		
Barbados		
Jamaica		
Leeward Islands—		
Antigua, Montserrat, St. Kitts-Nevis, Anguilla		
Trinidad		
Windward Islands—		
Dominica		
Grenada		
St. Lucia		
Western Pacific High Commission Territories—		
Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony		
British Solomon Islands Protectorate		
	Feb. 24, 1959	
FINANCE—		
Agreement. German External Debts	London, Feb. 27, 1953	7/1959 Cmd. 626
Extensions—		
Netherlands New Guinea	June 10, 1959 (effective date)	
Netherlands Antilles	June 24, 1959 (effective date)	
FOOD—		
Constitution of the International Rice Commission	Washington, Nov. 1948	75/1950 Cmd. 8118
Withdrawal—		
China*	July 20, 1951	
<p>* Under the provisions of the Constitution, membership of the International Rice Commission is contingent on membership in the Food and Agricultural Organisation. The Government of China having withdrawn from the Food and Agricultural Organisation (see "Treaty Series No. 105 (1951)," Cmd. 8447) is deemed to have withdrawn also from the International Rice Commission.</p>		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE—		
<i>See</i> ANIMAL DISEASES		
HEALTH—		
Constitution. World Health Organisation	New York, July 22, 1946	43/1948 Cmd. 7458
Acceptances—		
Colombia	May 14, 1959	
Guinea	May 19, 1959	
HUMAN RIGHTS—		
Convention. Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (Council of Europe) ...	Rome, Nov. 4, 1950	71/1953 Cmd. 8969
Denmark—		
By a Declaration dated March 20, 1959, the Danish Government recognised for a further period of three years as from April 7, 1959, the compulsory jurisdiction, <i>ipso facto</i> and without special agreement, of the European Court of Human Rights in all matters concerning the interpretation and application of the said Convention.		
MARITIME CONVENTIONS—		
Convention. Inter-Governmental Maritime Consul- tative Organisation	Geneva, Mar. 6, 1948	54/1958 Cmdnd. 589
Acceptances—		
Denmark (with declaration*)	June 3, 1959	
Finland (with statement†)	April 21, 1959	
Sweden (with declaration‡)	April 27, 1959	
* "The Government of Denmark supports the work programme adopted during the first Assembly of the Organisation in January 1959, and holds the view that it is in the field of technical and nautical matters that the Organisation can make its contribution towards the development of shipping and seaborne trade throughout the world.		
" If the Organisation were to extend its activities to matters of a purely commercial or economic nature, a situation might arise where the Government of Denmark would have to consider resorting to the provisions regarding withdrawal contained in Article 59 of the Convention."		
† "The Government of Finland support the work programme proposed by the Preparatory Committee of the Organisation. The Government of Finland hold the view that it is in the field of technical and nautical matters that the Organisation can make its contribution towards the development of shipping and seaborne trade throughout the world.		
" If the Organisation were to extend its activities to matters of a purely commercial or economic nature, a situation might arise where the Government of Finland would have to consider resorting to the provisions regarding withdrawal contained in Article 59 of the Convention."		
‡ "In accepting the Convention on the Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organisation, the Government of Sweden declares that it supports the work programme of the Organisation, decided upon by the first meeting of the Assembly of the Organisation in January 1959.		

MARITIME CONVENTIONS (*continued*)—

"The Government of Sweden holds the view that it is in the field of technical and nautical matters that the Organisation can make its contribution towards the development of shipping and seaborne trade throughout the world.

"If the Organisation were to extend its activities to matters of a purely commercial or economic nature, a situation might arise in which the Government of Sweden would have to consider resorting to the provisions regarding withdrawal contained in Article 59 of the Convention."

Convention. Load Lines

On January 9, 1958, Her Majesty's Government informed the States parties to the Convention that the following amendment to Annex II of the Convention, proposed by the Australian Government, had been accepted by all Contracting Governments and that Annex II had been amended accordingly:—

"That Annex II to the Convention be amended by omitting from the paragraph describing the northern boundary of the southern 'Winter Seasonal' Zone, the words:—

'to the west coast of Australia at latitude 35° S., thence along the south coast of Australia to Cape Arid'

and inserting in their stead the words:—

'to the point latitude 35° 30' S., longitude 118° E., off the southern coast of Australia.'

French text:—

Que l'annexe II à la Convention Internationale sur les lignes de Charge, 1930, soit corrigée en omettant du paragraphe au sujet de la limite Nord de la "Zone d'hiver périodique" méridionale les mots:—

"jusqu'à la côte Ouest d'Australie au point de latitude 35° Sud le long de la côte Sud d'Australie jusqu'au cap Arid",

et en y substituant le texte suivant:—

"au point de latitude 35° 30' Sud et longitude 118° Est au large de la côte Sud d'Australie".

On January 24, 1958, Her Majesty's Government informed the States parties to the Convention that an amendment to Annex II of the Convention, proposed by the Canadian Government, had been accepted by all Contracting Governments and that the amendment had been incorporated into the first paragraph of Annex II, which now reads as follows:—

"The southern boundary of the northern 'Winter Seasonal' zone is a line drawn from the east coast of North America along the parallel of latitude 36° N. to Tarifa in Spain; from the east coast of Korea along the parallel of latitude 35° N. to the west coast of Honshiu, Japan; from the east coast of Honshiu along the parallel of latitude 35° N. to longitude 150° W. and thence along a rhumb line to the west coast of British Columbia at latitude 55° N., Fusan (Korea) and Yokohama to be considered as being on the boundary line of the northern 'Winter Seasonal' zone and the 'Summer' zone."

Date

Treaty Series
and
Command Nos.London,
July 5, 193035/1932
Cmd. 4199

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
MARITIME CONVENTIONS (continued)—		
<i>French text:—</i>		
<p>La limite Sud de la "zone d'hiver périodique" septentrionale est constituée par une ligne tracée suivant le parallèle de latitude 36° Nord depuis la côte Est de l'Amérique du Nord jusqu'à Tarifa, en Espagne; suivant le parallèle de latitude 35° Nord depuis la côte Est de Corée jusqu'à la côte Ouest de Honshiu, Japon; suivant le parallèle de latitude 35° Nord depuis la côte Est de Honshiu jusqu'au méridien de longitude 150° Ouest; et suivant une ligne droite jusqu'à la côte Ouest de la Colombie-Britannique, au point de latitude 55° Nord. Fusan (Corée) et Yokohama sont considérés comme étant sur la ligne de démarcation de la "zone d'hiver périodique" et de la "zone d'été."</p>		
Convention. Unification of certain Rules of Law relating to Bills of Lading	Brussels, Aug. 25, 1924	17/1931 Cmd. 3806
Ratification—		
Yugoslavia	April 17, 1959	
METEOROLOGY—		
Convention. World Meteorological Organisation ...	Washington, Oct. 11, 1947	36/1950 Cmd. 7989
Accessions—		
Guinea	Mar. 27, 1959	
Nicaragua	Feb. 27, 1959	
Saudi Arabia	Feb. 26, 1959	
<p>On September 24, 1953, the Convention was extended to the "British Caribbean Territories", consisting of Bahamas, Barbados, British Guiana, British Honduras, Jamaica (including Turks and Caicos Islands), Leeward Islands (Antigua, Montserrat, St. Christopher and Nevis, and the Virgin Islands), Trinidad and Tobago, and the Windward Islands (Dominica, Grenada, St. Lucia, and St. Vincent). As a result of the establishment of a Federal Government in the West Indies, the title of the "British Caribbean Meteorological Service" has been changed to "The West Indies Meteorological Service"; and the title of the member of the World Meteorological Organisation formerly known as the "British Caribbean Territories", and referred to above, has been changed to "The West Indies, the Bahamas, British Guiana, British Honduras, and the Virgin Islands". Both changes of title took effect from May 1, 1958.</p> <p>On December 14, 1948, the Convention was extended to the "Malayan Territories", consisting of Singapore, the Federation of Malaya, North Borneo, Sarawak, and Brunei (Protected State). On June 6, 1958, Her Majesty's Government informed the World Meteorological Organisation that, following the withdrawal of Malaya from this group, the heading "Malayan Territories" should be changed to read "Singapore and the British territories in Borneo"; and that the territories listed under that heading now consist of Singapore, North Borneo, Sarawak, and Brunei.</p>		
NATIONALITY—		
Convention. Nationality of Married Women	New York, Feb. 20, 1957	59/1958 Cmd. 601
Ratifications—		
Denmark	June 22, 1959	
Yugoslavia	Mar. 13, 1959	

	Date	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
PLANTS—		
Convention. Establishment of a European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (as amended)	Paris, April 18, 1951	44/1956 Cmd. 9878
Accessions—		
Bulgaria	April 16, 1959	
Roumania	Mar. 6, 1959	
PUBLICATIONS—		
Convention. Suppression of Obscene Publications (as amended by the Protocol of November 12, 1947) ...	Geneva, Sept. 12, 1923	1/1926 Cmd. 2575 2/1952 Cmd. 8438
Accessions—		
Cambodia	Mar. 30, 1959	
Jordan	May 11, 1959	
RED CROSS—		
Convention. Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded and Sick in Armed Forces in the Field	Geneva, Aug. 12, 1949	39/1958 Cmdnd. 550
Ratifications—		
New Zealand	May 2, 1959	
Ceylon	Feb. 28, 1959	
Accession—		
Mongolian People's Republic	Dec. 20, 1958	
Convention. Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at Sea	Geneva, Aug. 12, 1949	39/1958 Cmdnd. 550
Ratifications—		
New Zealand	May 2, 1959	
Ceylon	Feb. 28, 1959	
Accession—		
Mongolian People's Republic	Dec. 20, 1958	
Convention. Treatment of Prisoners of War	Geneva, Aug. 12, 1949	39/1958 Cmdnd. 550
Ratifications—		
New Zealand (with declaration*)	May 2, 1959	
Ceylon	Feb. 28, 1959	
Accession—		
Mongolian People's Republic	Dec. 20, 1958	
<p>* The New Zealand Government declared that they do not regard as valid the reservations to Article 85 of the Convention made by the following States:—</p> <p>The People's Republic of Albania The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic The Bulgarian People's Republic The Czechoslovak Republic The Hungarian People's Republic The Polish Republic The Rounanian People's Republic The Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics</p> <p>or the reservations to Article 12 made by all the above-mentioned States and by the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia.</p> <p>While the New Zealand Government regard the above-mentioned States as parties to the Convention, they will regard any application of such a reservation as constituting a breach of the Convention to which the reservation relates.</p>		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
RED CROSS (continued)—		
Convention. Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War	Geneva, Aug. 12, 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
<i>RATIFICATION</i> Accessions—		
→ New Zealand (with reservation* and declaration)†	May 2, 1959	
→ Ceylon	Feb. 28, 1959	
→ Mongolian People's Republic	Dec. 20, 1958	
* "New Zealand reserves the right to impose the death penalty in accordance with the provisions of Article 68, paragraph 2, without regard to whether the offences referred to therein are punishable by death under the law of the occupied territory at the time the occupation begins."		
† The New Zealand Government declared that they do not wish to maintain their reservation to Article 70, paragraph 1, made at the time of signature of the Convention. They do, however, wish to maintain the reservation in respect of Article 68, paragraph 2, and have included a statement to this effect in the relevant instrument of ratification.		
The New Zealand Government also declared that they do not regard as valid the reservations to Article 45 of the Convention made by the following States:—		
The People's Republic of Albania		
The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic		
The Bulgarian People's Republic		
The Czechoslovak Republic		
The Hungarian People's Republic		
The Polish Republic		
The Roumanian People's Republic		
The Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic		
The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics		
The Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia		
While the New Zealand Government regard the above-mentioned States as parties to the Convention, they will regard any application of such a reservation as constituting a breach of the Convention to which the reservation relates.		
ROAD TRAFFIC—		
Convention	Geneva, Sept. 19, 1949	49/1958 Cmnd. 578
Accession—		
Laos*	Mar. 6, 1959	
* The Government of Laos declared that the distinctive letters—LAO—have been selected for Laos as the distinguishing sign of the place of registration of motor vehicles in international traffic.		
Extensions—		
Gambia	Mar. 25, 1959	
Jamaica*	Mar. 5, 1959	
Mauritius†	May 13, 1959	
St. Lucia‡	Mar. 5, 1959	
Singapore§	May 13, 1959	
Trinidad†	Mar. 5, 1959	
* The Convention was extended to Jamaica subject to the following reservations:—		
In connexion with Article 24 of the said Convention, the Government of Jamaica reserve the right not to permit a person to drive a vehicle, other than one brought into and only temporarily in Jamaica if		
(i) the vehicle is used for the carriage of persons for hire or reward or for the carriage of goods and the driver of such vehicle would, by the domestic legislation of Jamaica, be required to have a special vocational licence.		
(ii)		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p>ROAD TRAFFIC (continued)—</p>		
<p>† The Convention was extended to Mauritius subject to the following declarations and reservations:—</p>		
<p>(a) In accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 2 of the Convention the Government of Mauritius excludes Annex 2 from its application of the Convention;</p>		
<p>(b) In accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of Section IV of Annex 6, the Government of Mauritius will only permit that one trailer be drawn by a vehicle, will not permit an articulated vehicle to draw a trailer or that articulated vehicles shall be used for the transport of passengers for hire or reward.</p>		
<p>(c) The Government of Mauritius reserves the right not to apply the provisions of paragraph 1 of Annex 8 of the said Convention whereby the minimum age for driving a motor vehicle under the conditions set out in Article 24 of the Convention shall be eighteen years.</p>		
<p>‡ The Convention was extended to St. Lucia and Trinidad subject to the following reservations:—</p>		
<p>(a) In connexion with Article 24 of the said Convention, the Governments of St. Lucia and Trinidad reserve the right not to permit a person to drive a vehicle, other than one brought into and only temporarily in St. Lucia and Trinidad, if—</p>		
<p>(i) the vehicle is used for the carriage of persons for hire or reward or for the carriage of goods, and</p>		
<p>(ii) the driver of such vehicle would, by the domestic legislation of St. Lucia and Trinidad, be required to have a special vocational licence.</p>		
<p>(b) In connexion with Article 26 of the said Convention, cycles in international traffic admitted to the territory shall, from nightfall and during the night or whenever atmospheric conditions render it necessary, show only a white light to the front, and show to the rear a red light and a red reflex reflector in accordance with the domestic legislation of St. Lucia and Trinidad.</p>		
<p>Furthermore, the Governments of St. Lucia and Trinidad hereby declare</p>		
<p>(i) That, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 2 of the said Convention, they exclude Annexes 1 and 2 from their application of the Convention.</p>		
<p>(ii) That, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of Section IV of Annex 6 to the said Convention, they will only permit that one trailer be drawn by a vehicle, that they will not permit an articulated vehicle to draw a trailer and that they will not permit articulated vehicles to be used for the transport of passengers for hire or reward.</p>		
<p>§ The Convention was extended to Singapore subject to the following declaration:</p>		
<p>In accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 2 of the Convention, the Government of Singapore excludes Annexes 1 and 2 from its application of the Convention.</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
SLAVERY—		
Convention. (As amended by the Protocol signed at New York on December 7, 1953)	Geneva, Sept. 25, 1926	24/1956 Cmd. 9797
Accessions—		
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	Sept. 13, 1956	
Jordan	May 5, 1959	
Soviet Union*	Aug. 8, 1956	
* This accession was confirmed by a notification received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on March 25, 1959.		
Protocol. Amends 1926 Convention... ..	New York, Dec. 7, 1953	24/1956 Cmd. 9797
Acceptance—		
Morocco	May 11, 1959	
Supplementary Convention. Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices similar to Slavery	Geneva, Sept. 7, 1956	59/1957 Cmd. 257
Ratification—		
China	May 28, 1959	
Accessions—		
Finland	April 1, 1959	
Morocco	May 11, 1959	
SOCIAL SECURITY—		
Convention. Social and Medical Assistance	Paris, Dec. 11, 1953	42/1955 Cmd. 9512
A notification has been received from the Danish Government stating that the section headed "Denmark" in Annex I should be amended as follows:—		
Delete the words:		
" Part II, section 130, paragraph 1, Nos. 1 to 3."		
Interim Agreement. Social Security Schemes relating to Old Age, Invalidity and Survivors (with Protocol and Annexes)	Paris, Dec. 11, 1953	40/1955 Cmd. 9510
Notifications have been received from signatories of the Agreement stating that the Annexes should be altered as follows:—		
Denmark—		
Annex I— <i>add</i>		
"(d) widows' pensions."		
France—		
Annex II— <i>add</i>		
" General Convention between France and the United Kingdom on Social Security signed on 10th July, 1956 "		
This Convention entered into force on 1st May, 1958. By virtue of its Article 48, it replaces the two undermentioned Conventions which should therefore be deleted from the said Section of Annex II to both Agreements:		
delete:		
" General Convention between France and the United Kingdom in respect of Great Britain on Social Security, dated 11th June, 1948.		
" General Convention between France and the United Kingdom, in respect of Northern Ireland on Social Security, dated 28th January, 1950 "		
Interim Agreement. Social Security other than Schemes for Old Age, Invalidity and Survivors (with Protocol)	Paris, Dec. 11, 1953	41/1955 Cmd. 9511

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
SOCIAL SECURITY—(continued)—		
Notifications have been received from signatories of the Agreement stating that the Annexes should be altered as follows:—		
France—		
Annex II— <i>add</i>		
“ General Convention between France and the United Kingdom on Social Security, signed on 10th July, 1956 ”.		
This Convention entered into force on 1st May, 1958.		
By virtue of its Article 48, it replaces the two under-mentioned Conventions which should therefore be deleted from the said section of Annex II to both Agreements:		
<i>delete:</i>		
“ General Convention between France and the United Kingdom, in respect of Great Britain on Social Security, dated 11th June, 1948		
“ General Convention between France and the United Kingdom, in respect of Northern Ireland, on Social Security, dated 28th January, 1950 ”.		
TELECOMMUNICATIONS—		
International Convention	Buenos Aires, Dec. 22, 1952	36/1958 Cmnd. 520
Accession—		
Guinea	Mar. 9, 1959	
By a communication dated March 17, 1959, the Government of Morocco declared:		
“ that the instrument of accession to the International Telecommunication Convention (1952) deposited by the Government of Morocco on 12 November, 1956, should be amended as follows:		
“ By this accession, Morocco as an independent and sovereign State, succeeds to:		
(1) the two former zones of Morocco which acceded to the Union under the denominations of the “ French Protectorate of Morocco ” and the “ Zone of Spanish Protectorate in Morocco ”,		
(2) the former zone of Tangier,		
(3) the zone formerly known as Spanish South Morocco ”.		
The date of associate membership of British East Africa given in “ Treaty Series No. 36 (1958),”		
Cmnd. 520 as December 29, 1953, should be amended to read December 23, 1953.		
WAR—		
Agreement. Exchange of War Cripples between Member Countries of the Council of Europe with a view to Medical Treatment	Paris, Dec. 13, 1955	38/1956 Cmd. 9851
Ratifications—		
Belgium	April 29, 1959	
Greece	June 5, 1959	
WHALING—		
International Convention. Regulation of Whaling ...	Washington, Dec. 2, 1946	63/1952 Cmd. 8706
Withdrawals—		
Netherlands (with effect from)	June 30, 1959	
Norway (with effect from)	June 30, 1959	

Part II.—TREATIES, ETC., WITH THE FOLLOWING STATES

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
DENMARK—		
Exchange of Notes. Reimposition of visa requirement for Danish nationals travelling to Cyprus ... By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Danish Government that Danish nationals may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.	London, Nov. 6, 1956	8/1957 Cmd. 73
GREECE—		
Treaty. Extradition The date for the extension of this Treaty to the Federated Malay States, given in "Treaty Series No. 34 (1923)", Cmd. 2034 as Feb. 3, 1919, should read January 21, 1919.	Athens, Sept. 24, 1910	6/1912 Cd. 6074
ICELAND—		
Exchange of Notes. Abolition of Visas In a Note dated September 3, 1958, the Icelandic Ministry of Foreign Affairs stated that the Icelandic authorities concerned had agreed that British protected persons from any of the following territories might travel to Iceland without the necessity of obtaining a visa:— Aden Bechuanaland British Solomon Islands Brunei Gambia Kenya Nigeria Sierra Leone Somaliland Tonga Uganda Zanzibar Tanganyika Swaziland Northern Rhodesia Nyasaland	London, June 20, 1947	49/1947 Cmd. 7159
Exchange of Notes. Reimposition of visa requirement for Icelandic nationals travelling to Cyprus... .. By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Government of Iceland that Icelandic nationals may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.	London, Nov. 6, 1956	8/1957 Cmd. 73
IRAQ—		
Special Agreement As a consequence of the withdrawal of Iraq from the Baghdad Pact on March 24, 1959, (<i>see Part I</i>), the above Agreement has also lapsed.	Baghdad, April 4, 1955	50/1955 Cmd. 9544
ITALY—		
Exchange of Notes. Reimposition of visa requirement for Italian nationals travelling to Cyprus By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Italian Government that Italian nationals may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.	London, Nov. 6, 1956	8/1957 Cmd. 73

665

	Date	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
LUXEMBOURG—		
Exchange of Notes. Abolition of Visas In an Exchange of Notes of December 3, 1958/ January 13, 1959, the Luxembourg Government agreed that British-protected persons from any of the following territories might travel to Luxembourg with- out the necessity of obtaining a visa:— Aden Bechuanaland British Solomon Islands Brunei Gambia Kenya Sierra Leone Swaziland Tanganika Uganda Zanzibar Northern Rhodesia Nyasaland	London, Feb. 14, 1947	7/1947 Cmd. 7059
Exchange of Notes. Re-imposition of visa requirement for Luxembourg nationals travelling to Cyprus ... By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Government of Luxem- bourg that Luxembourg nationals may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.	London, Nov. 6, 1956	8/1957 Cmd. 73
NETHERLANDS—		
Exchange of Notes. Re-imposition of visa requirement for Netherlands nationals travelling to Cyprus ... By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Netherlands Government that Netherlands nationals may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.	London, Nov. 6, 1956	8/1957 Cmd. 73
NORWAY—		
Exchange of Notes. Extension to certain colonial territories of the Double Taxation Convention of May 2, 1951 In a letter dated May 12, 1959, addressed to the Norwegian Embassy the United Kingdom informed the Norwegian Government that the last of the meas- ures necessary to give the extension the force of law in each of the territories (except the Gold Coast) named in the Annex to the above Exchange of Notes had now been taken. The extension therefore became effective in each of the territories concerned on the dates speci- fied in Column (3) of the Annex.	Oslo, May 18, 1955	78/1955 Cmd. 9624
Exchange of Notes. Re-imposition of visa requirement for Norwegian nationals travelling to Cyprus ... By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Norwegian Government that Norwegian nationals may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.	London, Nov. 6, 1956	8/1957 Cmd. 73
PARAGUAY—		
Agreement. Trade and Payments	Asuncion Nov. 21, 1955	37/1956 Cmd. 9850
Extension of Articles 1, 2, 3 and 4— Antigua	July 16, 1957 (effective date)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p>SWEDEN— Exchange of Notes. Re-imposition of visa requirement for Swedish nationals travelling to Cyprus By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Swedish Government that Swedish nationals may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.</p>	<p>London, Nov. 6, 1956</p>	<p>8/1957 Cmnd. 73</p>
<p>SWITZERLAND— Exchange of Notes. Re-imposition of visa requirement for Swiss nationals and citizens of Liechtenstein travelling to Cyprus By a Note dated May 22, 1959, the United Kingdom Government informed the Swiss Government that Swiss nationals and citizens of Liechtenstein may again travel to Cyprus without the necessity of obtaining a visa in advance.</p>	<p>London, Nov. 6, 1956</p>	<p>8/1957 Cmnd. 73</p>

Printed and published in Great Britain by
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE