(Ex debito naturali.)

alleged, The libel is noway relevant for aliment, he not being obliged by the contract for any aliment, but only for the fum, at such a time; neither is there any annualrent due for the provision till the term of payment.

Yet the Lords found, That albeit that was no annualrent, nor provision for aliment, and that de jure annualrent is but due ex patto, they would in this case allow an aliment far within the annualrent; because it was all that the daughters got for a very considerable estate, which was but a very small provision.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 33. Stair, v. 1. p. 152.

No 49. future time, the heir must aliment her in the interim.

No 50.

youngerchildren, accord-

The brother bound to ali-

ment the

ing to the

estate.

value of the

1663. January 24. CHILDREN of Netherlie against the Heir.

THE children of umquhile Edgar of Netherlie, alleging that their father left to his heir a competent estate, and that he died before any provision or aliment appointed to them, and that the heir's tutor refused to aliment them, their mother being also dead; therefore craved an aliment to be modified, there being no compearance in the contrary.

THE LORDS found the brother, as being heir to the father, of a competent effate, liable to aliment the children, being wholly unprovided; but determined neither the time, nor the quantity, till the condition of the estate were instructed.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 32. Stair, v. 1. p. 161.

1663. February 11. CATHARINE FRAZER against Hugh Frazer.

The faid Catharine, only child of a fecond marriage, being provided to eight thousand merks of portion, at her age of 14 years, but no obligement of aliment or annualrent till then, pursues her brother, as heir to her father's estate, being of a good condition, for aliment.—He alleges he was obliged for none, not being parent, nor his father obliged by contract or bond for it.

THE LORDS found an aliment due, for the pursuer's mother was not alive, and able to aliment her.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 33. Stair, v. 1. p. 176.

No 51. The brother bound to aliment the child of his father's fecond marriage.

1668. Fanuary 21.

GRISSEL STUART and the LAIRD of Innes, her Husband, against the LAIRD of Rosyth, her Brother.

UMOUHILE Rosyth gave a bond of provision to his daughter Griffel Stuart, of 10,000 pounds, payable at her age of 17 years, with an obligement to entertain

No 52. A brother found liable

ALIMENT.

(Ex debito naturali.)

No 52. in aliment to a fifter, to whom his father had granted a bond of provision.

her in the mean time, but no obligement of annualrent; she pursues her brother (as representing her father) for implement; and having lived with her uncle a part of her father's time, and alleging that she was hardly used by her stepmother, she craves aliment for that time of her father's lifetime, and for fix or seven years since his death, or craved annualrent for her sum.—The defender alleged absolutior, as to the annualrents before her father's death, because she ought to have continued in her father's family; and there neither is, nor can be alleged any just cause wherefore she should have deserted the same. 2do, Absolutor from annualrent, or entertainment since her age of 17 years; because the bond bears entertainment till that age, and no entertainment or annualrent thereafter. 3tio, She does not, and cannot allege, that she paid out any thing for entertainment, but was entertained gratis by her uncle.

THE LORDS found this no ground to exclude her from aliment; and found aliment due after the term of her bond, as well as before, but not annualrent; and modified fix hundred merks per annum, without allowing any thing for the year her father lived; but modified the more largely, it being unfit to dispute the necessities of her removal.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 33. Stair, v. 1. p. 510.

** Dirleton reports the same case thus:

THE Laird of Rosyth having provided his daughter of the first marriage with the Laird of Innes, to 10,000 pounds, at her age of twenty years; and there being no obligement for annualrent:

THE LORDS, in a process at her instance for her aliment, modified 600 merks yearly. Some were of opinion that the said sum being payable at the foresaid term, the annualrent of the same should not have been modified for the time thereafter, and that she should be in no worse case than if it had been paid.

Dirleton, No 140. p. 57.

1671. November 10. HASTIE and KER his Mother, against HASTIE.

No 53. Aliment to a posthumous child, unprovided for, is found due by his brother, as representing his father; but only till he has learnt a trade; and on no account aftermajority.

The deceased A. Hastie, stabler in Edinburgh, having a son and a daughter when he died, disponed to them his whole means, whereof the daughter's part was but an ordinary portion, but the son's part was very considerable. After his death, his wife brought him forth a posthume son, who was destitute of all provision or aliment; whereupon his wife and that posthume pursued his son, craving that a modification might be granted for the wise's expences in child-birth, and for aliment of the posthume son since his birth, and in time coming.—The desender alleged absolvitor from any modification for the wise's expences, because there was no ground for it in law; or for any further than her aliment