PROCURATOR.

1777. March

FERGUSON against GRAHAM.

By the regulations established by the Sheriffs, as to the form of process before their Courts, no procurator has power to make a reference to the oath of party without a special mandate to that purpose: a general mandate is not sufficient. See also Dict., Vol. II. p. 210; Bank., Vol. II. p. . In the case, Ferguson against Grahams, under consideration of the Court, 20th December 1775, the Lords seemed to be of this opinion, although they did not directly find so; and, on advising a reclaiming petition with answers, as the other party alleged there had been a written mandate for a reference to oath, they granted, before answer, diligence for recovering it; and the diligence being reported, and no written mandate produced, the Lords having resumed consideration of the petition and answers, they adhered.

Summer 1769. Anderson and Davidson against Robert Grant, Merchant in Leith.

A PARTY giving authority verbally to his procurator, to make a reference to oath, in a process before the Judge of the Court of Admiralty, and naming a Commissioner for taking the oath; this held to be sufficient without a written mandate, Anderson and Davidson against Robert Grant, merchant in Leith.

PROOF.

HELEN Liddell pursued William Heugh, a tenant, for aliment of a child, of which, she said, he was the father. The Justices of Stirlingshire allowed the woman her oath in supplement; and, in an advocation which was past and discussed before Lord Monboddo, Ordinary, 7th July 1778, the Lord Ordinary remitted the cause simpliciter: and, upon a bill and answers, the Lords adhered, 15th January 1779. The circumstances against the man, were chiefly being twice with her in an out-house, at ten o'clock in the month of May, and