

Treaty Series No. 13 (1947)

Exchange of Notes

between His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the Government of Saudi Arabia

prolonging the Treaty of Jedda of 20th May, 1927 as modified by the Exchange of Notes of 3rd October, 1936

Mecca/Jedda, 3rd October, 1943

Presented by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to Parliament by Command of His Majesty

LONDON HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

Exchange of Notes between His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the Government of Saudi Arabia prolonging the Treaty of Jedda of 20th May, 1927,(1) as modified by the Exchange of Notes of 3rd October, 1936.(2)

Mecca/Jedda, 3rd October, 1943

No. 1

Sheikh Yusuf Yasin to Mr. S. R. Jordan .

Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Mecca, 4th Shawwal, 1362 (3rd October, 1943)

(Translation)
Your Excellency,

ARTICLE 8 of the Treaty signed at Jedda on 18th Zul Qa'da, 1345, corresponding with 20th May, 1927, provided that the Treaty should come into force on the day of the exchange of ratifications (which was 17th September, 1927, corresponding with the 11th Rabi ul Awwal, 1346) and be binding during seven years from that date. In case neither of the High Contracting Parties should have given notice to the other six months before the expiration of the said period of seven years of his intention to terminate the Treaty, it was to remain in force until the expiration of six months from the date on which either of the parties should have given notice of termination to the other party. By an exchange of Notes of 3rd October, 1936, corresponding with the 17th Rajab, 1355, it was provided that the two Governments "have reciprocally agreed to abolish for a period of seven solar years from to-day's date their right to give six months' notice of their wish to terminate the said Treaty as provided for in Article 8 thereof." The period of seven years aforesaid terminates on 3rd October, 1943, corresponding with the 4th Shawwal, 1362, but both Governments desire to place their relations on a more stable basis. Consequently the Saudi Arabian Government propose that as from the 4th Shawwal, 1362, corresponding with 3rd October, 1943, the period during which the Treaty of Jedda shall be binding shall be as follows:—

The Treaty of Jedda concluded on 18th Zul Qa'da, 1345, corresponding with 20th May, 1927, between His Majesty the King of Saudi Arabia (the King of the Hejaz, Nejd and Dependencies) and His Majesty The King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, shall as from the 4th Shawwal, 1362, corresponding with 3rd October, 1943, be automatically prolonged for successive periods of seven solar years unless either of the two High Contracting Parties shall have given notice to the other six months before the expiration of any of the said periods of seven solar years of his intention to modify or terminate the Treaty.

This Note, together with your Excellency's reply confirming that the Government of the United Kingdom accept this proposal, shall constitute a mutually binding agreement between our two Governments which shall come into force from to-day's date.

Please accept, &c.

YUSUF YASIN,
Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs.

(1) "Treaty Series No. 25 (1927)." Cmd. 2951. (2) "Treaty Series No. 10 (1937)," Cmd. 5380.

No. 2

Mr. S. R. Jordan to Sheikh Yusuf Yasin

, British Legation,

Your Excellency, Jedda, 31st October, 1943
I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Excellency's Note of the 4th Shawwal, 1362, corresponding with 3rd October, 1943, to the following effect:—

[As in the first two paragraphs of No. 1]

I have the honour to confirm that the Government of the United Kingdom accept this proposal and that this Note, together with your Excellency's Note, constitute a binding agreement between our two Governments which shall come into force from to-day's date.

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I have, &c.

S. R. JORDAN.

باماحب السيعادة

بالنظرلان العادة الثامنة من معاهدة جدة الموقع عليه ابجدة في ١١ دى القعدة سنة ١٦ الموافق ٢٠ مايو ١٩٢٧ تنص على أن يسرى مفعول تلك المعاهدة سبع سنسبوات من يوم تبادل وثائق الابرام (الذي كان في اليوم الحادي عشرمن شهرريبع الاول سنة ١٣٤٦ الموافق ١٧ سبتمبر ١٩٢٧) وأنه أن لم يعلن أحد الفريقين المتعاقدين الفريق الاخرقبيل النجاء السنوات السبع بستة أشهر أنه يريد ابطال المعاهدة تبقى نافذة ولا تعتبرها طلسسة الابعد مضي ستة أشهر من اليوم الذي يعلن فيه أحد الفريقين ابطاله اللغريق الاخر.

وبالنظرلانه جرى تبادل مذكرات بين الفريقين المتعاقدين بتاريخ ١٢ رجب ١٢٥٠ - الموافق ٢ أكتوبر ١٢٦ ألغي فيهاكل فريق حقه لمدة سبع سنوات شمسية في اعضاء انسذار للغريق الاخرامدة ستة أشهر عن رغبته في انهاء المعاهدة المذكورة كنانم على ذلك فيسمى المادة الثامنة منهما و

وبالنظرلرغبة حكومتينائي وضع علاقاتهما على قواعد أشد ثبوتاقان الحكومة العربيـــة السعودية تقترح (أنه من تاريخ ٤ شوال سنة ١٣٦٢ الموافق ٣ أكتوبر ١٩٤٣) اعتبــــارمدة سريان مفعــول معاهدة جـدة كانياتـــي ._

تعتبرمعاهدة جدة المعقودة بين ملك المملكة العربية السعودية (ملك الحجيار ونجد وملحقاتها) وبين ملك بربطانيا العظمى وايرلندا والمعتلكات البربطانية من ورا البحيار وامبراطورالهندبتاريخ ١١٤٠ ذى القعدة سنة ١٤٣٠ الموافق ٢٠ أكتوبر سنة ١٩٤٣ سبع سنوات شميية المعمول من تاريخ ٤ شوال سنة ١٣٦٢ الموافق ٣ أكتوبر سنة ١٩٤٣ سبع سنوات شميية على التوالى وأذالم يعلن أحد الغربقين الساميين المتعاقدين الغربق الاخرقبل انتهيا أي سابع من السنوات الشميية المقبلة بستة أشهر رغبته في تعديلها أوالغائها فانهيا تتجدد بطبيعتها سبع سنوات شميية أخيرى وهكيذا .

وتفضلوا بقبول فائق الاحسترام .

وزيرالخارجية بالنيابة

حضرة صاحب المسعادة المنسدوب فوق العادة

والوزيرا لمغوض لحضرة صاحب الجلالة البريطانية المجسترم

جسدة