GIFT OF NON-ENTRY.

tue of his gift, zit nevertheles the last donatour sall be preferrit to him, gif he maid lauchful intimatioun to the tenentis of his gift, befoir the executioun of the summoundis raisit at the instance of the first donatour.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 349. Balfour, (NON-ENTRY.) No 14. p. 260.

1681. June 24.

OSWALD against CATHCART.

JAMES OSWALD, as donatar to the non-entry of some tenements in Prestoun, pursues declarator thereon. It was alleged for Daniel Cathcart, That he had apprised the same tenements, and charged the superior to enter him; so that the superior being in the fault in not obeying the charge, he nor his assignee the donatar could not claim the advantage arising by his fault; likeways a charge is always equiparate to an infeftment. The pursuer answered, That though a charge be sufficient to prevent posterior rights, yet it can never prejudge the superior of his casualities by his former vassal, who remains undenuded, seeing the charge would not make the appriser liable to these casualities; neither was the superior in the fault, unless the appriser had presented him a charter; and paid the bygone non-entry, and offered him a year's rent, either of the land, or the money in the apprising, as the Lords have off-times sustained, both in the case of ward and non-entry.

THE LORDS found the charge did not exclude the superior, unless a charter and a year's rent had been offered, but found no necessity to offer the bygone Bon-entries.

Stair, v. 2. p. 884.

See NON-ENTRY.

See APPENDIX.

No 8: A donatar pursuing for non-entries, a charge upon an apprising without the offer of a charter and an year's rent, was not sustained to exclude the non-entry duties. 5116