No 102. In a removing there was found no pro-

cess, all par-

ties having

interest not being called,

viz. the defender's wife,

in respect he

possessed but by his jus mariti in her 1665. July 15. JOHNSTON of Scheens against ALEXANDER BROWN.

JOHNSTON being pursued to remove from certain lands, it was *alleged*, no process; because all parties having interest were not called, viz. the defender's wife, in respect he possest, but by her right *jure mariti*, and she was not warned.

Which the Lorps found relevant.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 140. Stair, v. 1. p. 299.

1669. June 30. AGNEW against TENANTS of DRONLAW.

AGNEW having apprised the lands of Dronlaw from Mr Robert Hay, advocate, as cautioner for the Earl of Buchan, to the beheof of the Earl of Kinghorn, pursues the tenants for removing, who alleged absolvitor, because the tenants were tenants by payment of mail and duty to the liferenter, Mr Robert Hay's mother, and she is not warned nor called. The pursuer *answered*, That the liferenter died before the term, and that he was content that the tenants should be decerned to remove but at the next term of Whitsunday.

Yet the LORDS sustained the defence, seeing the liferenter was living the time of the warning.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 140. Stair, v. 1. p. 628.

1702. January 28. HALIBURTON against TENANTS of CARSE.

JEAN HALIBURTON, relict of Thomas Menzies of Carse, being infeft in a liferent out of these lands, upon her contract of marriage, pursues the tenants for mails and duties. Compearance is made for the tenants, who alleged. That they had been in use of payment of their rents to Menzies of Weem, their master, for more than seven years bygone, and so he had the right of a possessory judgment, and ought to be called to this process, and they were not obliged to answer till he were cited. Replied, That she is insisting against the tenants of her own lands, and was obliged to notice none but the natural possessors; and it was jus tertii in the tenants to found on another's right; but that party, if he pleased, might compear, and producing his interest, would be admitted to compete. Answered, If her husband had died in possession of the lands, she might have just cause to plead the continuance of the same; but they offered to prove, that seven years before her husband's decease, Weem was in possession, and so must necessarily be called, else heritors rights might be inverted by their tenants colluding with a third party; and in poindings of the ground, not only the possessor, but the master, debtor in the annualrent, must be cited. The Lords considered, that in petitory actions, as removings, it is a

\_right. No 103. In a process of removing, it was sustained as absolvitor to the tenants, that the liferenter, whose tenants they were, had not been warned or called, she being alive at the time of the warning, though dying before the term.

No IOL

Found in

conformity with No 98.

and No 101.

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