was found that this being a disposition inter vivos, the heirship movembles were included. See Appendix.

No 22,

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 133.

** A similar decision was pronounced, 18th November 1737, Boswell against Boswell; see Appendix.

1735. July 3.

Monro against Monro.

No 23.

A CREDITOR in a bond secluding executors, assigned the same to a person, his heirs and assignees, but took a backbond, declaring the assignation to be a trust, in order to do diligence. This was found not to presume any alteration of will, nor to make the bond moveable.—See Appendix. See No 8. p. 11344.

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 134.

1742. July 27. WILLIAM JACK, &c. against John Lauder.

The deceased Hugh Kennedy disponed his heritable and moveable effects to the said John Lauder, and, of the same date with the disposition, he made a codicil, wherein, in case of his death, he desires that Bailie Muirhead's L. 40 bill may be disposed of as follows; viz. to William Jack L. 10 Sterling, and to three other persons named, each L. 10. Some days after the date of the codicil, he received payment of the said L. 40 bill; and before he died, he inclosed the codicil in a piece of paper, and directed it thus: "Hugh Kennedy, his "will and disposition, not to be opened; but, in case of his death, to be opened ed by Major Roberton."—After Hugh Kennedy's death, Margaret Burns, in whose house he staid and died, and who had the keys of his repositories, gave the foresaid packet to Major Roberton, and with it L. 29, to defray the expense of the testator's funerals; which sum, he in the codicil desired might be laid out thereon, and that the Major would take the direction and oversight thereof, and for which L. 29 the Major granted his receipt to Margaret Burns, to account to her and all others concerned.

William Jack, and the three other legatees, brought a process, both against the Major and Margaret Burns; against the first, on his receipt for the L. 29, and against Margaret, not only for that L. 29, but likewise for the remaining L. 11, as being the L. 40 contained in Muirhead's bill, and entrusted to her keeping by Hugh Kennedy; and which, being referred to her oath, she deponed, That she saw Bailie Muirhead's relict pay the L. 40 bill to Mr Kennedy, and that soon thereafter, he took L. 40 out of his trunk, which he told her was the money he had received in payment of the said bill, and which L. 40 he delivered to the deponent with the codicil, ordering her to keep the same

No 24. A testator's receiving payment of a bill, which he had bequeathed to certain persons, found to be a revocation of the legacies.