less the pursuers had replied, that the heritors got rent that year, and had been burdened with the probation thereof. 2dly, The order of Sir John Smith's general commissary, and also of the provisors of the army, bearing the provisors to have furnished such provisions want witnesses, and might have been made up since they were out of their offices.

The Lords adhered to the act, and found the defence of total devastation yet relevant in this manner, that the heritors got no rent; and granted commission to receive witnesses, at the head burghs of the shires, for each particular heritor, to prove their particular devastations; and sustained the order of the general commissary, he making faith that he subscribed an order of the same tenor while he was in office.

Stair, v. 1. p. 184.

1667. January 2.

Francis Hamilton against ——.

Francis Hamilton having suspended a decreet, obtained against him for house-mails, on this reason, that his wife only took the tack, which could not oblige him; it was answered, that his wife keeping a public tavern, was evidently praposita buic negotio;

Which the Lords sustained.

Another reason was, that the house became insufficient in the roof, and the defender, before the term, required the pursuer to repair the same, which he did not; and the neighbouring house, called, The Tower of Babel, falling upon the roof, made it ruinous. It was answered, That was an accident without the pursuer's fault, and the tenant ought to pursue those whose tenement it was that fell.

THE LORDS found the reason was not relevant to liberate from the mail, unless the suspender had abstained to possess; but found it relevant to abate the duties in so far as he was damnified.

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 60. Stair, v. 1. p. 422.

1667. November 20. TACKSMEN of the Customs against GREENHEAD.

The customs of the Borders being set in sub-tack to Greenhead and others, by the Tacksmen of the hail customs of the kingdom; Greenhead is pursued as representing his father, one of the sub-tacksmen, for the duty the year 1650. It was alleged, That the sub-tack was altogether unprofitable, upon the occasion of the English invasion; so that beasts and other goods were not im-

No 56.
The damage sustained by the tenant of a house, in consequence of the fall of a neighbouring house allowed out of his

No 55.

No 57.
Abatement was allowed to the tacksmen of the customs, in consequence of the invasion of an enemy.