1739. December 11.

MR GEORGE BUCHAN against Sir WILLIAM COCKBURN.

No. 2.

A DISPOSITION a non domino with consent of the verus dominus, that consent imports not barely a non repugnantia, but also a conveyance of the property; whereas such a consent by a creditor though infeft, or even a wadsetter, imports no more than a bare non repugnantia, and not a conveyance of his debts or of his securities for them. Therefore, though the Lords first found that Sir William Cockburn having consented in a disposition by Langton Cockburn of a part of his estate to Mr Buchan, must make over his rights upon the estate so far as necessary for security of Mr Buchan's purchase; yet, upon reviewing the case, they altered the interlocutor, and found that consent imported no more than a non repugnantia. (See Dict. No. 85. p. 6528.)

1744. July 26.

CREDITORS OF EASTERFEARN against REPRESENTATIVES OF ANN M'LEOD.

No. 3.

WE gave the like judgment with the above, (No. 2.) and found that a consent by a liferentrix of annuity imported only a non repugnantia, though it had also the words renounce and overgive.

1748. February 11. EARL of HOME against BOTHWELL,

No. 4.

Consent by a debtor, to an assignation, being in a contract of marriages sometimes interpreted to be only honoris causa, and not sufficient to debar him from objecting to the cedent's right, or from competing with the assignee as having himself a better right.—The particle "or" is sometimes interpreted conjunctive.—Vide inter cosdem, voce Provision to Heirs and Children.

See June 21, 1737, Ogilvie against Ogilvie, voce FACULTY.

See Creditors of Auchinbreck competing, 15th December 1749, voce ROVISION TO HEIRS AND CHILDREN.