1627. December 5.

ROLLOCK against Corsbies.

No 5.

A CAUTIONER for a curator was not allowed to plead, That the curator had no right, by reason of a prior act of curatory standing unreduced; in respect neither the curator nor his cautioner could impugn their own deed, and the pursuit was for a sum intromitted with by the curator upon that title.

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 81. Durie.

** This case is No 6. p. 2074. voce Cautioner.

1629. July 24. LADY CATHCART against TENANTS and VASSALS.

No 6.

The Lady being donatrix to the ward, as is mentioned 7th July 1629, No 6. p. 4176. voce Feu; and the vassals to her husband alleging, That she was infeft in fen in some lands held of the King, which staid all ward; and she replying, That that infeftment was granted without her knowledge, and that her sasine thereon was not registrate, conform to the act of reliament; the Lords found, That that infeftment was not sufficient to exclusive the ward, the sasine not being registrate as said is; and which nullity she might oppone against that right made to berself; seeing she clad not herself with that right, but with the right of ward, and which she might as validly take as any other; for if a third person had obtained the ward, that sasine not registrate would not have stopped the same; no more could it be obtruded against her, but she might likewise propone the said nullity.

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 81. Duric, p. 467.

1631. February 18.

LORD CRANSTON ugainst Scot.

In a déclarator of liferent-escheat at the superior's instance against his vassal, a compriser from the vassal appeared for his interest, and pleaded, That there could be no liferent-escheat, in respect that the vassal's sasine was not registered; and, consequently, was null by act of Parliament. The Lords repelled the defence, seeing the defenders-could not object the nullity of their own right.

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 81. Durie.

** This case is No 30. p. 7801. voce Jus Tertu.

No 7.