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because the same is his own by nature of the contract of steelbow, and was in his possession, and not in his master's.

Fol. Dic. v. 2. p. 389. Balfour, p. 468.

## \* \* \* Sinclair reports this case:

In a cause of spuilzie intented by the Laird of Durie against Stephen Dudding. ston, the Lords decreeted Stephen to have spuilzied him of his possession of the , because Stephen violently put A. who was tacksman and tenant to the said Laird, off the said lands; and that the Laird was in possession thereof by his said tenant, and spuilzied of his possession; because his tenant, who bruik. ed the lands in the Laird's name, was violently put from the lands, he ought to be restored to the said possession in the person of his tenant; but quia the goods and gear that were upon the ground foresaid, and spuilzied thereoff by the said Stephen were delivered by the said Laird of Dury to his said tenant and steelbow, and so were the tenant's own by nature of the contract of steelbow. The Lords decerned Stephen quit, because these goods pertained to the tenant, and were his own and in his possession, and not in his master's, and so actio spolii bonorum pertinet tenenti et non domino.

Sinclair MS. p. 87.

June 17. 1613.

Douglas against Young.

No. 23.

In an action of reduction of a decreet of ejection and spuilzie pursued by Mr. John Douglas against Adam Young, the Lords found that a discharge granted to one Adam Lundie of the actions of ejection and spuilzie, without any mention of sums of money paid therefore, was not relevant to infer liberation aliis debendi. Thereafter it was replied in fortification of the reason founded upon the discharge of the sum, &c. which reply the Lords found relevant, notwithstanding that the discharge was made with this express reservation, viz. without prejudice of his action against the rest of the persons convened, and also notwithstanding of the tenor of the discharge, which bears the one express clause, and makes no mention of sums paid; and likewise the Lords found this reply probable by witnesses, notwithstanding the same was direct contrary to the writ, but they declare the witnesses shall be examined in their own presence.

Kerse MS. Fol. 197.