## ULTIMUS HÆRES.

1626. July 13.

LD. of HALCRO against Somervei.

When the issue of a bastard all fail, the King is ultimus hares to the last of them, for there is no collateral or ascendant succession of the bastard.

Durie.

\*\*\* This case is No. 6. p. 1348. voce Bastard.

1686. January 21. CREDITORS of DUNDEE against EARL LAUDERDALE.

No. 2

No. I.

A donatar of ultimus hæres, though liable to the defunct's debts in valorem of the subject, is not in the case of an executor, who must fairly account for the subjects confirmed, and cannot defend himself upon singular titles; therefore, a donatar of ultimus hæres was allowed to compete with the creditors upon a gift of recognition acquired by him.

Fountainhall.

- \* \* This case is No. 63. p. 6487. voce Implied Discharge.
- \*\* It is mentioned in this case, that, in a case then decided, Galbreath against Deans, the Lords had found that a donatar of ultimus hares and bastardy could not afterwards purchase a gift of escheat to cut off the bastard's creditors.

1686. March. CREDITORS of DUNDRE against LAUDERDALE.

The Lord Lauderdale having first acquired a gift of ultimus hæres, and thereafter a gift of recognition of the lands of Dudope, the creditors craved he might be liable in quantum lucratus by the gift of ultimus hæres, viz. for the rents uplifted by that title before obtaining of the gift of recognition.

No. 3.

## ULTIMUS HÆRES.

16396

No. 3. Answered: The lands being now disponed by——, in his life-time, the ultimus hares was unprofitable, and the rents fell under the recognition.

The Lords repelled the answer.

Harcarse, No. 63. p. 12.

1753. July 31. GOLDIE against TRUSTEES of MURRAY.

No. 4.

A donatar of ultimus hæres in right of the King was found entitled to reduce a gratuitous disposition of land, as made upon death-bed.

Sel. Dec.

\* This case is No. 8. p. 3183. voce Death-Bed.

See APPENDIX.