1665. February 7.

GRAHAM against BRUCE.

No 129. Found, that loofing arreft-ment did not liberate the debtor, in whose hands the sum was arrested, while it remained unuplifted by the loofer.

In an action pursued at the instance of David Graham taylor, against George Bruce and Doctor Martine, to make arrested money furthcoming; it was found, That the loosing of the arrestment did not liberate the debtor in whose hands the samen is arrested, in regard it was still resting by him, un-uplifted by the looser.

Fol. Dic. v. 1. p. 59. Gilmour, No 125. p. 01.

Stair reports the case thus.

David Graham, upon the fight of a bond unregistrate, of George Bruce's, obtained arrestment; and therewith arrested a sum in Doctor Martine's hand, which was loosed, and after the loosing, assignation was made by George Bruce to his sister.

In which case, the Lords found, That the arrestment being upon the bond, before registration, might be loosed; and, notwithstanding of the loosing, seeing it was not now paid by the debtor, they ordained it to be made furthcoming to the arrester, and preferred him to the assignee; albeit, it was alleged, That the tenor of the arrestment was but till caution was found; which being found, albeit the debtor could not oppose to make it furthcoming, yet an assignee, after loosing the arrestment, may let.

THE LORDS confidered, that the caution found, in loofing arrestments, is overlie and insufficient; and so would not insecure creditors, doing diligence by arrestment. (See Legal Diligence.)

Stair, v. 1. p. 2651

1673. December 19.

Mr Patrick Holme, Advocate, against George Holme.

No 130. Arrestment upon a dependence may be loofed upon caution.

The Laird of Aytoun being debtor to the late Justice-Clerk, and being charged to make payment, did suspend upon confignation; after which Mr Patrick getting an assignation from his father, and obtaining a consent from Aytoun, did crave, by a bill, that the clerks might be ordained to give him up the configned money. Against which George Holme having compeared, did allege, That he, being creditor to the Justice-Clerk, did arrest the said sum in the Laird of Aytoun's hand before the confignation: Which arrestment, being a real diligence, did so affect the money, that Aytoun's consent was not sufficient to take away the benefit of of the arrestment. It was answered for Mr Patrick, That the Laird of Aytoun who did consign the money, as he might have paid the same, notwithstanding of the arrestment, and taken his hazard to have been made liable to the arrester in the action to make surthcoming, so it was in his power to pass from the consignation.