17,1982

No. 15 of 1979

IN THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL

ON APPEAL

FROM THE COURT OF APPEAL IN SINGAPORE

BETWEEN:

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. <u>Appellants</u> (Defendants)

- and -

LEE KAY GUAN
 ONG KIM LIONG

8

Respondents (Plaintiffs)

SUPPLEMENTARY RECORD

LE BRASSEUR & BURY, 71 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, WC2A 3JF

Solicitors for the Appellants

THOMAS COOPER & STIBBARD, 27 Leadenhall Street, London, EC3A 1AB

Solicitors for the Respondents

No.15 of 1979

IN THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL

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BETWEEN:

Appellants (Defendants) PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD.

- and -

1. LEE KAY GUAN 2. ONG KIM LIONG

Respondents (Plaintiffs)

SUPPLEMENTARY RECORD

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No. 15 of 1979

IN THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL

ON APPEAL

FROM THE COURT OF APPEAL IN SINGAPORE

BETWEEN:

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. <u>Appellants</u> (Defendants)

– and –

1. LEE KAY GUAN

2. ONG KIM LIONG

Respondents (Plaintiffs)

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SUPPLEMENTARY RECORD

No. 1

LETTER, APPELLANTS

TO RESPONDENTS

No.1

29th

1974

November

Letter, Appellants to Respondents

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. 23 HOLLAND RISE SINGAPORE 10.

Tel. Nos. 660806/662039

Date: 29 NOV 1974

REGISTERED

20 Dear Sir/Madam,

re: Pte. Lot No.74 Phoenix Heights Estate

We have pleasure to inform you that the above house/flat/shop is ready for occupation.

Kindly contact our Mrs. Goh (Tel.660806/ 662039) on receipt of this letter and make arrangement to collect the keys from our Head Office at 23, Holland Rise, Singapore 10.

1.

No. l

Letter, Appellants to Respondents 29th November 1974 (continued) At the same time, please bring along your N.R.I.C. for identification and record purposes.

Yours faithfully,

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD.

Sgd. Illegible

Manager

Mr. Lee Kay Guan & Mdm. Ong Kim Liong, 127, Upper Bukit Timah Rd., 8 m.s., Singapore.

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No.2

Letter, Respondents' Solicitors Yap & Yap to Appellants' Solicitors Guok and Ganesan

11th December 1974 No. 2

LETTER, RESPONDENTS' SOLICITORS YAP & YAP TO APPELLANTS' SOLICITORS GUOCK AND GANESAN

YAP & YAP 34-A PHILLIP STREET SINGAPORE, 1. ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS

YAP BOR CHOON - TEL:77983 YAP BOH LIM - TEL:96235 CHENG TIM PIN - TEL:984460

11th December, 1974

Dear Sirs,

re: Pte Lot 74 Phoenix Heights Estate

We refer you to the above matter.

Our clients have received a letter from your clients that the house on the above property can be handed over to them.

Please let us have your clients' Notice of Completion in accordance with clause 11 of the contract and note that our clients are claiming liquidated damages under the said clause 11.

Yours faithfully, Sgd. Yap & Yap

Messrs. Guok & Ganesan, 11, D'Almeida Street, Singapore. No. 2

Letter, Respondents' Solicitors Yap & Yap to Appellants' Solicitors Guok and Ganesan

llth December 1974 (continued)

No. 3

LETTER, APPELLANTS TO RESPONDENTS Letter, Appellants to Respondents

No.3

26th December 1974

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. 23 HOLLAND RISE SINGAPORE 10.

Tel.Nos. 660806/662039

REGISTERED

Date: 26th December 1974

Mr. Lee Kay Guan & Mdm. Ong Kim Liong, 127, Upper Bukit Timah Rd., 8 m.s., Singapore.

Dear Sir/Madam,

Re: Phoenix Heights Estate Private Lot No.74

Further to our registered letter dated 29th November 1974, we regret to note that you have not made arrangements to collect the keys for your house/shop/flat from our office. Since the licence for temporary occupation was issued on 28th November, 1974 (please see copy attached), you are hereby requested to take possession of the above house/flat/shop forthwith as the delay will not be in your own interest.

As provided under clause 16/18 of the Contract, any defect in the building due to defective workmanship within six (6) months after the issue of the Temporary Occupation

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Licence shall be rectified by us.

Yours faithfully, Appellants to PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. 26th December Sgd. Illegible encl. Manager

(continued)

Respondents

No.3 Letter,

1974

1975

No.4 Letter, Appellants to Respondents

No. 4

LETTER, APPELLANTS TO RESPONDENTS

5th March

5th March, 1975 REGISTERED

Mr. Lee Kay Guan & Mdm. Ong Kim Liong, 127, Upper Bukit Timah Rd., Singapore 21.

Dear Sir/Madam.

re: Phoenix Heights Estate Private Lote No.74

As the above house has been ready for occupation since 28.11.74 and all the improvements as requested by you had been complied 20 with, you still refuse to collect the keys and take possession of the house in spite of a number of reminders (verbally and written) for reasons best known to yourself.

Please take note that in view of your refusal to take over the house we wish to place on record that the question of liquidated damages would not in any event extend beyond the date after the house was ready for occupation i.e. on 28.11.74.

> Yours faithfully, PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. Sgd. Illegible

Manager

c.c. Controller of Housing.

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No.5

LETTER, APPELLANTS TO RESPONDENTS

Letter, Appellants to Respondents

17th April 1975

Messrs. Phoenix Heights Estate (Pte) Ltd., 23, Holland Rise, Singapore 10.

re: Private Lot No.74 Phoenix Heights Estate

This is to confirm that I have taken 10 possession of the above house/flat/shop with its full sets of keys.

Signed:

Name	in full:	LEE KAY GUAN			
I.C.	No. :	0391578F			
Witness:					
Date		17/4/75			

Letter, Guok & Ganesan to Yap & Yap

6th December 1975 LETTER, GUOK & GANESAN TO YAP & YAP

GUOK & GANESAN ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS 11, D'ALMEIDA STREET, SINGAPORE, 1.

Our ref: PG/JT/753/72 Your ref: YBC/cky/1621/72

6th December, 1975

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Dear Sirs,

Re: Private Lot 74 <u>Phoenix Heights</u>

We are pleased to advise you that the above matter is now ready for completion and we enclose herein the following :-

- (a) The Duplicate Certificate of Title in Volume 161 Folio 118 on your usual undertaking
- (b) Copy of Architect's Certificate of Completion
- (c) Our clients' completion account
- (d) A set of Transfer and Restriction forms for your use.

Please make arrangements to complete this matter within 14 days as stipulated in the Agreement for Sale and Purchase.

In returning us your draft Transfer and Restriction for our approval please also let us have \$20/- being the cost of the said forms.

Kindly confirm that you are retaining the 5% retention money pending production of Certificate of Fitness for Occupation.

> Yours faithfully, Sgd. Guok & Ganesan

Messrs. Yap & Yap Singapore.

Enc. cc. Clients

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COMPLETION ACCOUNT FROM GUOK & GANESAN No. 7

Completi**o**n Account from Guok & Ganesan

COMPLETION ACCOUNT

re: Private Lot 74 Phoenix Heights

Sale Price \$180,000.00

<u>Add</u>	Government Resurvey and	
	Plan fees	750.00
	Cost of Duplicate Certificate	
	of Title	20.00
	Interest (if a ny)	

180,770.00

Less

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Progress payments paid to date - \$171,000.00 Liquidated Damages from 1.1.74 to 28.11.74 (327 days) - 14,512.26 5% Retention money pending production of Certificate of Fitness for Occupation - 9,000.00 <u>194,512.26</u> Balance due

to Purchaser \$13,742.26

(E. & O.E.)

Sgd. Guok & Ganesan

7.

Letter, enclosing Certificate of Fitness for Occupation from Appellants Solicitors to Respondents Solicitors

12th February 1976 No. 8

LETTER ENCLOSING CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR OCCUPATION FROM APPELLANTS SOLICITORS TO RESPONDENTS SOLICITORS

GUOK & GANESAN ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS 11, D'ALMEIDA STREET, SINGAPORE, 1

Our ref: PG/JT/753/72 Your ref: YBC/L/1621/72

12th February 1976

Dear Sirs,

re: Private Lot 74 Phoenix Heights

We are instructed to enclose herein the Certificate of Fitness for Occupation of the above property and hereby on behalf of our clients request the payment of the 5% retention money in pursuance to the Agreement for Sale & Purchase.

Yours faithfully,

Messrs. Yap & Yap 34-A Phillip Street, Singapore, 1.

Encl:

c.c. Clients

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No. 9

LETTER, APPELLANTS SOLICITORS TO RESPONDENTS SOLTCTTORS

GUOK & GANESAN ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS 11. D'ALMEIDA STREET, SINGAPORE, 1

Tel: 92372 & 92373

10 PETER S.S. GUOK HARIDAS GANESAN

> Our ref: PG/YL/753/72 Your ref: CTP/1621/72/G 19th February 1976

Dear Sirs,

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re: P/Lot 74, Phoenix Heights

We refer to your letter of 18.2.76 and previous correspondence repeating on the same question of damages which our respective clients cannot agree.

Our clients maintain that the claim is premature in view of the Controller's recent direction and that payment of 9% by way of damages up to the date of completion is in law tantamount to a penalty as it involves payment for failing to make good a title without any fault on the part of our clients when normal measure of damages in such circumstances for delay in completion is nil.

However our clients have always been prepared to compensate your clients on the sale price and to pay 9% on the sale price up to 30 the date when your clients could have taken possession of the premises i.e. when T.O.L. was granted.

> In the circumstances, without prejudice to our clients' legal rights which are fully reserved, they forward herein a cheque for \$4,742.26 being balance as shown in our clients' completion account less the 5% retention money since Certificate of Fitness has been issued.

> > Yours faithfully, Sgd. Guok & Ganesan

Messrs. Yap & Yap, 34-A Phillip Street, Singapore, 1. Enc. c.c. Clients

Letter, Appellants Solicitors to Respondents Solicitors

19thFebruary 1976

No.10 Letter, Respondents Solicitors to Appellants Solicitors

21st February 1976 LETTER, RESPONDENTS SOLICITORS TO APPELLANTS SOLICITORS

YAP & YAP 34-A PHILLIP STREET, SINGAPORE, 1 ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS

YAP BOR CHOON - TEL:77983 YAP BOH LIM - TEL:96235 CHENG TIM PIN - TEL:984460

Your ref: PG/YL/753/72 Our ref: CTP/cky/1621/72 21st February 1976

Messrs. Guok & Ganesan, ll, D'Almeida Street, Singapore.

Dear Sirs,

Re: Pte Lot 74 Phoenix Heights

We thank you for your letter of 19th February, 1976.

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As stated in our letter dated 18th February, 1976 the sum due from your clients to our clients is \$21,633.56.

We return herewith your cheque for \$4,742.26. Your terms of payment or part payment are not acceptable to our clients.

Yours faithfully,

Sgd.

Enc.

No.ll

LETTER, RESPONDENTS SOLICITORS TO APPELLANTS SOLICITORS

PG/JT/753/72 CTP/mc/1621/72

15th September 1976

M/s. Guok & Ganesan, 11 D'Almeida Street, Singapore.

10 Dear Sirs,

Re: Suit No.4663 of 1975 Pte. Lot 74 Phoenix Heights

We enclose herewith the Amended Completion Account dated 15.9.76 in respect of the above.

Kindly let us have your clients' cheque for \$21,653.56.

Kindly confirm the accounts is in order or let us know in what respect it is not in order.

Yours faithfully,

Encl.

Letter, Respondents Solicitors to Appellants Solicitors

15th September 1976

Amended Completion Account from Respondents Solicitors to Appellants Solicitors

15th September 1976

No. 12

AMENDED COMPLETION ACCOUNT FROM RESPONDENTS SOLICITORS TO APPELLANTS SOLICITORS

YAP & YAP ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS NO. 24-A PHILLIP STREET SINGAPORE

Our ref: CTP/mc/1621/72

AMENDED COMPLETION ACCOUNT

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In Re: Pte.Lot 74 Phoenix Heights

Purchase Price	\$180,000.00
ADD	
Government resurvey fee	750.00
Cost of Certificate of Title	20.00
Costs of forms	20.00
	\$180,790.00

LESS

 Payment to Account \$171,000.00
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 Liquidated damages
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 calculated on
 \$180,000/- at 9%

 per annum for 708
 31,423.56

 Costs of forms paid
 20.00

 Amount due to purchaser
 \$21,653.56

(Dollars Twenty-one Thousand Six Hundred Fifty-three and cents Fifty-six only)

Dated this 15th day of September 1976 30

E. & O.E.

ORDER OF COURT

IN THE HIGH COURT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

Suit No. 4663 of 1975

Between

- 1. LEE KAY GUAN
- 2. ONG KIM LIONG (m.w.) Plaintiffs

And

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. Defendants

ORDER OF COURT

BEFORE THE HONOURABLE CHIEF JUSTICE MR. JUSTICE WEE CHENG JIN

IN CHAMBERS

Upon the application of the abovenamed Plaintiffs made by way of Summons-In-Chambers Entered No.4004 of 1976 coming on for hearing on the 28th day of March, 1977 and further hearing this day and Upon reading the affidavit of Lee Kay Guan filed on the 4th day of October, 1976, the affidavit of Peter S.S.Guok filed on the 21st day of October, 1976, the affidavit of Lee Kay Guan filed on the 3rd day of November, 1976, the affidavit of Cheng Tim Pin filed on the 11th day of March, 1977 and the affidavit of Peter S.B.Guok filed on the 25th day of March, 1977 and the exhibits therein and Upon hearing the Solicitors for the Plaintiffs and for the Defendants IT IS ORDERED that the Plaintiffs are hereby at liberty to enter judgment against the Defendants for the sum of \$4,742.26 (being \$13,742.26 less \$9,000.00) AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Plaintiffs do proceed to trial with the balance of the Plaintiffs' claim herein under the Summons-for-Directors and IT IS LASTLY ORDERED that the costs of this application be reserved for trial judge.

Dated the 1st day of April, 1977

Sgd. Loh Wee Ping Asst. Kegistrar In the High Court

No.13 Order of Court 1st April 1977

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In the Court of Appeal

No.14 Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on 19th April 1978 No. 14

BRIEF ARGUMENTS IN WRITING

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

CIVIL APPEAL NO. 57 OF 1977

Between

1. LEE KAY GUAN 2. ONG KIM LIONG (m.w.) <u>Appellants</u>

And

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. 10

IN THE MATTER OF SUIT NO.4663 OF 1975

Between

1.	LEE	KAY	GUAN		
2.	ONG	KIM	LIONG	(m.w.)	<u>Plaintiffs</u>

And

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD.

Defendants

Respondents

BRIEF ARGUMENTS IN WRITING

1. The Respondents submit that the Contract prescribed by the Controller is in effect partly a building contract involving, inter alia, progressive payments and building specifications and partly a sale of land involving transfer of title. The primary purpose is to ensure that developers do not delay over the construction of the house.

2. In a building contract if there is delay in completing the building the normal measure of damages would be the value of the use of the building during the period of delay, the value generally being taken as the rental value.

3. However if there is delay in the conveyance or transfer of the title, due not to any fraud or fault on the part of the Respondents but caused by a third party (Registrar of Titles) at common law no

14.

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damages are payable and if there is failure to complete the transfer only the purchasers' expenses are recoverable.

- 1. The English & Empire Digest (Vol.40) Pages 284, 285 & 287
- 2. Bain v. Fothergill (1874) Law Times (Vol.31) P.387
- 3. Flureau v. Thornhill (1776) 96 E.R.635
- 4. Rowe v. School Board for London (1887) 36 Ch.D.619
- 5. Mcgregor (13th Ed.) Para:661 & 683.

But Clause 11 in allowing the damages at 9% of the purchase price to continue from the date the house was completed and ready for occupation until the title is issued and produced to the purchasers is repugnant to the common law.

4. In the present case the delay in the construction of the house was mainly due to acute shortage of building materials caused by a sudden world recession. The Respondents had to go through great length to get the necessary materials, apart from having to pay exhorbitant prices for them. Despite this adverse situation the Respondents through sheer diligence managed to complete all in all 160 units of houses and flats in the Estate in a space of 3 years. Although Equity would have granted relief to them the Respondents were prepared to and did compensate the Appellants in full for the delay in completing the house. The sum paid was \$14,512.26.

5. But with regard to the titles the Respondents could not get the Certificate of Title (which wereissued in bulks) for the bungalows, semi-detached and terrace houses until late 1975 and in the case of flats not until late March 1976 although steps had been taken with the Commissioner of Lands as early as 1970 and the Registrar of Titles in 1971 to surrender the original common law title. This became necessary after the introduction of the Land Titles Act. Prior to this the Respondents could transfer the title by making it part of the larger title.

6. It is significant to note that had the

In the Court of Appeal No.14 Brief Arguments

Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on 19th April 1978 (continued)

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In the Court of Appeal

Nol4

Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on 19th April 1978

(continued)

Certificate of Title to the property been issued before or by the time the house was completed the Respondents would have been in the position to give the Appellants the "Notice to Complete" and the Appellants' claim could not possibly be extended beyond the time the building was completed.

7. The house was in fact completed some 3 months before the Respondents received the Temporary Occupation Licence (T.O.L.). To get the T.O.L. eight different Government Departments had to be totally satisfied namely (a) Building Control Division -

- on structural joints;
- (b) Electricity Department on electricity supply;
- (c) Sewerage Department on internal water supply and internal fittings and pipings;
- (d) Drainage Department on outlet 20 system;
- (e) Septic Tank Department on flows into septic tank and pump house;
- (f) Roads Department on surfacing of roads;
- (g) Survey Department on boundaries of each plot; and
- (h) Ministry of the Environment on bins and refuse system.

The T.O.L. granted was subject to automatic renewal and until such time when the maintenance period was over a Certificate of Fitness for Occupation would follow.

The irony of the Controller's intention 8. was that the Respondents should not delay the construction of the house yet as it turned out the Appellants refused to take possession when the house was completed simply because the Respondents could not In formulating the conproduce the title. tract the Controller had no power over the issuing of the Certificates of Title nor had he any control when it will be issued. The refusal to take possession in such circumstances therefore necessarily involves a question of public policy and in Mcgregor para.197 it is said "Over and above the contemplation of the parties there is the 50 overall public policy of the law: this will sometimes prevent recovery even for damages

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that could be said to have been in the parties' contemplation." Should the property be laid to waste simply because there was a delay in the issuing of the Certificate of Title and notwithstanding that property tax was now imposed on a occupational level? Even without the Certificate of Title the property could be mortgaged and in fact it was mortgaged by the Appellants to the Chung Khiaw Finance Ltd. It could also be sold by the Assignment of rights, title and interest and as the Caveat had been lodged with the Registrar of Titles long before the title was issued the Appellants' interest was There are in Singapore fully protected. to-day still many housing estates where purchasers had taken possession years ago but are still without a title. The time between completion of the building until the titles are issued can be a difference of many years.

9. The Contract, as formulated by the Controller with provisions for amendments, deletion and alterations to be allowed by him had never been affirmed by Parliament and must therefore subject to judicial control as being unreasonable and repugnant to the common law. In the Court of Appeal No.14 Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on

19th April 1978

(continued)

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Halsbury's (3rd Edition) Vol.36 Paragraph 742 Vol.24 Paragraphs 948, 950 & 952

It is not strictly a Statutory Contract as we have in the case of a Statutory Mortgage:-

Statutes of Singapore Vol.8 - Page 109

It was never scheduled to the Housing Developers (Control & Licensing) Act but a contract made under statutory powers which did not license the Controller to alter the law of damages in any shape or form but to make contracts within the law.

10. The power exercised by the Controller under Section 21(5) of the Housing Developers (Control & Licensing) Act Cap.250 reads as follows "All such rules shall be published in the Gazette and shall be presented to Parliament as soon as may be after publication." Unlike other bye-laws, rules and regulations made under different parent Acts, examples of which are briefly shown as follows :-

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In the Court of Appeal

No.14

Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on 19th April 1978

(continued)

"S.125 <u>Bankruptcy Act</u> (Cap.18) Page 356

.....such rules, on publication in the Gazette shall be judicially noticed and shall have effect as if enacted by this Act."

S.21(2) <u>Bills of Sale Act</u> (Cap.29) Page 529

"Any such rules shall be published in the Gazette, and shall have the same force and effect as if enacted in this Act."

S.23(2) <u>Public Trustee Act</u> (Cap.38) Page 600

"Any rules made.....shall be published in the Gazette and shall be presented to Parliament and shall not come into force until approved by a resolution of Parliament. In approving any rules Parliament may make such alterations therein as it thinks fit."

11. Nothing in the Housing Developers (Control & Licensing) Act provides that the Minister or Controller could alter the common law or any established principles of law in formulating the contract form. If a contrary intention is intended it must be clearly shown.

> Leach v. R (1912) A.C.305, H.L. Halsbury's (3rd Edition) Vol.36 Para.625

12. Halsbury's (3rd Edition) Vol.24 Page 520 provides :-

"Where a bye-law is in part good and in part bad <u>it is severable</u> and may be upheld in part."

The Respondents contend that clause 11 insofar as it provides for damages claimable up to date of notice to complete was invalid as repugnant to the general law. Furthermore clause 10 of the contract contradicts clause 3(h) in that even should the title be not available due to the delay in sub-dividing the land the Respondents are entitled to collect the last progressive payment which amounts to completion so long as the Respondents

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are able to deliver possession to the Appellants.

12. It is significant to note that after T.O.L. irrespective of the question of damages where it is liquidated or otherwise the fact remains that there was no actual damage whatsoever suffered by the Appellants.

13. The Appellants at the previous hearing had submitted the following authorities :-

- a) Diestal v. Stevenson (1906) 2 K.B. 345
- b) Phillips v. Lamdin (1949) 2 K.B.33
- c) Jones v. Gardiner (1901) 1 Ch.D.191
- d) Cellulose Acetate Silk Co.Ltd. v. Widnes Foundary (1925) H.L. (1933) A.C. 20
- e) In re Earl of Wilton's Settled Estate (1907) 1 Ch. D50
- f) In re Ernest Debenham, Bart & W.H. Mercer Contract (1944) 1 A.U. E.R.**3**64
- g) White & Carter (Councils) Ltd. v. Mcgregor (1962) A.C.413
- (a) In Diestal v. Stevenson a contract contained the clause "<u>penalty</u> for nonexecution of this contract by either party 1 shilling per ton on the portion unexecuted." It was held that notwithstanding that the parties had called the 1 shilling per ton a penalty, the 1 shilling per ton was to be treated as liquidated damages. This decision serves to show that the terminology used in the contract, whether "penalty" or "liquidated damages", is not always conclusive.
- (b) In Phillips v. Lamdin, the Defendant contracted with the Plaintiff to complete the sale of a property with vacant possession at certain date but later informed the Plaintiff that he was unable to arrange for possession at the agreed date because of the difficulties which had arisen in respect of another house

In the Court of Appeal

No.14

Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on 19th April 1978

(continued)

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In the Court of Appeal No. 14 Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on 19th April 1978 (continued)

- into which the Defendant proposed to move. It was held that "except where delay was due to a defect in the title or a conveyancing difficulty damages were recoverable for delay in the performance of a contract for the sale of interest in land." This case is distinguishable in that the fulfilment of the contract was within the Defendant's power and did not entirely depend on a third party. The Defendant could have moved into a hotel or any other accommodation as an alternative.
- (c) In Jones v. Gardiner it is also distinguishable in that there was no defect or want of title of the vendor as the title was available at the time the contract was made. The vendor was held liable by reason of his not having used reasonable diligence to perform his contract by discharging a certain equitable charge on the property. Here again the fulfilment of the contract lay solely with the Defendant.
- (d) In Cellulose Acetate Silk Co.Ltd. v. Widnes Foundry the damages was in respect of the delay in construction of a plant. It is distinguishable in that no title was involved at all and was purely a breach of building contract. In all the above cases the parties were able to fulfil the contract themselves and the delay or inability to do so was not due to a third party.
- (e) In Earl of Wilton's Settled Estate the case is even more distinguishable in that the sale agreement was conditional until it was sanctioned by Parliament. A private Act of Parliament was later obtained confirming the terms of the Agreement. It was therefore held that the statutory effect must be given to the terms therein.
- (f) In Ernest Debenham, Bart & W.H. Mercer Contract the vendor contracted to sell to the purchaser who paid a certain deposit with the balance to be paid on completion otherwise 5% interest would be charged subject to the Law Society General Conditions of Sale. It was held that the 5% interest was not inconsistent with the Society's conditions of sale. The case is not quite relevant.

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(g) In White & Carter (Councils) Ltd. v. Mcgregor an advertising company refused to cancel a contract of advertising for a period of 3 years which was entered by a garage owner through his manager and despite subsequent notice of cancellation by the owner proceed to perform the advertisement as though there were no such cancellation. It was held that the advertisement company was entitled to carry out the contract and entitled to the full contract price. This was has no bearing on the present issue.

Sgd. Guok & Co.

No.15

LETTER FROM APPELLANTS SOLICITORS TO THE REGISTRAR OF THE SUPREME COURT

GUOK & CO. Advocate & Solicitors 11 D'Almeida Street, Singapore, 1 TEL: 92372 & 92373

PETER S.S. GUOK

10th November, 1980

Our ref: PG/JT/753/72

Dear Sir,

re: Suit No. 4663 of 1975 and Civil Appeal No.57 of 1977

On 7.9.77 Messrs. Yap & Yap (Solicitors for the Plaintiffs) filed in Suit No.4663 of 1975, inter alia, a Bundle of Documents marked "AB" consisting of the following:-

Item		Nature of Documents	Page
1		Agreement dated 6.1.73 made between Phoenix Heights Estate (Pte) Ltd. and Lee Kay Guan and Ong Kim Liong.	1-17
2		Letter dated 6.12.75 from M/s. Guok & Ganasan to M/s. Yap & Yap.	18
3	j	Completion Account from M/s Guok & Ganasan.	19
4		Letter dated 15.9.76 from M/s. Yap & Yap to M/s. Guok & Ganasan.	20
5		Amended Completion Account dated 15th September, 1976 from M/s. Yap & Yap to M/s. Guok & Ganasan.	21

On 22.9.77 we, Guok & Co. (Solicitors for the Defendants) in the same Suit No.4663 of 1975, inter alia, filed a Bundle of Documents marked "K" consisting of the following:-

In the Court of of Appeal

No.14 Brief Arguments in writing which were submitted by the Appellants Solicitors to the Court of Appeal on 19th April 1978 (continued)

No.15

Letter from Appellants Solicitors to the Registrar Supreme Court

10th November 1980

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No.15	Item	Nature of Documents	Page	
Letter from Appellants Solicitors to the Registrar	1	Xerox copy of Licence for Temporary Occupation No.12530 dated 28.11.74	1	
Supreme Court 10th November 1980	2	Letter dated 29.11.74 from Defendants to Plaintiffs	2	
(continued)	3	Letter dated ll.12.74 from Plaintiffs' Solicitors M/s Yap & Yap to Defendants Solicitors M/s. Guok & Ganesan	3	10
	4	Letter dated 26.12.74 from Defendants to Plaintiffs	4	
	5	Letter dated 5.3.75 from Defendants to Plaintiffs	5	
	6	Letter dated 17.4.75 from Plaintiffs to Defendants	6	
	7	Letter dated 12.2.76 enclos- ing Certificate of Fitness for Occupation from Defendants' Solicitors M/s Guok & Ganesan to Plaintiffs Solicitors M/s. Yap & Yap	7 - 8	20
	8	Letter dated 19.2.76 from Defendants' Solicitors M/s. Guok & Ganesan to Plaintiffs Solicitors M/s. Yap & Yap	1 9	
	9	Letter datd 21.2.76 from Plaintiffs' solicitors M/s. Yap & Yap to Defendants' Solicitors M/s. Guok & Ganesan	10	30
	10	Order of Court dated 1.4.77	11 - 12	
	Respond	On 19.4.78 in Civil Appeal Ne, Guok & Co., (Solicitors for lents) inter alia, filed our " nts in Writing" consisting of	the Brief	
	as stat vou wil	Our search this morning reve ne abovementioned documents we ted. We shall therefore be ob Il kindly give us your confirm ingly so that the Privy Council ormed.	re filed liged if ation	40
		Yours faithfully,		

Yours faithfully, Sgd. Guok & Co.

The Registrar, Supreme Court, Singapore

22.

LETTER FROM THE REGISTRAR SUPREME COURT TO APPELLANTS SOLICITORS No.16

Letter from the Registrar Supreme Court to Appellants Solicitors

llth November

1980

REGISTRY, SUPREME COURT, SINGAPORE 0617 REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

Tel: 3360644

e . . .

11 Nov. 80

10 Messrs. Guok & Co. Advocates & Solicitors Singapore (Ref: PG/JT/753/72)

Dear Sirs,

RE: SUIT 4663/75 CIVIL APPEAL NO. 57/77

With reference to your letter of 10 Nov 80, please be informed that the documents as mentioned are in the Court files.

Yours faithfully,

Sgd.

ASST. REGISTRAR SUPREME COURT, SINGAPORE.

/ap

No. 15 of 1979

IN THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL

ON APPEAL

FROM THE COURT OF APPEAL IN SINGAPORE

BETWEEN:

PHOENIX HEIGHTS ESTATE (PTE) LTD. <u>Appellants</u> (Defendants)

– and –

LEE KAY GUAN
 ONG KIM LIONG

Respondents (Plaintiffs)

SUPPLEMENTARY RECORD

LE BRASSEUR & BURY, 71 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, WC2A 3JF

Solicitors for the Appellants

THOMAS COOPER & STIBBARD, 27 Leadenhall Street, London, EC3A 1AB

Solicitors for the Respondents